



# Light meson spectroscopy with the KLOE experiment

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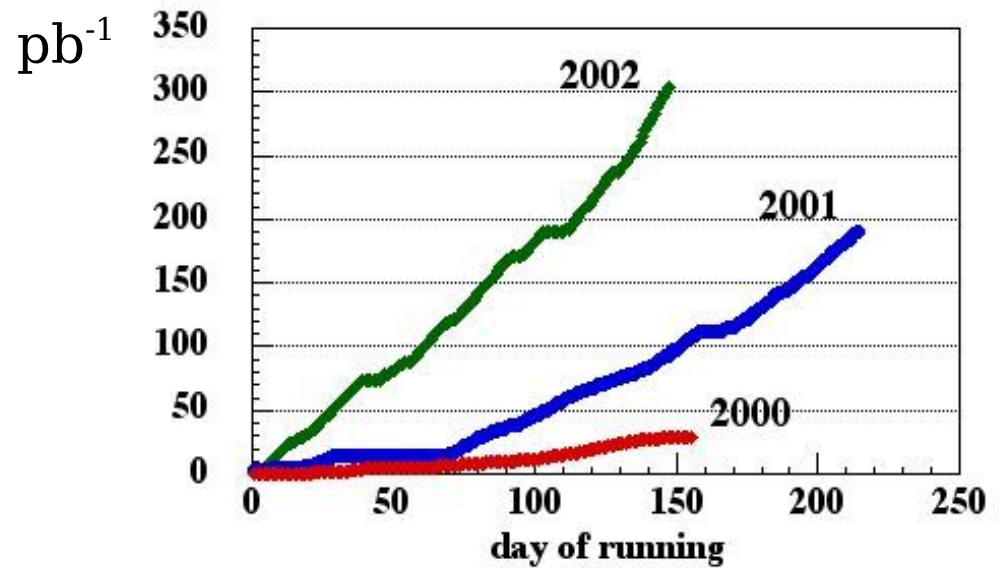
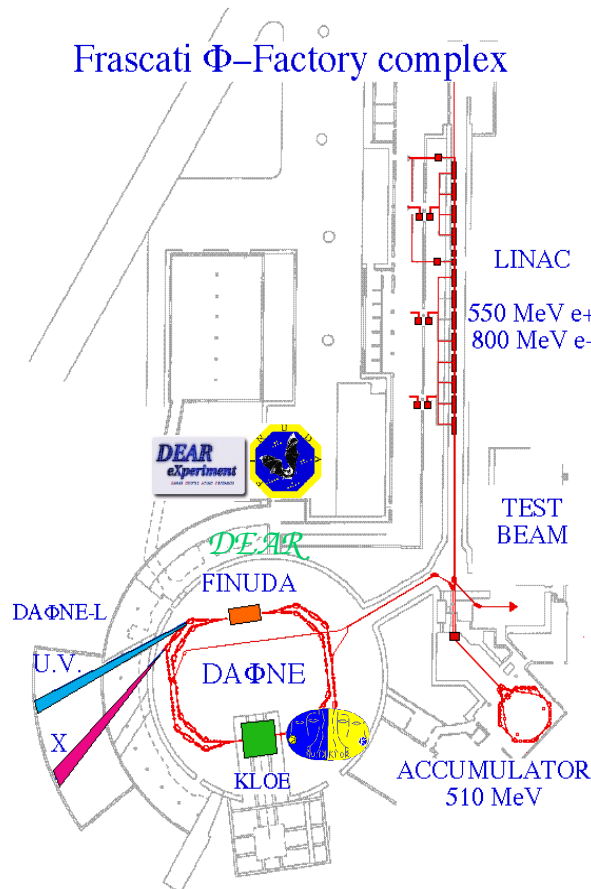
*for the KLOE collaboration*

$$\sqrt{s} = M_{\Phi} = 1.02 \text{ GeV}$$

- $\sigma(\Phi) \approx 3.3 \mu\text{b}$
- $e^+e^-$  in two separate rings with crossing angle  $\sim 25\text{mrad}$  at IP (small  $\Phi$  momentum  $p_{\Phi} \sim 13\text{MeV}$ )



Decay	BR(%)
$\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	49.1
$\phi \rightarrow K_S K_L$	33.8
$\phi \rightarrow \rho \pi / \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	15.6
$\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$	1.26



# The KLOE detector



## Electromagnetic Calorimeter (EMC)

Fine sampling Pb (0.5 mm thick) / Scifi (1 mm  $\varnothing$ )

Hermetical coverage

High efficiency for low energy photons

$$\sigma_E/E = 5.7\%/\sqrt{E(\text{GeV})}$$

$$\sigma_t = 54\text{ps}/\sqrt{E(\text{GeV})}$$

## Central drift chamber (DCH)

Large detection volume

Uniform tracking and vertexing in all volume

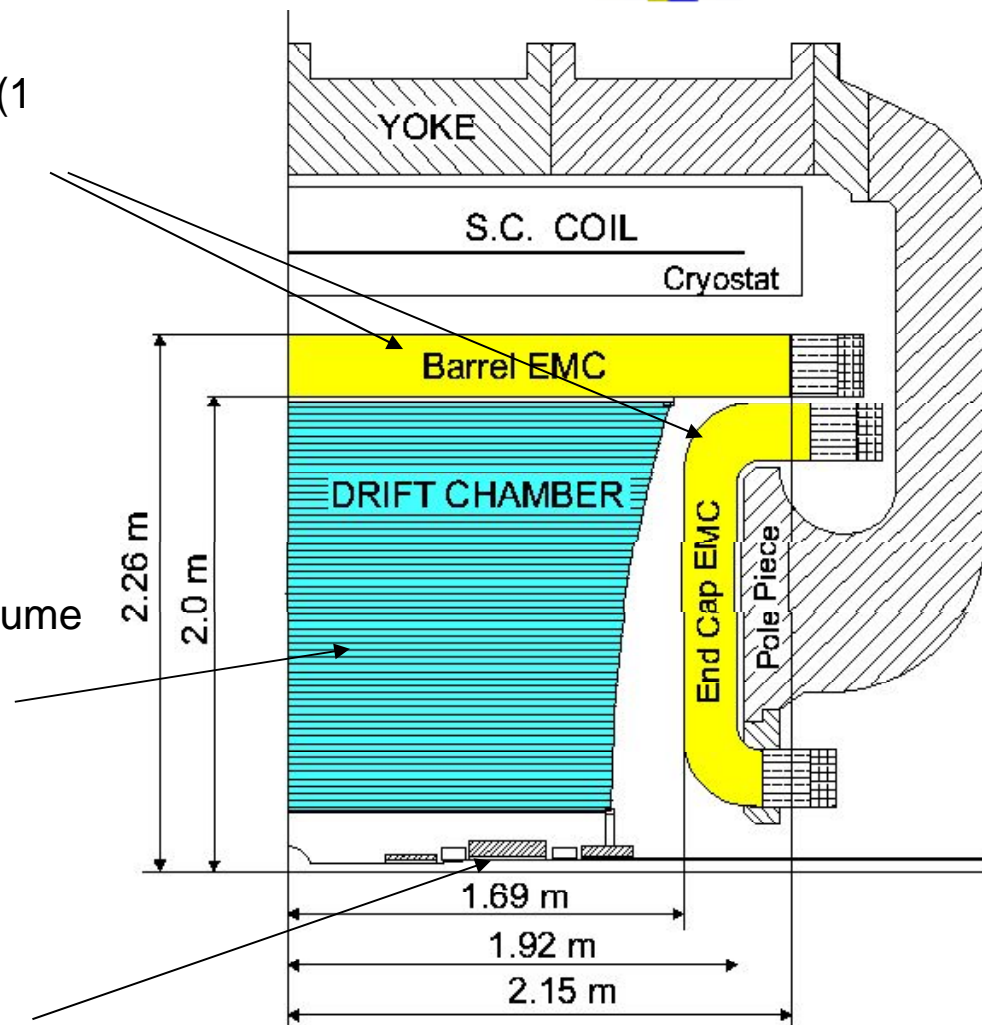
Helium based gas mixture

$$\sigma_v = 1 \text{ mm} \quad \sigma_{pt}/p_t = 0.5\%$$

$$\sigma_{r,\phi} = 200 \text{ } \mu\text{m} \quad \sigma_z = 2 \text{ mm}$$

## Quadrupoles' calorimeter (QCAL)

*Pb/Sci tile calorimeter covering quads inside KLOE*



# outline



## ♦ scalar meson physics:

- ♦  $f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$  spectrum measurement;
- ♦  $f_0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$  Dalitz plot analysis;
- ♦  $a_0 \rightarrow \eta \pi^0$  spectrum measurement and Dalitz plot;

