

Top physics a LHC

Vittorio Del Duca
INFN LNF

CSNI

Roma 2 Aprile 2007

Top ID card

● $\left(\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{t}_{2/3} \\ \mathbf{b}_{-1/3} \end{array} \right)_L^{i=1,2,3} \quad \mathbf{t}_R^i$

● mass set by the EWWSB: $m_t = y_t v / \sqrt{2}$

$m_t \sim 170 \text{ GeV} \quad \longrightarrow \quad y_t \sim 1$

strong interaction with the Higgs

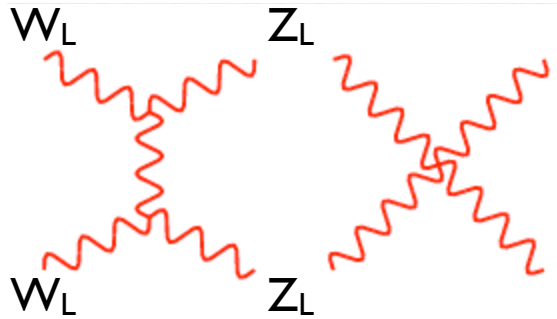
● very short lifetime: it decays before hadronising

$\tau_t \sim 10^{-24} \text{ s}, \quad \Gamma^{-1} \sim (1.5 \text{ GeV})^{-1} \ll \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}^{-1} \sim (200 \text{ MeV})^{-1}$

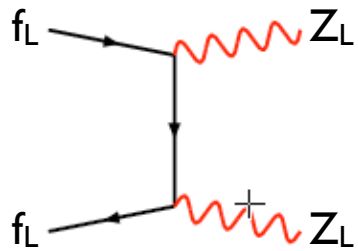
● no spectroscopy

● spin transferred to decay products: Wb

Top & unitarity



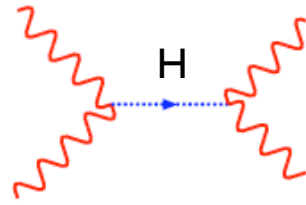
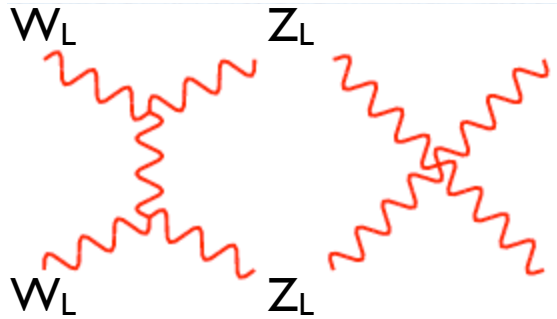
$$a_0 \sim \frac{s}{v^2}$$



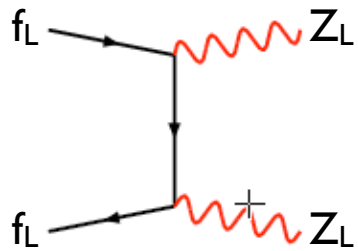
$$a_0 \sim \frac{\sqrt{sm_f}}{v^2}$$

top, Higgs and EWSB are intertwined

Top & unitarity



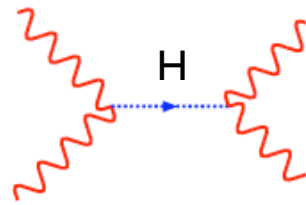
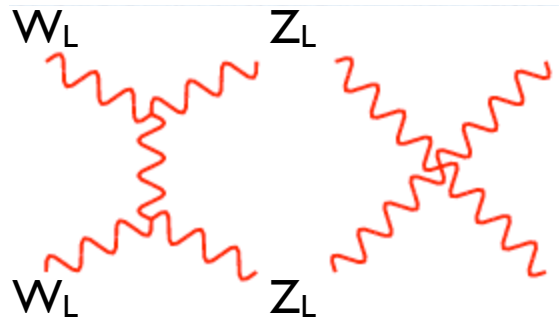
$$a_0 \sim \frac{s}{v^2} - \frac{s}{v^2} \sim \frac{m_H^2}{v^2}$$



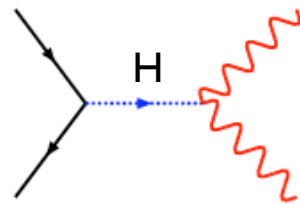
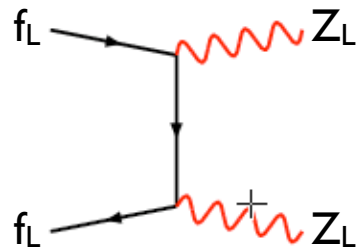
$$a_0 \sim \frac{\sqrt{sm_f}}{v^2}$$

top, Higgs and EWSB are intertwined

Top & unitarity



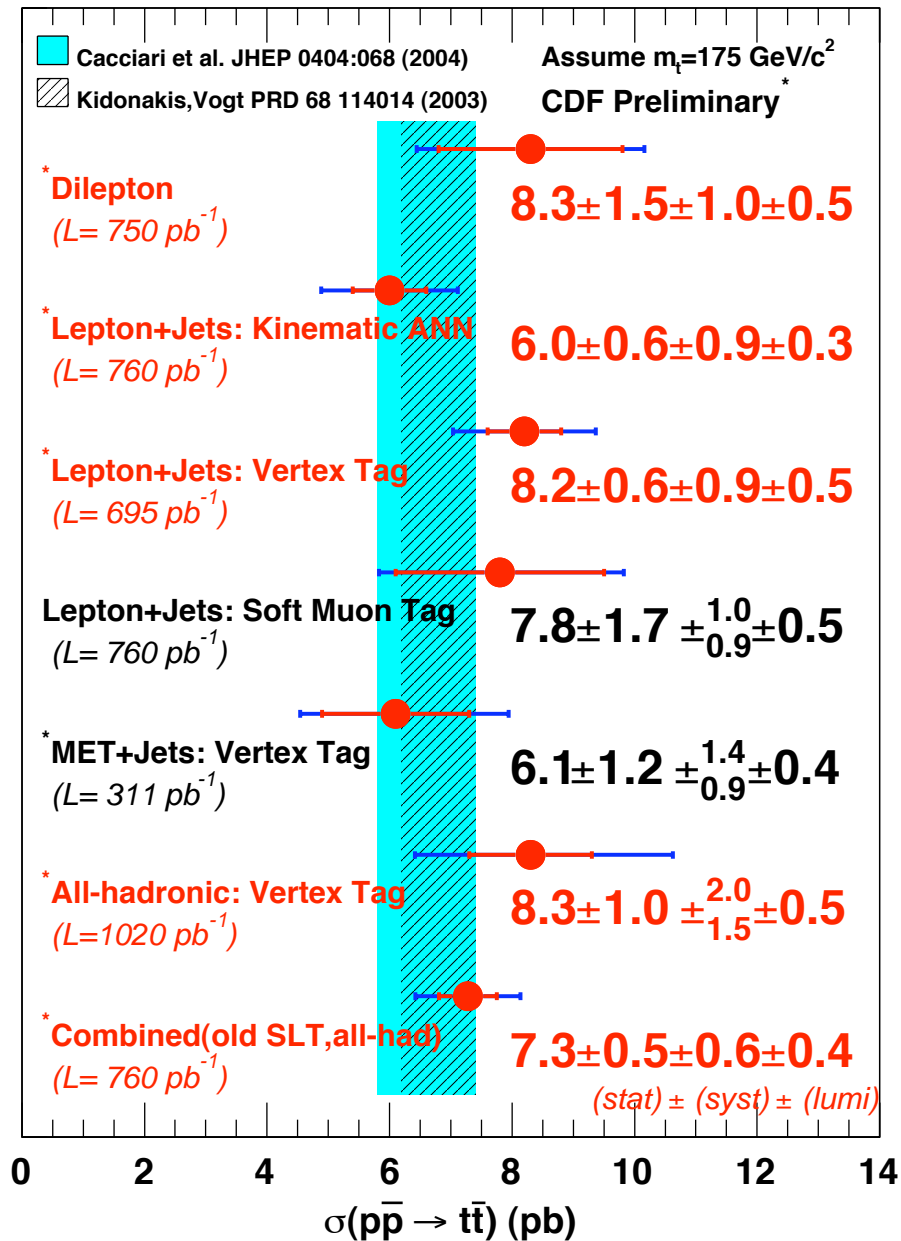
$$a_0 \sim \frac{s}{v^2} - \frac{s}{v^2} \sim \frac{m_H^2}{v^2}$$