} to study scalars' nature  
( $q\bar{q}$ ,  $q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$ ,  $KK$  molecules)

## ♦ $\eta$ physics:

- ♦  $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ,  $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$  upper limits (test of C and CP violation in strong and electromagnetic interactions);
- ♦  $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma\gamma$
- ♦  $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$  Dalitz plot analysis;

## ♦ $\eta'$ physics

- ♦  $\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma \gamma$  Br measurement;

## ♦ $\phi$ leptonic width measurement.

# $f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ spectrum measurement



$$\phi \rightarrow f_0 \gamma \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$$

aim of the analysis

extracting  $f_0$  properties

from  $\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$  data

background sources

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma \text{ via ISR}$$

(radiative return to  $\rho$  and  $\omega$ )

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma \text{ via FSR}$$

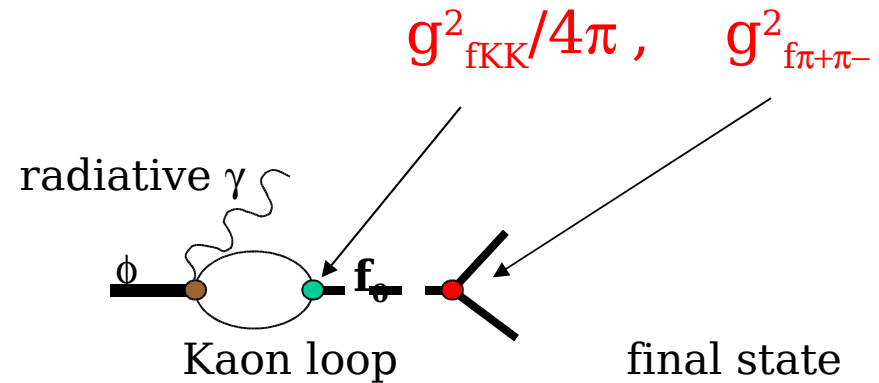
$$\phi \rightarrow \rho^\pm \pi^\mp (\rho^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm \gamma) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$$

analysis selection

$45^\circ < \theta_\gamma < 135^\circ$  ISR reduced and  
not “interfering”

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dM_{\pi\pi}} = |A(\text{ISR}) + A(\text{FSR}) + A(f_0) + A(\rho\pi)|^2$$

phenomenological model



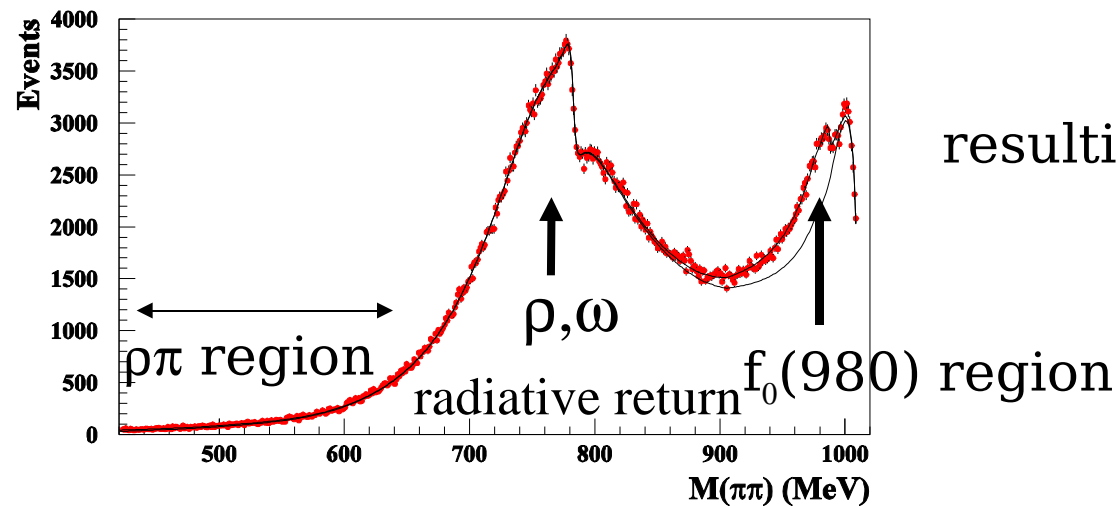
Including  $\pi\pi$  rescattering data

PRD55 (1997) & PRD57 (1998)

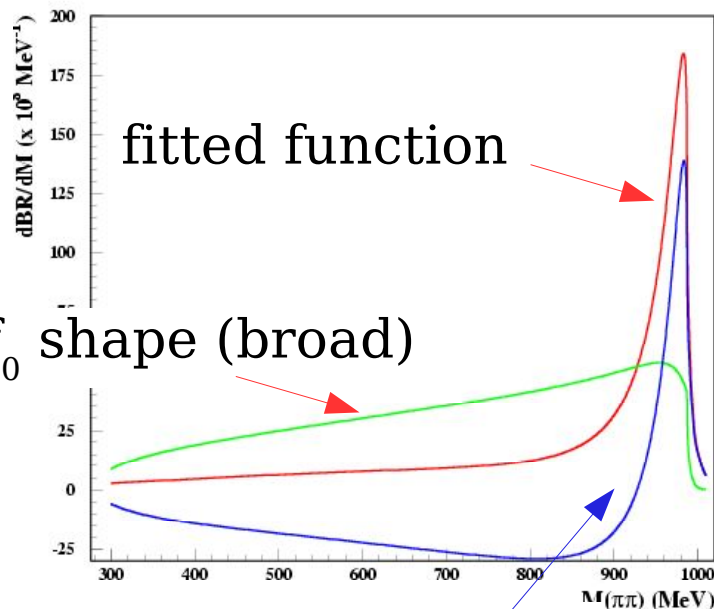
N.N. Achasov et al.

# $f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ fit to the spectrum

full spectrum

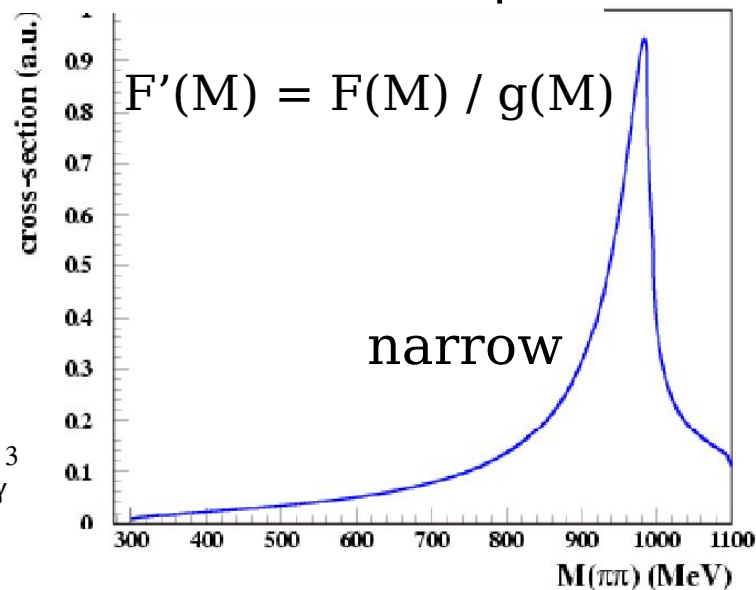
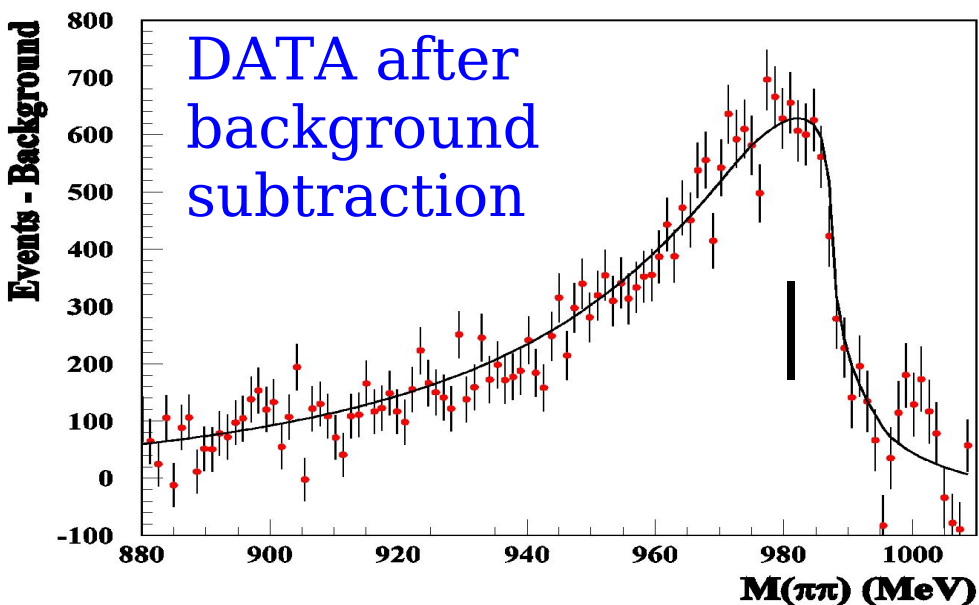


KLOE PRELIMINARY



resulting  $f_0$  shape (broad)

Interference term shape



$$g(M) \sim E_\gamma^3$$



# $f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ forward-backward asymmetry and $\sqrt{s}$ dependence

**KLOE  
PRELIMINARY**

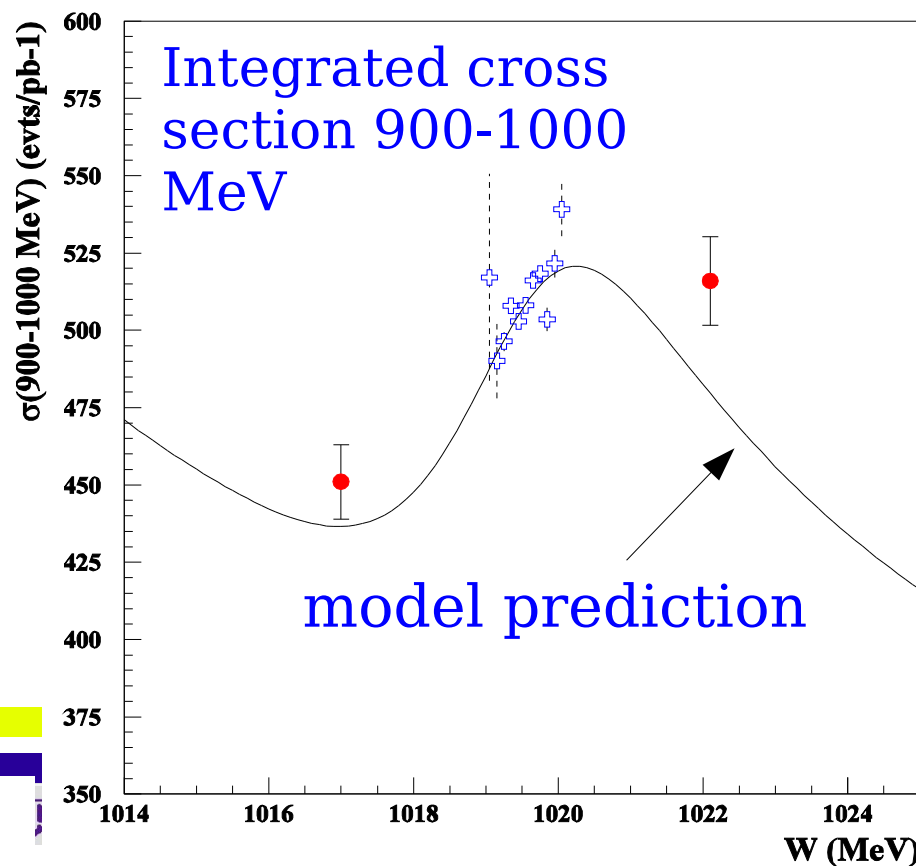
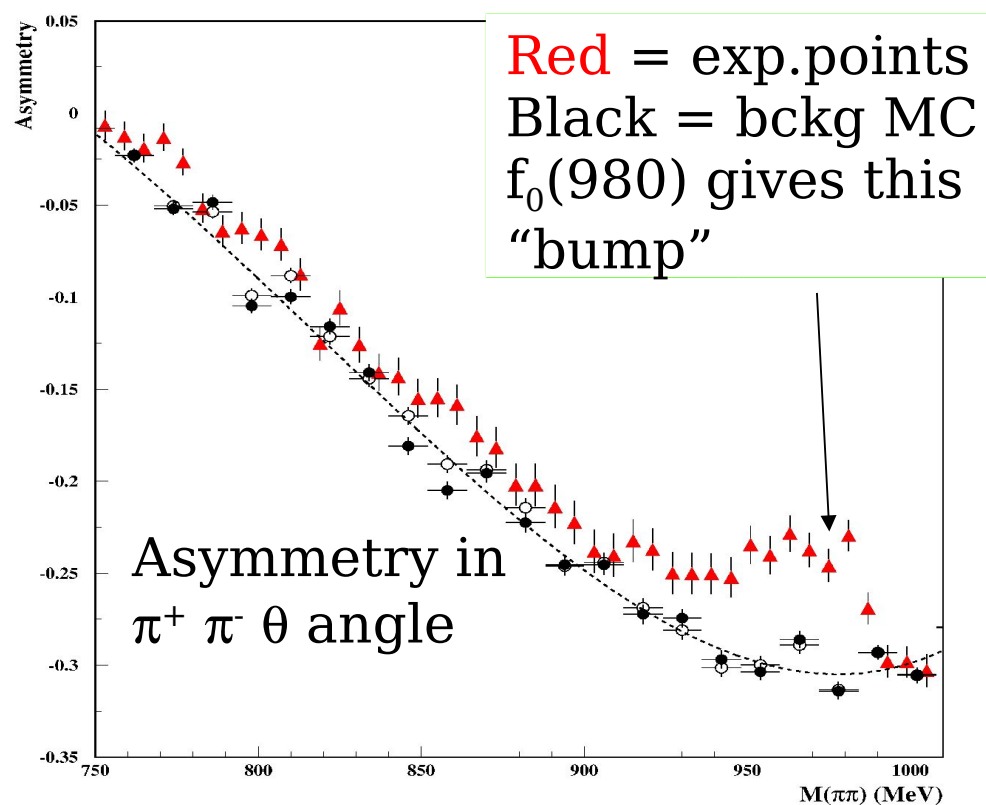
$\pi^+ \pi^-$  system:

$A(\text{ISR})$  C-odd  
 $A(\text{FSR})$  C-even  
 $A(f_0)$  C-even

$A(\text{tot})$  not defined symmetry for the interference among the terms.

$$A = \frac{N(\theta > 90^\circ) - N(\theta < 90^\circ)}{N(\theta > 90^\circ) + N(\theta < 90^\circ)}$$