$$a_0 \sim \frac{\sqrt{sm_f}}{v^2} - \frac{\sqrt{sm_f}}{v^2} \sim \frac{m_f^2}{v^2}$$

top, Higgs and EWSB are intertwined

$t\bar{t}$ x-section at Tevatron



assume $m_t = 175 \text{ GeV}$

updated on 23/03/06

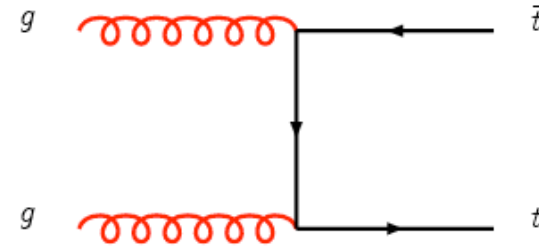
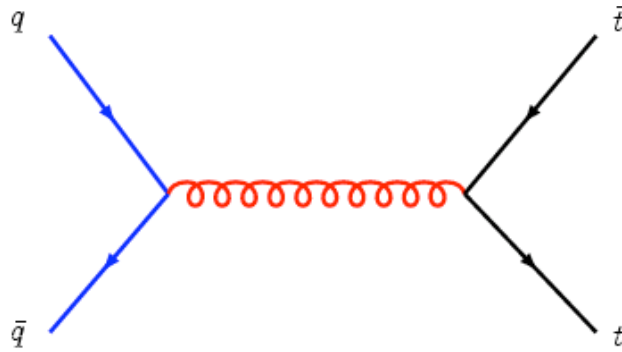
compare with theory (NLO + NLL)

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 6.5 \text{ pb} (1 \pm 5\%_{\text{scale}} \pm 7\%_{\text{PDF}})$$

Cacciari, Frixione, Mangano,
Nason, Ridolfi 2003

TH & EXP have comparable errors

t tbar production



Tevatron

85 %

15 %

LHC

~ 10 %

~ 90 %

Tevatron

10 *tt* pairs/day



7000 *tt* produced
600 *tt* on tape

60 % with $p_t(tt) > 15$ GeV

LHC

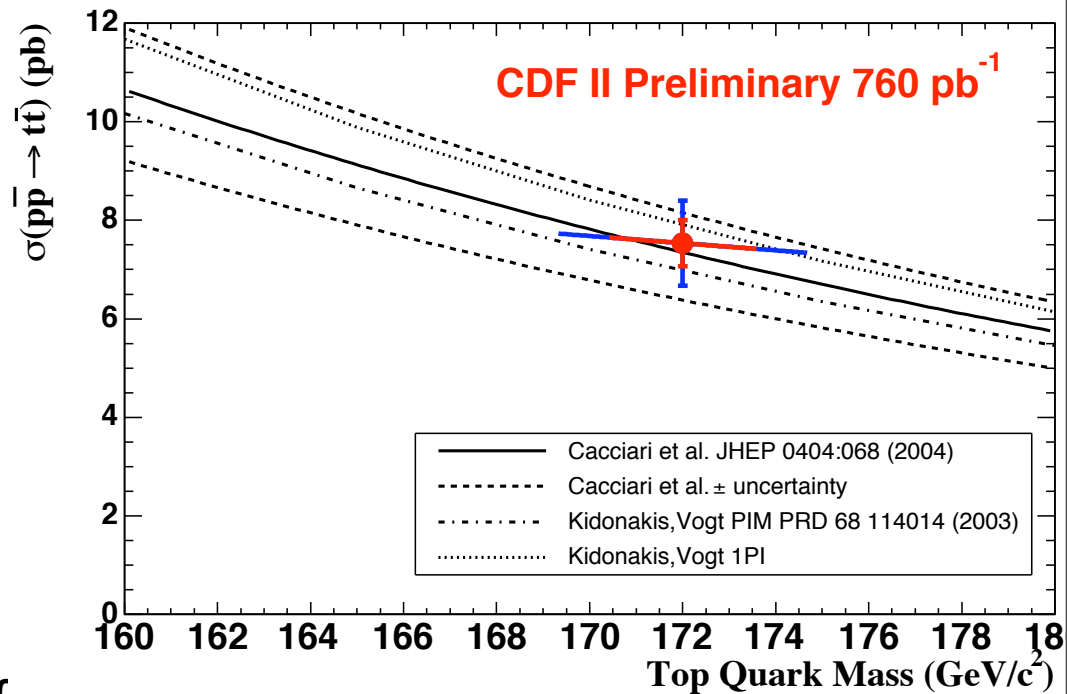
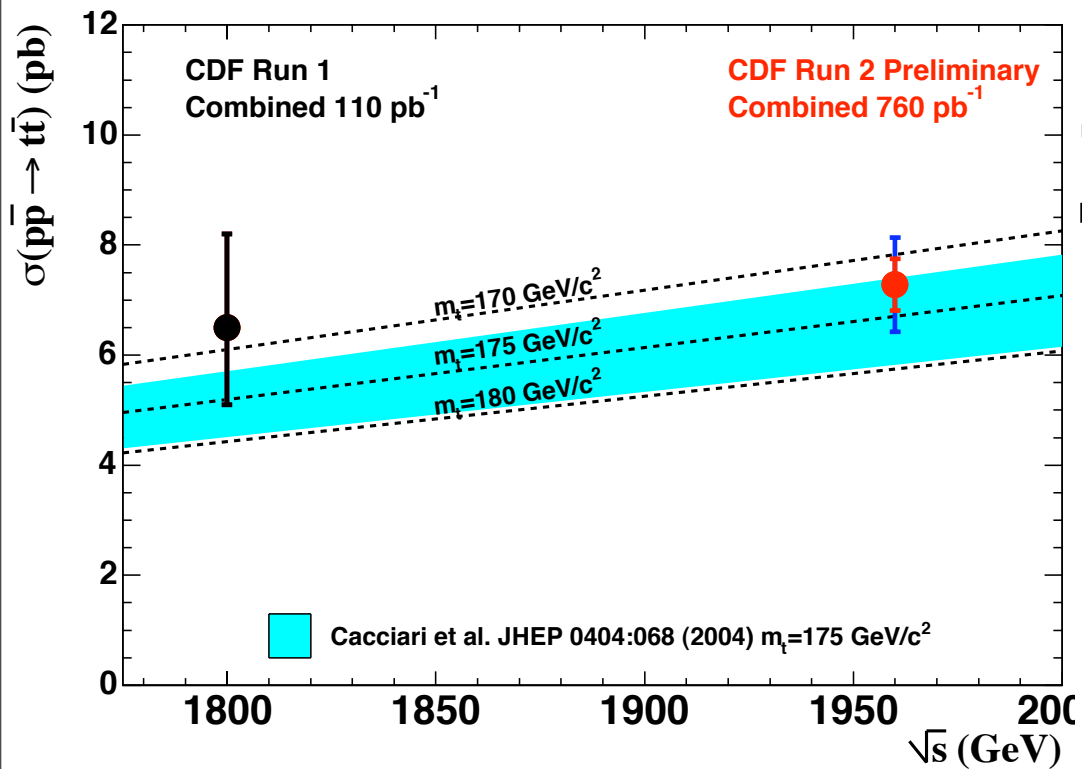
1 *tt* pairs/sec



at hi lumi
~ 10^7 *tt* produced/year

70 % with $p_t(tt) > 30$ GeV

$t tbar$ x-section: TH vs. EXP



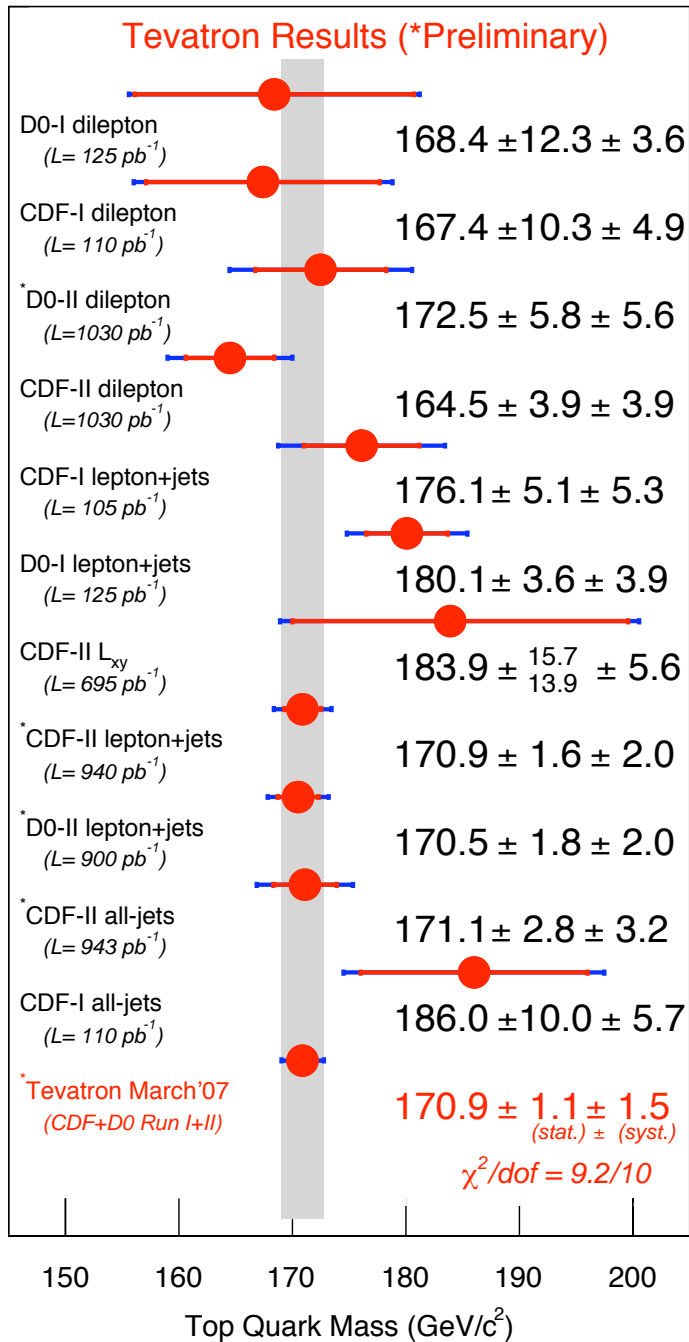
updated on 03/03/06

TH: $\delta m/m = 0.2 \delta \sigma/\sigma$