The cross section follow the behaviour given by the fitted model at different  $\sqrt{s}$



$$f_0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$$

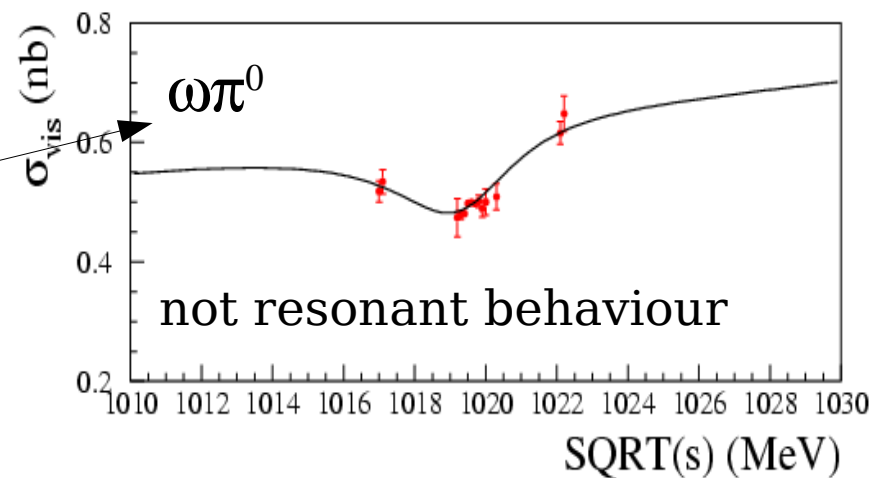
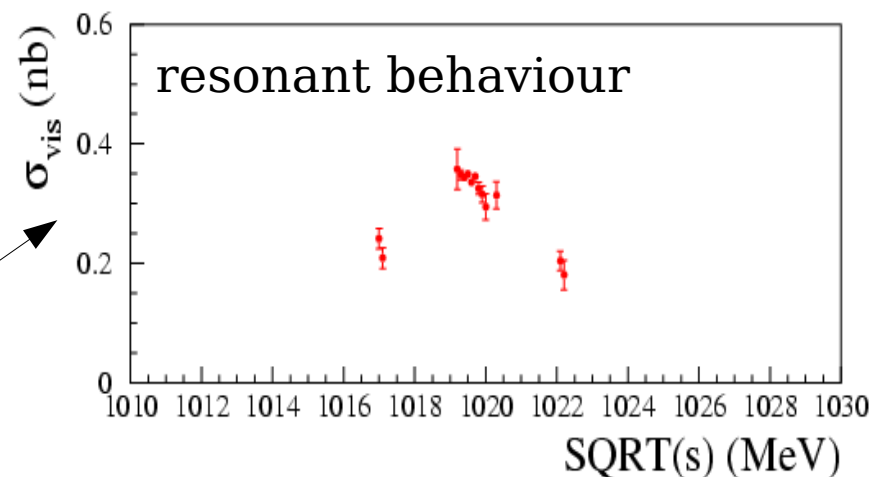
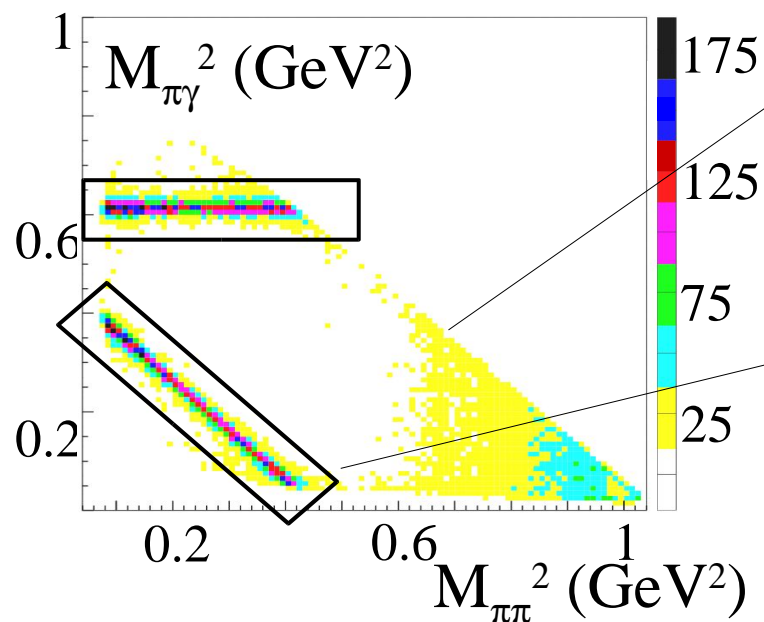
♦ decay channels:  $\phi \rightarrow f_0 \gamma \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$

5 prompt clusters

$\pi^0$  requirement

kinematic fit

Br interesting to test  $q\bar{q}$  or  
 $q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$  and  $KK$  molecules  
 hypotheses.





$$a_0 \rightarrow \eta \pi^0$$

◆ decay channels:  $\phi \rightarrow a_0 \gamma \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma$



KLOE PRELIMINARY

2002 KLOE result  
Phys.Lett.B53 (2002) 209

$$\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow a_0 \gamma) = 7.4 \pm 0.7 \times 10^{-5} \quad (2002 \text{ DATA})$$

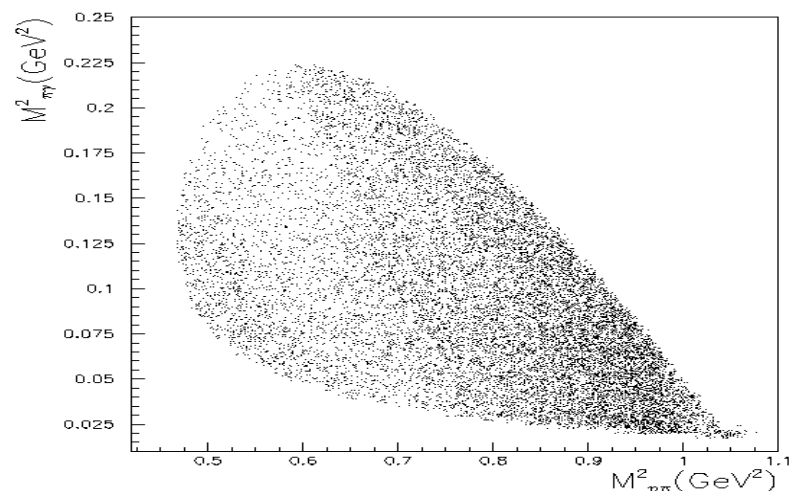
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$  5 prompt clusters  
2 chrgd track

$$\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow a_0 \gamma) = 7.45 \pm 0.19 \times 10^{-5}$$

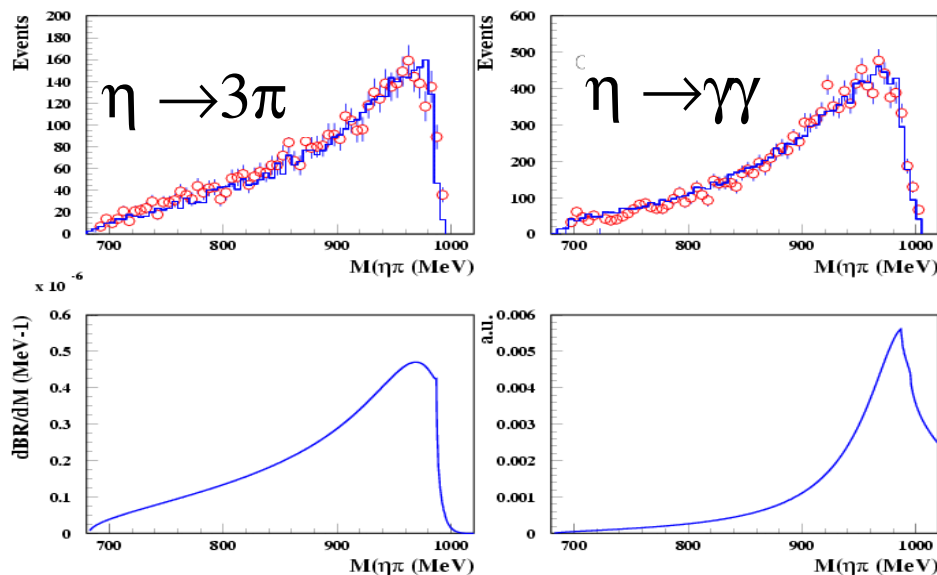
$\eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$  5 prompt clusters  
no charged track

$$\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow a_0 \gamma) = 7.25 \pm 0.15 \times 10^{-5}$$

Properties of  $a_0(980)$  - Check of the *kaon-loop approach* in a “background free” environment



**Dalitz plot  $\eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$  channel**



resulting curve fitted to both spectra  $F'(M) = F(M) / g(M)$   
 $g(M) \sim E_\gamma^3$

# $\eta$ physics at KLOE



Usually studied at hadron machines.