$\Delta \sigma = \pm 6\% \rightarrow \Delta m = \pm 2$ GeV

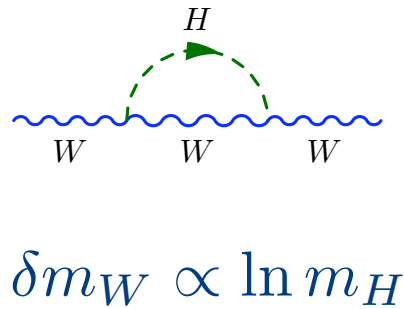
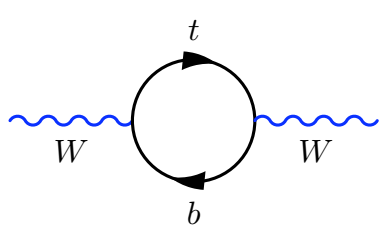
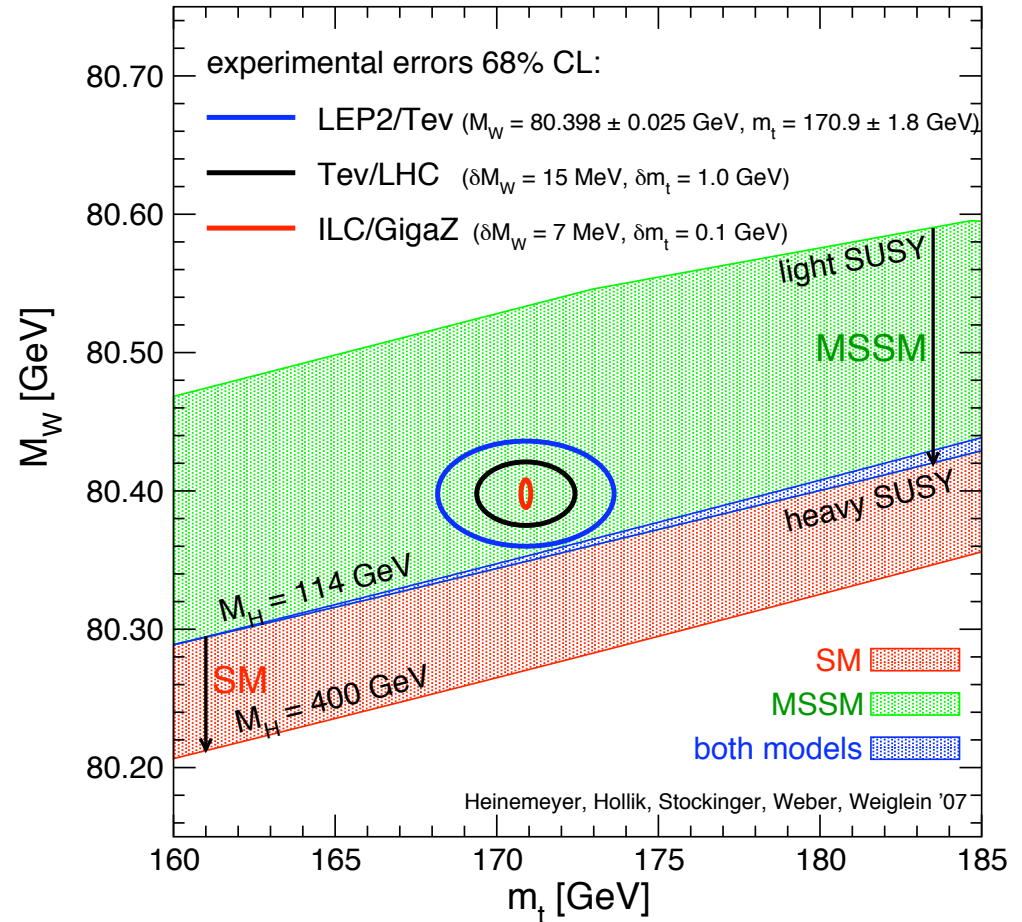
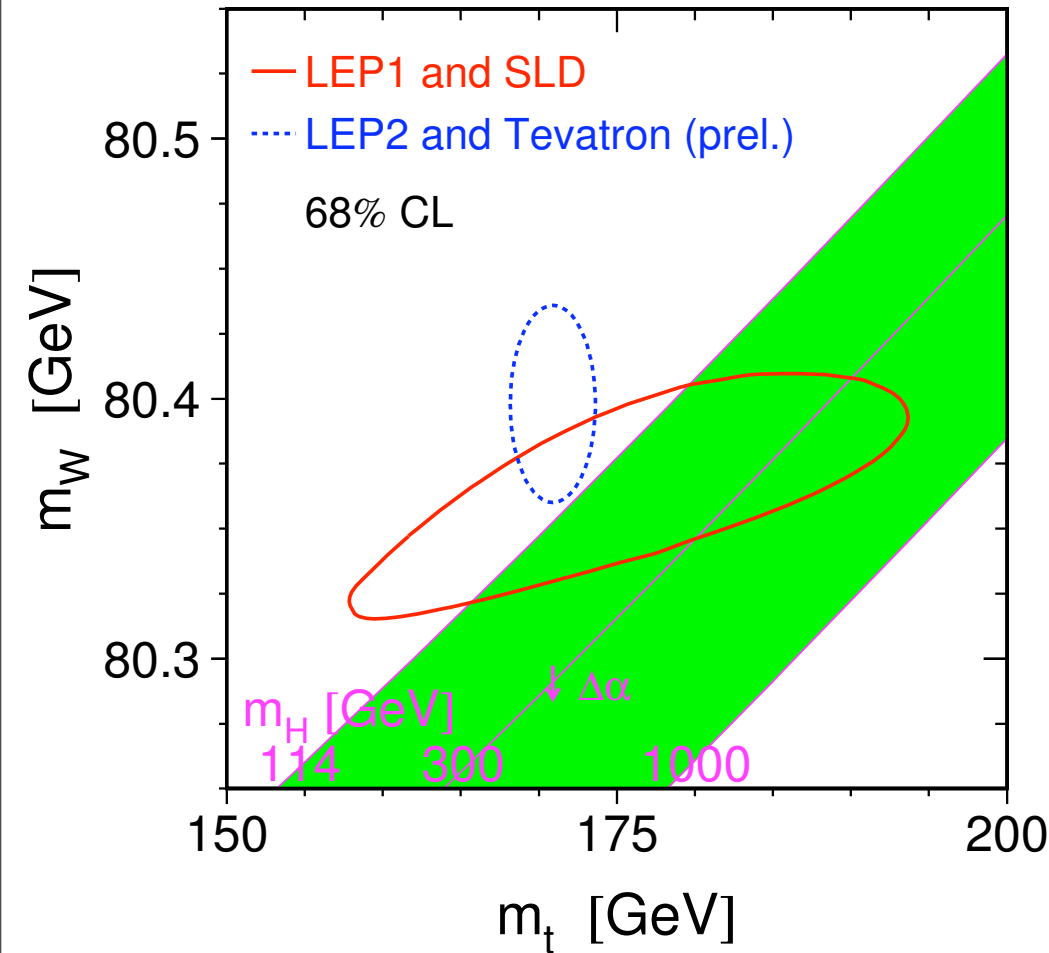
Top mass

updated on 15/03/07



error is now at % level

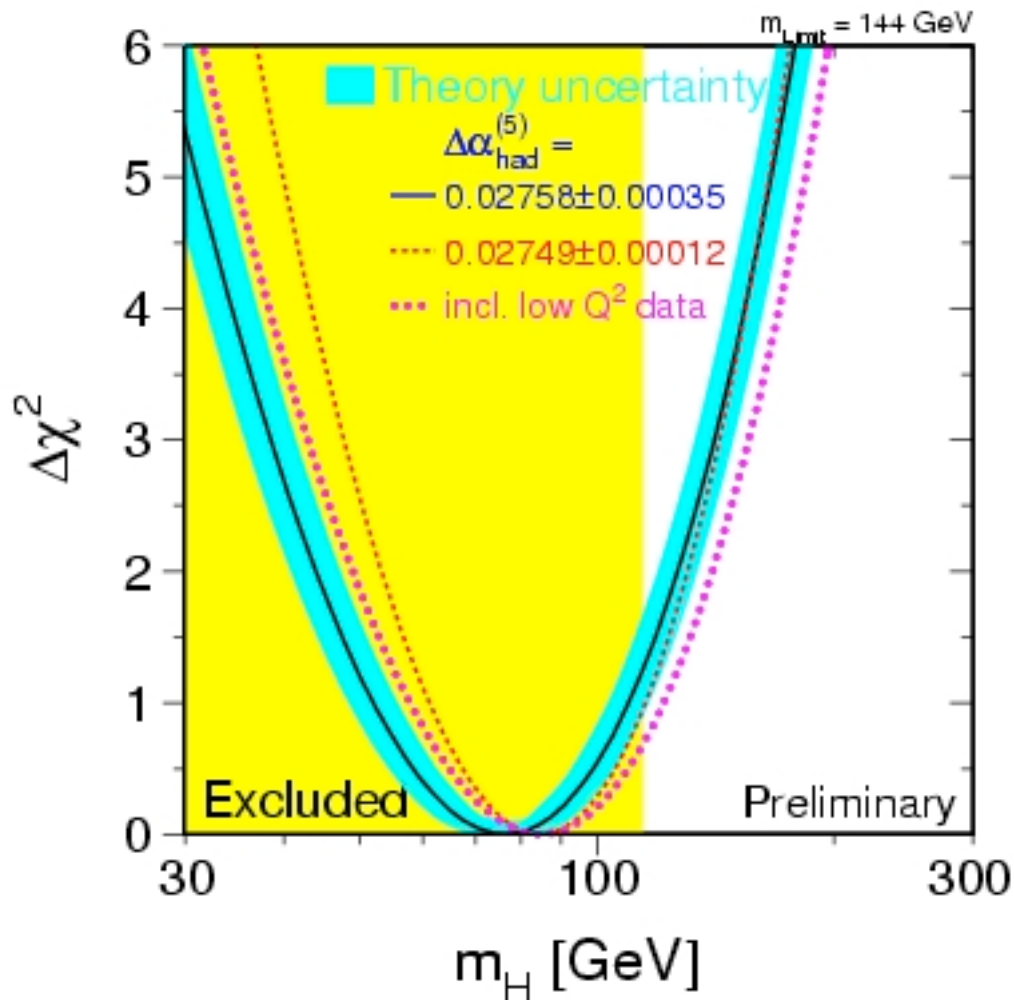
Effects on global EW fits



$$\delta m_t = 1 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow \delta m_W(m_t) = 6 \text{ MeV}$$

if $\delta m_W = 10\text{-}15$ MeV
 then $\delta m_t = 1\text{-}2$ GeV

Effects on Higgs mass



$m_H > 114.1$ GeV
from direct search at LEP

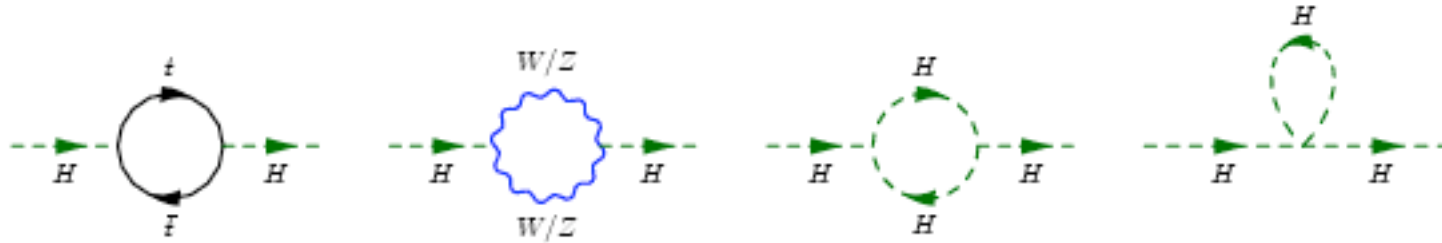
$m_H = 76^{+33}_{-24}$ GeV
from EW fits

$m_H > 182$ GeV
from EW fits combined with
direct search at LEP

- use m_t to estimate m_H from EW corrections
- as m_t changes, large shifts in m_H

Hierarchy problem in the SM

the top affects sizeably the stability of m_H

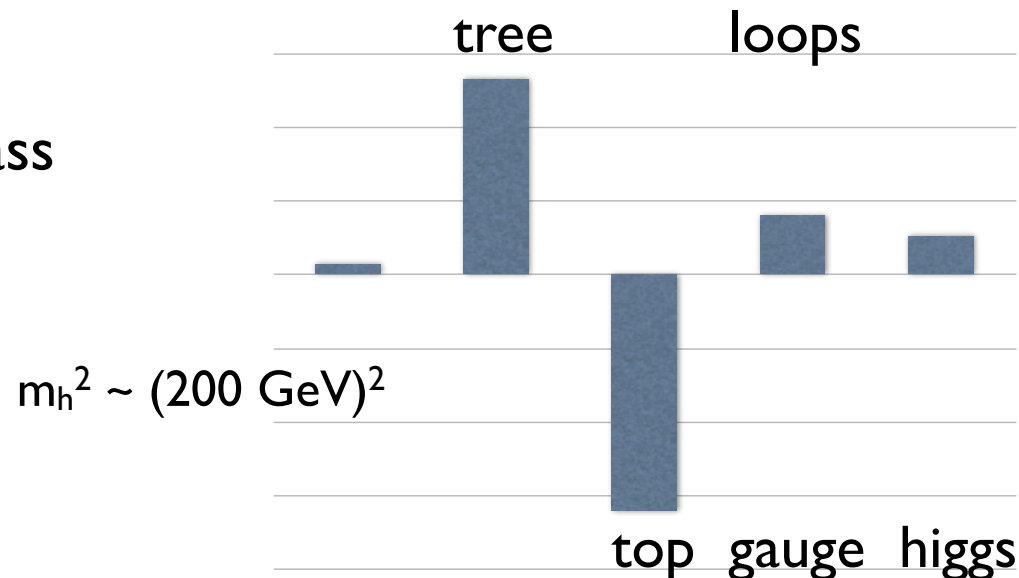


Higgs self-energy

$$\delta m_H^2 = \frac{3G_F}{4\sqrt{2}\pi^2} (2m_W^2 + m_Z^2 + m_H^2 - 4m_t^2) \Lambda^2$$

$$(200 \text{ GeV})^2 = m_{H_0}^2 + [(700 \text{ GeV})^2 + (500 \text{ GeV})^2 - (2 \text{ TeV})^2] \left(\frac{\Lambda}{10 \text{ TeV}} \right)^2$$

shift on the Higgs mass



Fine tuning and unnaturalness

Higgs self-energy

$$m_H^2(Q^2) - m_H^2(Q_0^2) = \frac{3G_F}{4\sqrt{2}\pi^2} (2m_W^2 + m_Z^2 + m_H^2 - 4m_t^2)(Q^2 - Q_0^2)$$