At KLOE  $\mathcal{L} \sim 500 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  (2001+2002)

$\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$   $\eta$  sample  $\sim 19 \times 10^6$

## $\eta$ decays studied and/or under study

$\eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$  Test of  $C$  symmetry in  $e.m$  and strong interactions  
(Phys. Lett. B (591) pp. 49-54 (2004))

$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$  Test of  $P$  and  $CP$  symmetry in  $e.m$  and strong int.

$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$  ChPT description of the decay

$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$  Dalitz plot analysis: ChPT description and asymmetries studies.

$$\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

Violates C,  $\text{BR} < 5 \times 10^{-4}$  @95% CL PDG '02 (GAMS2000)



$$\phi \rightarrow \left. \begin{array}{l} \eta\gamma \\ \gamma\gamma \end{array} \right\} 4\gamma \quad E_{\text{rad}} = 363 \text{ MeV}$$

Require  $4\gamma$  with  $E > 50 \text{ MeV}$ ,  $|\cos\theta| < 0.91$

$\theta_{\gamma} > 15^\circ$  to reduce  $3\gamma$  bckgr

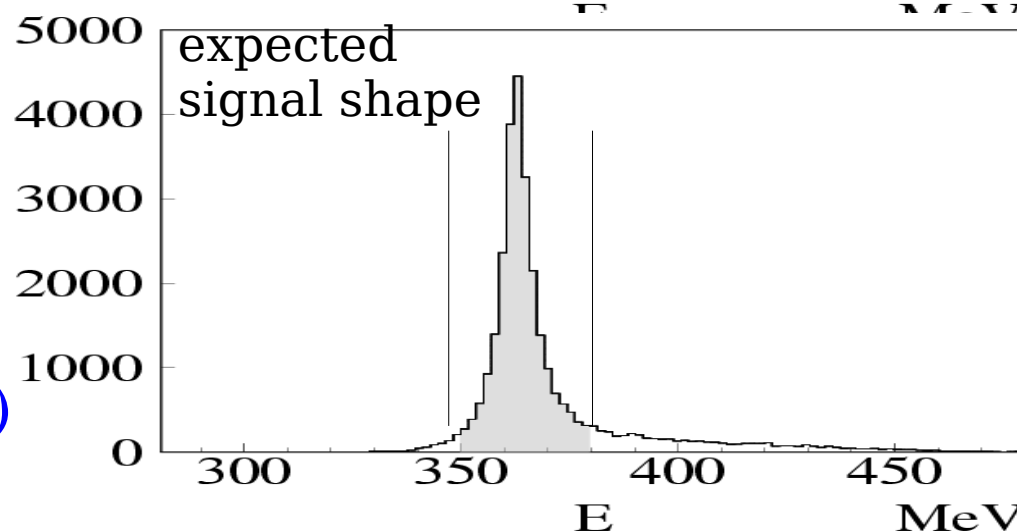
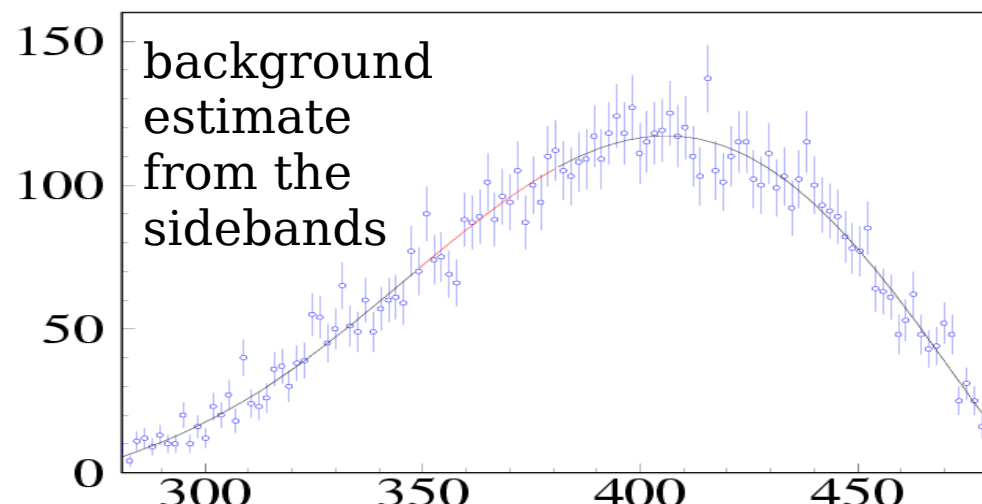
Kinematic fit to improve energy resolution

$m(\pi^0)$  veto eliminates  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega\gamma$  and  $5\gamma$  background

$$\rightarrow \pi^0\gamma$$

**$\text{BR}(\eta \rightarrow 3\gamma) \leq 1.6 \times 10^{-5}$  @ 90% CL**

*Phys. Lett. B (591) pp. 49-54 (2004)*



$$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$$

$\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$  data sample

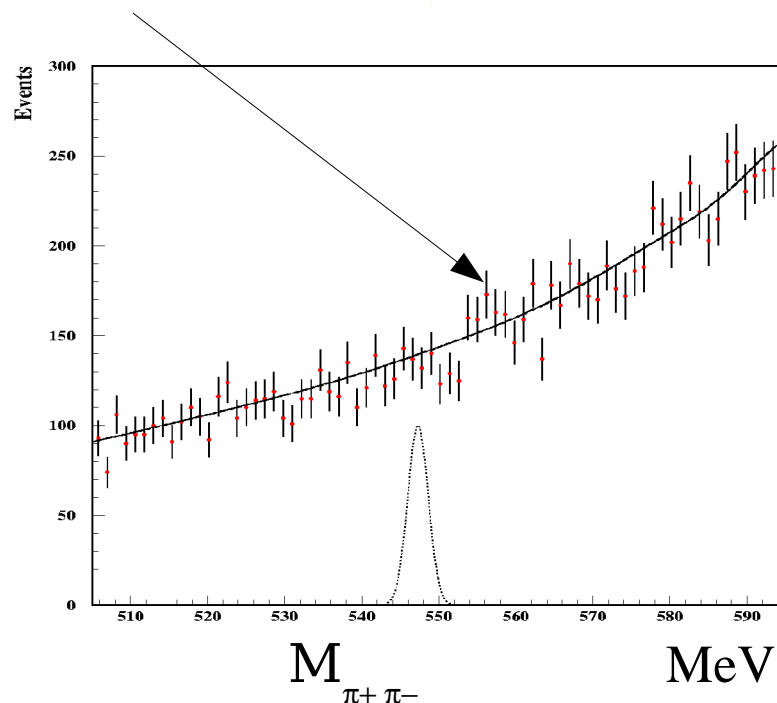
$$45 < \theta_\gamma < 135^\circ \quad \varepsilon = 16.6 \%$$

from the fit:

$$\text{Br}(\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) < 1.3 \times 10^{-5} \text{ @90\% C.L.}$$

$$\text{PDG(2002)} < 3.3 \times 10^{-4} \text{ @90\% C.L.}$$

fitted spectrum from  $f_0$   
analysis

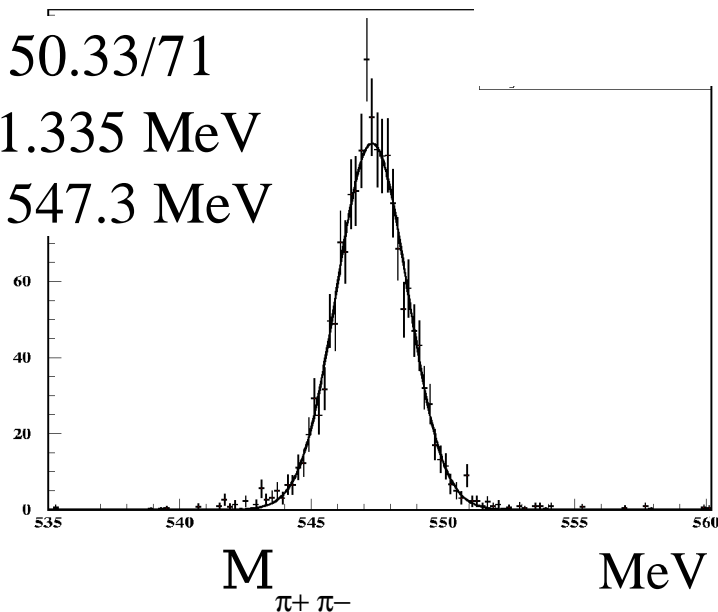


$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$  MC

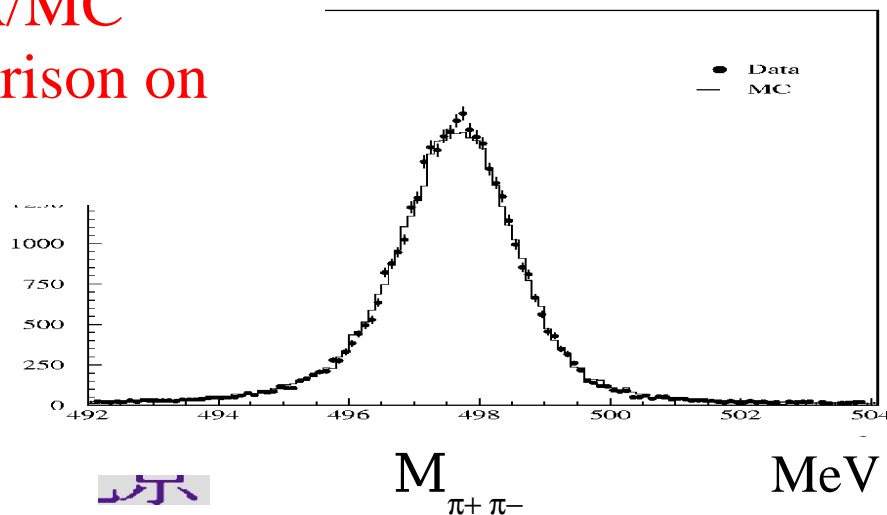
$$\chi^2 = 50.33/71$$

$$\sigma = 1.335 \text{ MeV}$$

$$m = 547.3 \text{ MeV}$$



DATA/MC  
comparison on  
 $M_{\pi^+ \pi^-}$



# $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$ , *Br measurement*



Theoretical predictions:	$\Gamma(\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma)$ [eV]	
VDM	$0.30 \pm 0.16$	(Ng-Peters)
Vector+axial res.	$0.47 \pm 0.20$	(Ko)
Quark-box diagram	$0.70 - 0.92$	(Ng-Peters, Nemoto et al.)
$\chi$ PT+VMD+scalars	$0.42 \pm 0.20$	(Ametller et al.)
$\chi$ PT+ENJL	$0.58 \pm 0.30$	(Bellucci-Bruno)

PDG(2002) GAMS

$$\text{Br}(\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma) = 7.2 \pm 1.4 \times 10^{-4} \quad (0.85 \pm 0.18 \text{ eV}/c^2)$$

Crystall Ball (2004)

$$\text{Br}(\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma) = 2.7 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.5 \times 10^{-4} \quad (0.32 \pm 0.15 \text{ eV}/c^2)$$

SND(2001)  $\text{Br}(\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma) < 8.9 \times 10^{-4}$

Experimental  $\eta$  production

$$\pi^- + p \rightarrow \eta + n$$

$$\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$$

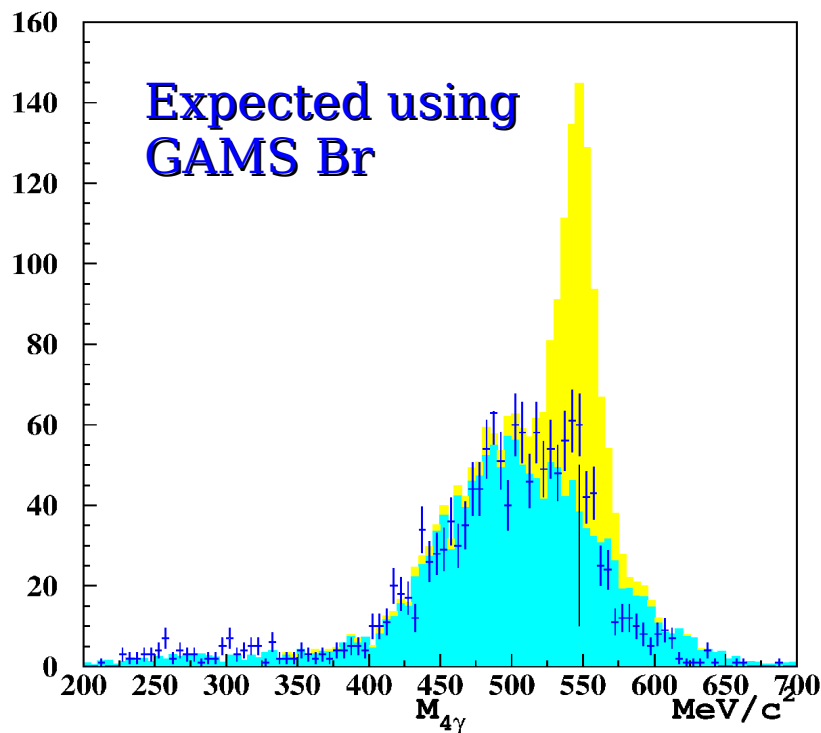
# $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$ analysis sketch

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \Phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma \\ \quad \quad \quad \searrow \\ \quad \quad \quad \pi^0 \gamma \gamma \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} 5\gamma \text{ final state} \\ \sigma = 8\text{pb} \text{ GAMS Br} \end{array}$$

## main background sources

$\eta \gamma \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$  (cut off rejecting merged clusters and lost photons configurations)

$f_0 \gamma \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$ ,  $a_0 \gamma \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma$ ,  $\omega \pi^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$  (cut off rejecting the masses of the decaying products)



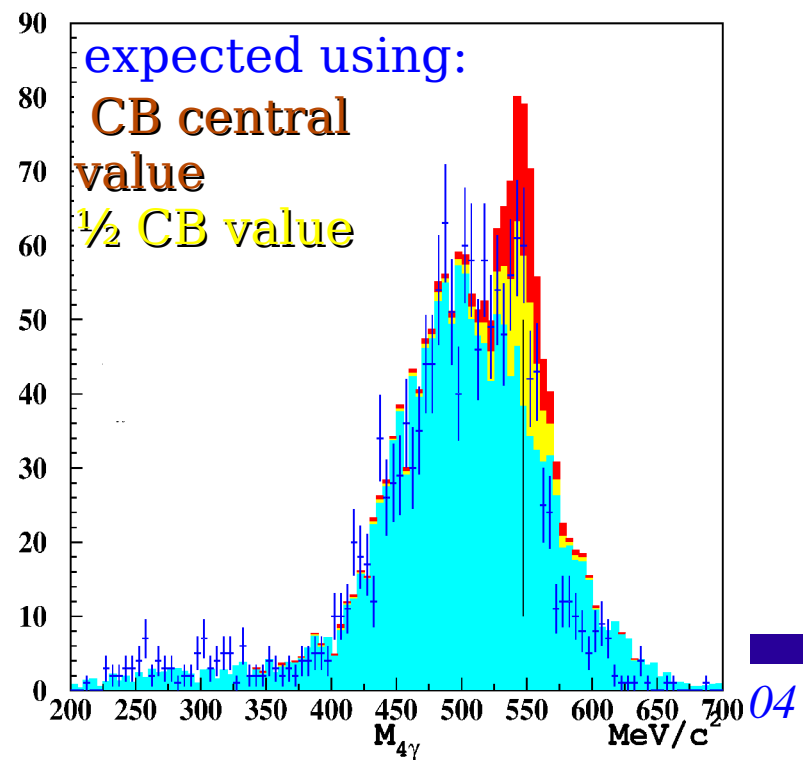
$\epsilon = 5.7\%$



Preliminary analysis shows:

- GAMS overestimates Br
- Indication of signal at CB level

Work in progress to improve background rejection





# $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ Dalitz plot analysis



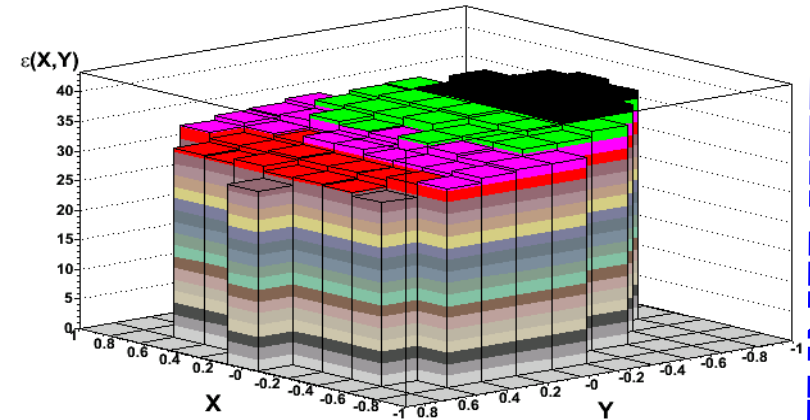
KLOE PRELIMINARY

## analysis strategy

- looking for
  - 2 charged tracks from I.P
  - 3 prompt photons
- kinematic fit with energy-momentum constraints to improve photon energy resolution.