Fine tuning and unnaturalness

Higgs self-energy

$$m_H^2(Q^2) - m_H^2(Q_0^2) = \frac{3G_F}{4\sqrt{2}\pi^2} (2m_W^2 + m_Z^2 + m_H^2 - 4m_t^2) (Q^2 - Q_0^2)$$

implies that

$$m_H^2(Q_0^2) - \frac{3G_F}{4\sqrt{2}\pi^2} (2m_W^2 + m_Z^2 + m_H^2 - 4m_t^2) Q_0^2 = \text{const.} = \mathcal{O}(v^2)$$

because for $Q_0^2 = \mathcal{O}(v^2)$ the Higgs mass is in the range of the EW data $m_H^2(Q_0^2) = \mathcal{O}(v^2)$

Fine tuning and unnaturalness

Higgs self-energy

$$m_H^2(Q^2) - m_H^2(Q_0^2) = \frac{3G_F}{4\sqrt{2}\pi^2} (2m_W^2 + m_Z^2 + m_H^2 - 4m_t^2)(Q^2 - Q_0^2)$$

implies that

$$m_H^2(Q_0^2) - \frac{3G_F}{4\sqrt{2}\pi^2} (2m_W^2 + m_Z^2 + m_H^2 - 4m_t^2) Q_0^2 = \text{const.} = \mathcal{O}(v^2)$$

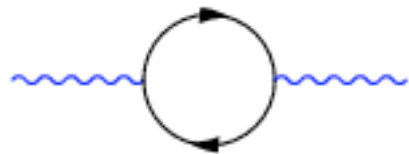
because for $Q_0^2 = \mathcal{O}(v^2)$ the Higgs mass is in the range of the EW data $m_H^2(Q_0^2) = \mathcal{O}(v^2)$

but for $Q_0^2 = \mathcal{O}(M_{Pl}^2)$ one must fine tune $m_H^2(M_{Pl}^2)$ to the level of $v^2/M_{Pl}^2 \sim 10^{-33}$

for the cancellation to yield a figure of $\mathcal{O}(v^2)$  unnatural

Weakly coupled models at the TeV scale

Symmetry principles protect against power-like divergences



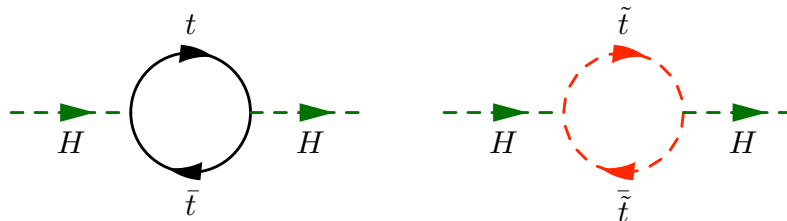
photon self-energy $\delta m_\gamma^2 \propto \cancel{\Lambda^2} + m_\gamma^2 \ln \Lambda$

gauge symmetry protects against quadratic divergence

A *natural* solution to **hierarchy**: **supersymmetry**

postulate a new symmetry principle, which yields new particles that cancel the quadratic divergences of the Higgs self-energy, such that

$$\delta m_H^2 \sim \mathcal{O}(m_H^2) \ln \Lambda$$

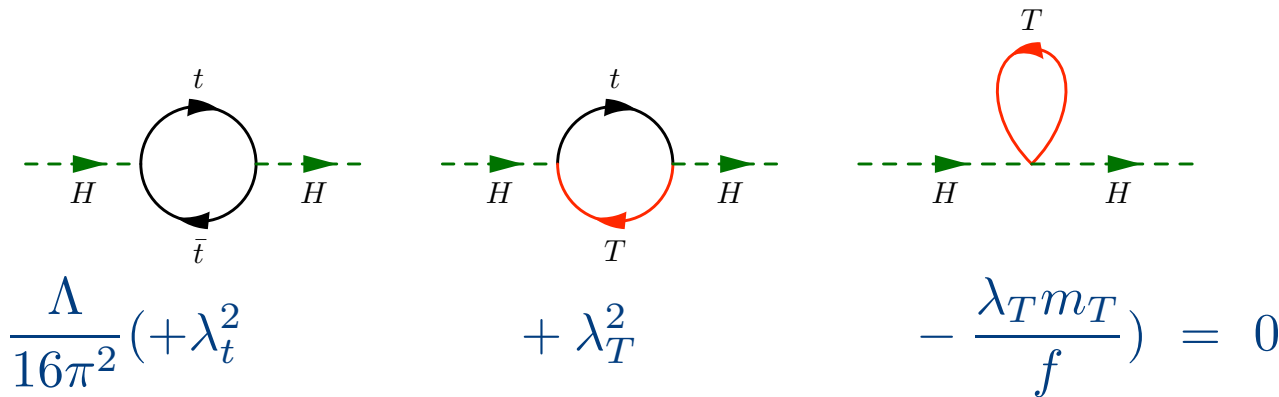


$$\delta m_H^2 \propto G_F m_t^4 \ln(m_t/m_{\tilde{t}})$$

Weakly coupled models at the TeV scale

Another solution to **hierarchy**: **little Higgs models**

- embed SM in a larger group
- Higgs field is a Goldstone boson from a global symmetry breaking
- cancel top loop with a heavy top-like quark, T



The diagram shows three Feynman diagrams for Higgs self-energy corrections. The first diagram is a top quark loop (t and t-bar) with a black circle, labeled with t and \bar{t} . The second diagram is a heavy top quark loop (t and T) with a red circle, labeled with t and T . The third diagram is a heavy top quark loop (T) with a red circle, labeled with T . Below the diagrams is the equation:

$$\frac{\Lambda}{16\pi^2} \left(+\lambda_t^2 + \lambda_T^2 - \frac{\lambda_T m_T}{f} \right) = 0$$

f symmetry-breaking scale of $O(1 \text{ TeV})$

shift in Higgs mass $\delta m_H^2 = \frac{6G_F m_t^2}{\sqrt{2}\pi^2} m_T^2 \ln \frac{\Lambda}{m_T}$