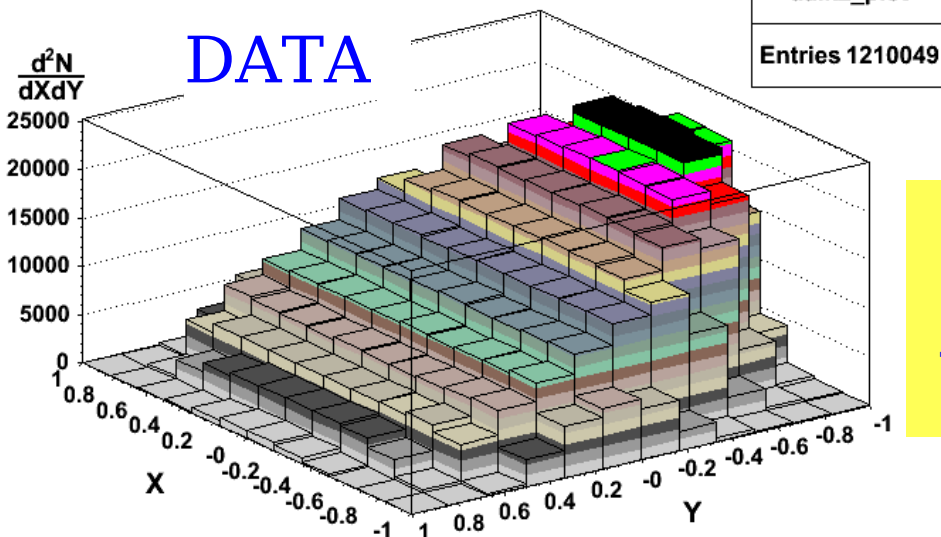
$$X = \sqrt{3} \frac{T_+ - T_-}{Q_\eta} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2M_\eta Q_\eta} (u - t)$$

$$Y = \frac{3T_0}{Q_\eta} - 1 = \frac{3}{2m_\eta Q_\eta} \left\{ (m_\eta - m_{\pi^0})^2 - s \right\} - 1$$



Efficiency  $\approx 36\%$

$$|\mathcal{A}(X,Y)|^2 = 1 + aY + bY^2 + cX + dX^2 + eXY + fY^3$$

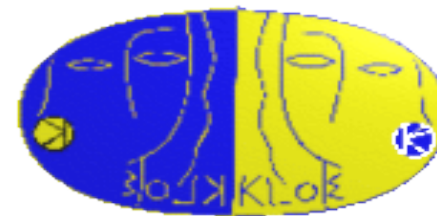


		Ⓒ		Ⓒ	
a	b	c	d	e	f
$-1.075 \pm 0.008$	$0.118 \pm 0.009$	$-0.5 \pm 4 \times 10^{-3}$	$0.049 \pm 0.008$	$-0.004 \pm 0.010$	$0.13 \pm 0.02$
$-0.012/0$	$-0.007/0.01$	$0/2 \times 10^{-3}$	$-0.004/0.007$	$-0.002/0.011$	$0/0.03$

16–22 August 2004

$$\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- 7 \gamma$$

**KLOE  
PRELIMINARY**



- charged  $\Rightarrow \eta' \rightarrow \eta \pi^+ \pi^-$  and  $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$
- neutral  $\Rightarrow \eta' \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \pi^0$  and  $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

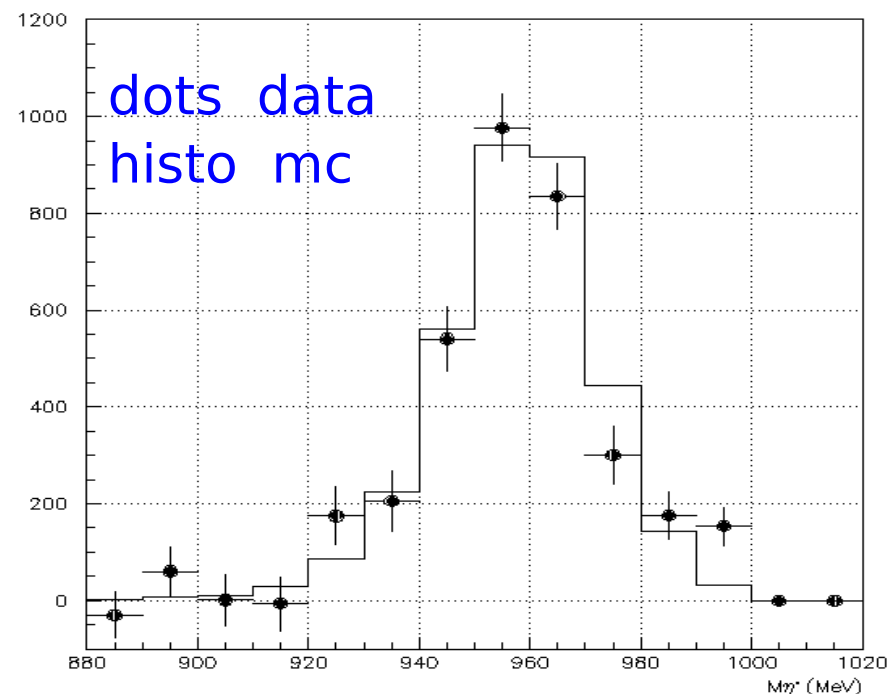
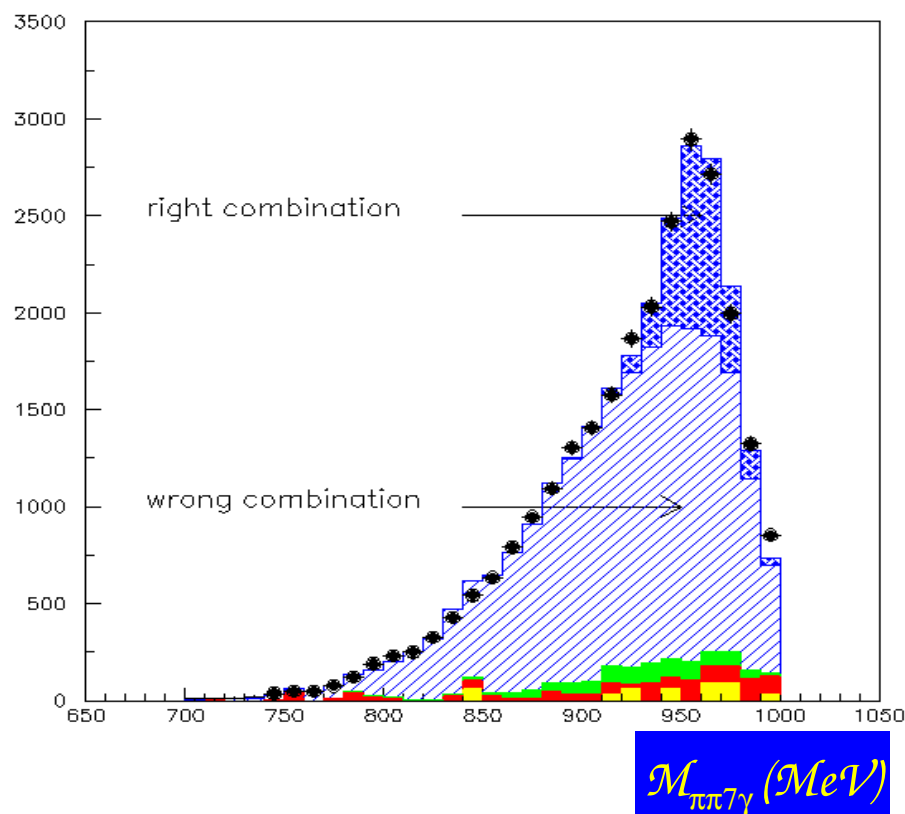
$M_{\eta'}$  from  $\pi^+ \pi^- 6 \gamma$  (we should discard 1 photon among the seven ones), we keep all combinations and subtract from MC.