- EW precision measurements imply that m_T is large
- LHC can explore m_T up to 2 TeV, but huge statistics are required
- $T \Rightarrow tH$ and tZ decays allowed

littlest Higgs

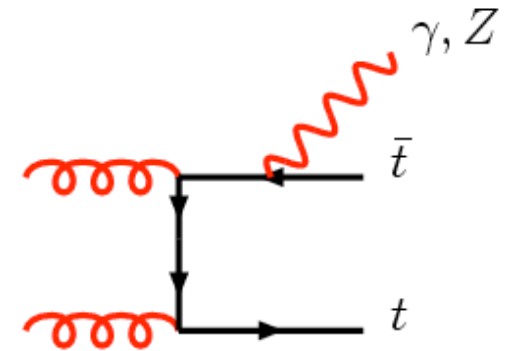
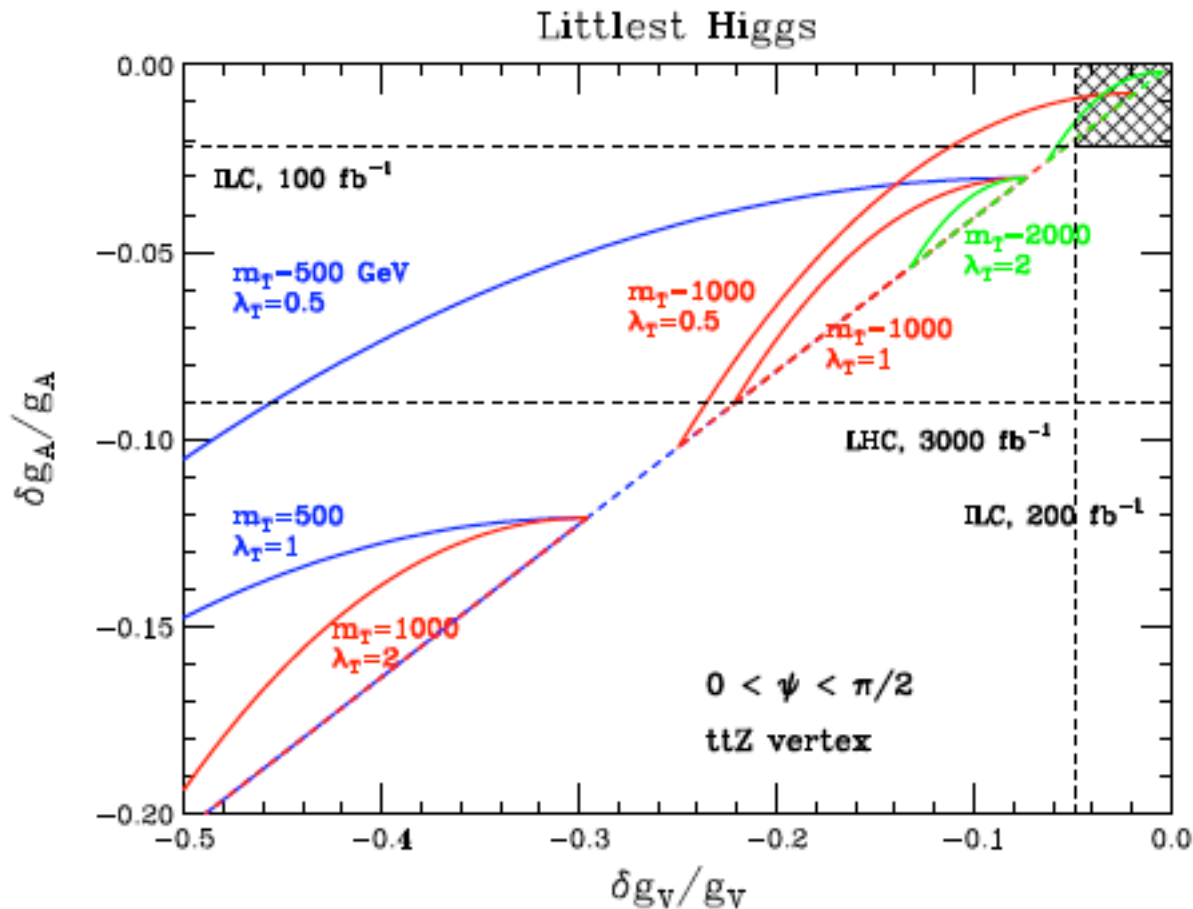
larger group: $SU(2) \otimes SU(2) \otimes U(1)$

new TeV-scale states for littlest Higgs:

vector-like weak-singlet quark T

gauge bosons W_H^\pm W_H^3

weak-triplet scalar field ϕ



shifts in ttZ axial & vector couplings

ψ : $SU(2)$ weak mixing angle

t tbar as a background

- *tt* in $gg \Rightarrow H$ & $qq \Rightarrow qqH$, with $H \Rightarrow WW$
- *tt* in single top
- *tt jets* in *ttbb* & *ttH*
- *tt jets* & *ttW* in SUSY searches

theory tools

- NLO + shower for *tt* production with spin correlations: **MC@NLO**
- NLO single-top production with spin correlations
- *tt + l jet* at NLO (almost done)
- *tt jets, ttQQ jets*: ME + shower in ALPGEN, MADEVENT, SHERPA

Top & flavour physics

$$|V_{\text{CKM}}| = \begin{pmatrix} 0.9738 \pm 0.0005 & 0.2200 \pm 0.0026 & (3.67 \pm 0.47) \times 10^{-3} \\ 0.224 \pm 0.012 & 0.996 \pm 0.013 & (41.3 \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-3} \\ ? & ? & ? \end{pmatrix}$$

(assuming 3 generations) unitarity implies

$$|V_{td}| \simeq 0.0048 - 0.014, \quad |V_{ts}| \simeq 0.037 - 0.043, \quad |V_{tb}| \simeq 0.9990 - 0.9992$$

$\mathcal{O}(\lambda^3)$ $\mathcal{O}(\lambda^2)$ $\mathcal{O}(1)$

with $\lambda \cong 0.22$

CDF measurements on B_s mixing

$$\Delta M_s = 17.33_{-0.21}^{+0.42} (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.07 (\text{syst.}) \text{ps}^{-1}$$

implies (in good agreement with SM predictions)

$$0.20 < |V_{td}/V_{ts}| < 0.22$$

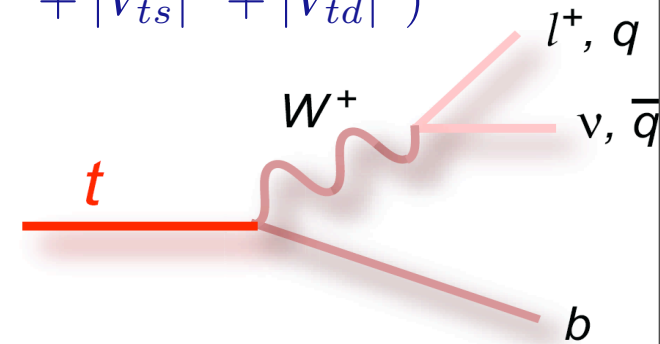
Top & flavour physics at Tevatron

top can decay into a real W

$$\Gamma_t \sim G_F m_t^3 (|V_{tb}|^2 + |V_{ts}|^2 + |V_{td}|^2)$$

but only ratio of widths is measured

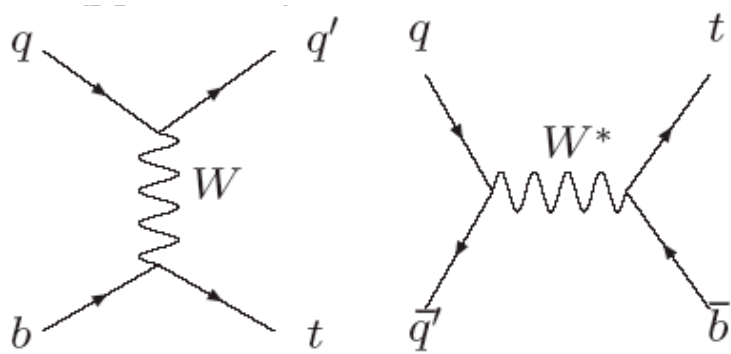
$$R = \frac{\Gamma(t \rightarrow Wb)}{\Gamma(t \rightarrow Wq)} = \frac{|V_{tb}|^2}{|V_{td}|^2 + |V_{ts}|^2 + |V_{tb}|^2}$$



$$1.12_{-0.19}^{+0.21}(\text{stat})_{-0.13}^{+0.17}(\text{syst}), \text{CDF}, \quad 1.03_{-0.17}^{+0.19}(\text{stat} + \text{syst}), \text{D}\phi$$

but this only entails that $|V_{ts}|/|V_{tb}|$ and $|V_{td}|/|V_{tb}|$ are small
it has no bearing on size of V_{tb}

Single Top & flavour physics at Tevatron



t channel

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow tX) = |V_{tb}|^2 \sigma_b + |V_{ts}|^2 \sigma_s + |V_{td}|^2 \sigma_d$$

s channel

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow tX) = (|V_{tb}|^2 + |V_{ts}|^2 + |V_{td}|^2) \sigma^{s\text{-channel}}$$

NLO: 1.85 pb

0.82 pb

from CDF talk at Moriond07

3 CDF analyses give different results:

matrix elements

2.3 σ excess

$$\sigma(s+t) = 2.7^{+1.5}_{-1.3} \text{ pb}$$

neural networks

no evidence

$$\sigma(s+t) < 2.6 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma(t) < 2.6 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma(s) < 3.7 \text{ pb}$$

likelihood ratio

no evidence

$$\sigma(s+t) < 2.7 \text{ pb}$$

from D0 talk at Moriond07

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow tbX, tqbX) = 4.8 \pm 1.3 \text{ pb}$$

with 3.5 σ significance

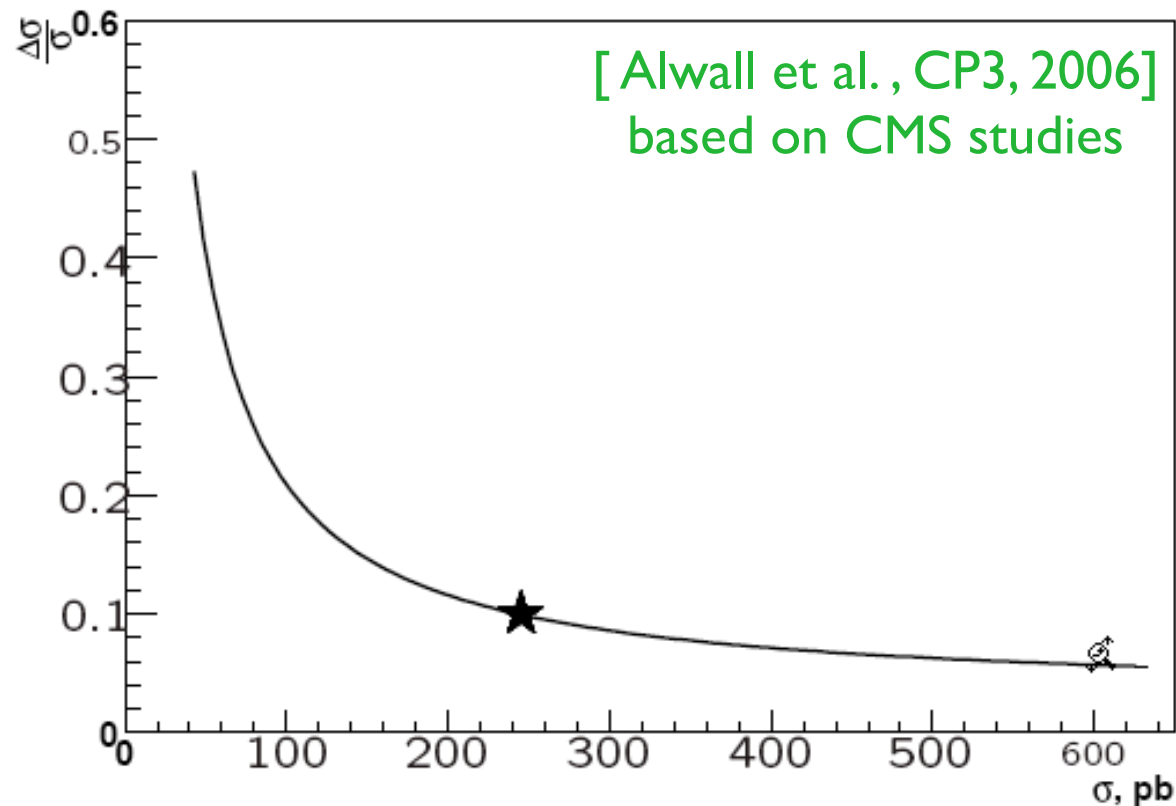
$$0.68 \leq |V_{tb}| \leq 1 \quad \text{at 95 \% C.L.}$$

first direct measurement of V_{tb}

Single **Top** & flavour physics at LHC

NLO prediction for $t+s$ channel $\sigma(pp \rightarrow tX) \simeq 250 \text{ pb}$

measurement of V_{tb} at LHC at 10 fb^{-1} inverse luminosity is claimed to be feasible with 5% error



Conclusions

- **top** is one of best probes of EWSB and fermion masses
- measure top features (mass, spin, couplings) as well as possible to have hints on BSM physics
- common feature of BSM models is to have **top** partners
- EXP: Tevatron is doing a wonderful job, and lumi keeps growing
LHC will be blessed by huge statistics
- TH: is steadily improving
plethora of BSM models with **top** partners
sophisticated MC models already available
more NLO calculations are in progress