$$N_{\eta'} = 3401 \pm 61 (\text{stat.}) \pm 31 (\text{bkg. sub.})$$

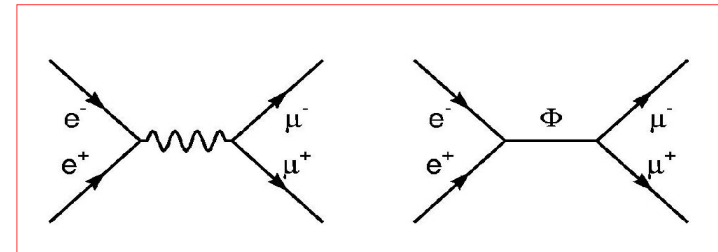
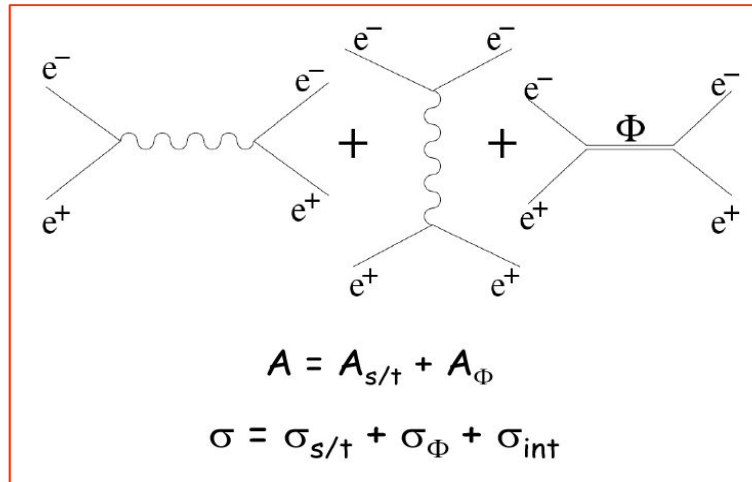
$$R = 4.9 \pm 0.1_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.2_{\text{syst}}$$

$$R = \frac{BR(\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma)}{BR(\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma)} = \frac{N^{\eta' \gamma}}{N^{\eta \gamma}} \left[ \frac{\epsilon^{\eta \gamma} BR(\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0)}{BR_{\text{crg}} \epsilon_{\text{crg}} + BR_{\text{ntr}} \epsilon_{\text{ntr}}} \right] \cdot K_{\rho}$$

2000 DATA  
Phys. Lett. B541 (2002)  
 $R = 4.7 \pm 0.5_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.3_{\text{syst}}$   
175 events



# $\phi$ leptonic width measurement



$$\sigma_{int} = \frac{3\alpha\Gamma_{ll}}{M_{\phi}} \frac{s - M_{\phi}^2}{(s - M_{\phi}^2)^2 + s\Gamma_{\phi}^2} \int_{\cos\theta_1}^{\cos\theta_2} f_{ll}(\theta) d\cos\theta$$

**Bhabha** **muons**

$$f_{ee}(\theta) = 2(1 + \cos^2\theta - \frac{(1 + \cos\theta)^2}{1 - \cos\theta})$$

$$f_{\mu\mu}(\theta) = \beta_{\mu}(1 + \cos^2\theta + (1 - \beta_{\mu}^2)\sin^2\theta)$$

$$\Gamma_{ll} = \Gamma_{ee}$$

$$\Gamma_{ll} = \sqrt{\Gamma_{ee}\Gamma_{\mu\mu}}$$

Free from forward backward asymmetry:

$$A_{FB} = \frac{\sigma_F - \sigma_B}{\sigma_F + \sigma_B}$$

- high sensitivity;
- luminosity uncertainty free;
- partial cancellation of systematics on efficiency and background subtraction.

$\sqrt{\Gamma_{ee}\Gamma_{\mu\mu}}$  from  $\mu\mu$  cross section:

- fully energy correlated systematics cancel out in  $\sqrt{\Gamma_{ee}\Gamma_{\mu\mu}}$  evaluation.

# $\phi$ leptonic width measurement

## analysis sketch



$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$$

$r_{\text{vertex}} < 10$  cm from the I.P.

$$53^\circ < \theta < 127^\circ$$

To cut ISR and FSR background:

$W'/W > 0.95$  w' final energy of  $e^+e^-$

$$\frac{W'}{W} = \sqrt{\frac{\sin\theta_1 + \sin\theta_2 - |\sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2)|}{\sin\theta_1 + \sin\theta_2 + |\sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2)|}}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$$

$r_{\text{vertex}} < 10$  from the I.P.;

$$970 \text{ MeV} < P(\mu^+) + P(\mu^-) < 1010 \text{ MeV}$$

Total calorimeter energy  $< 700$  MeV

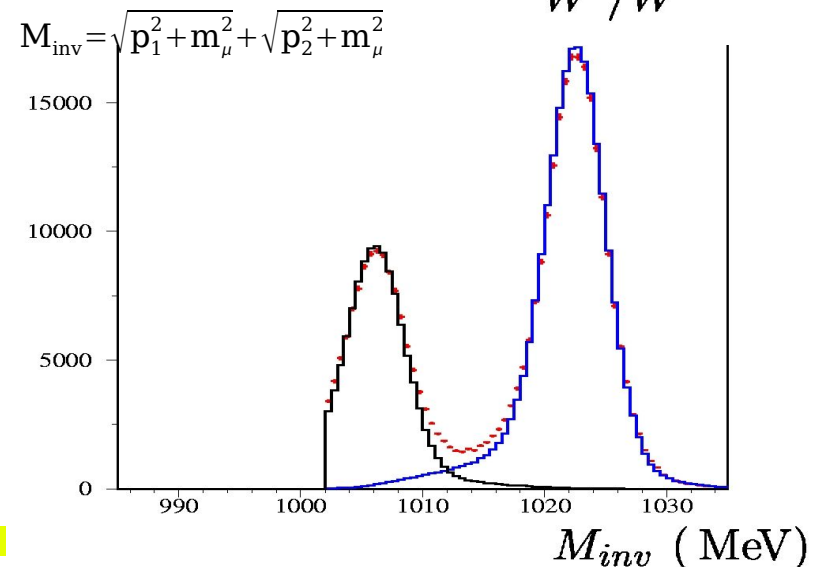
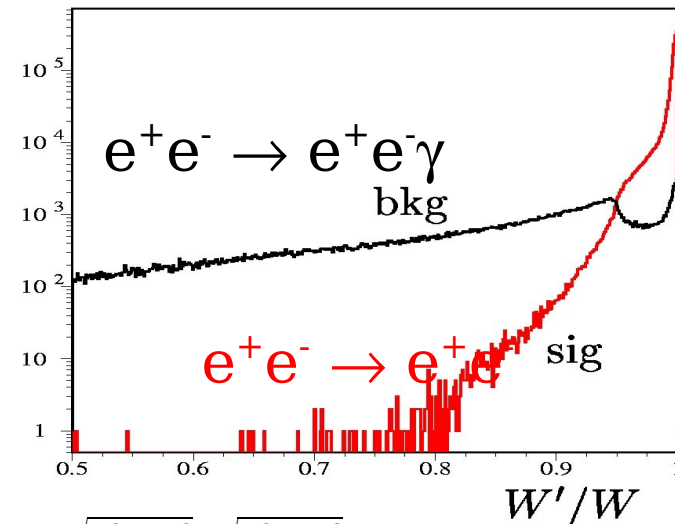
$$53^\circ < \theta < 127^\circ$$

$$W'/W > 0.985$$

(efficiency loss below 0.98)

$\pi$  contamination evaluated from data

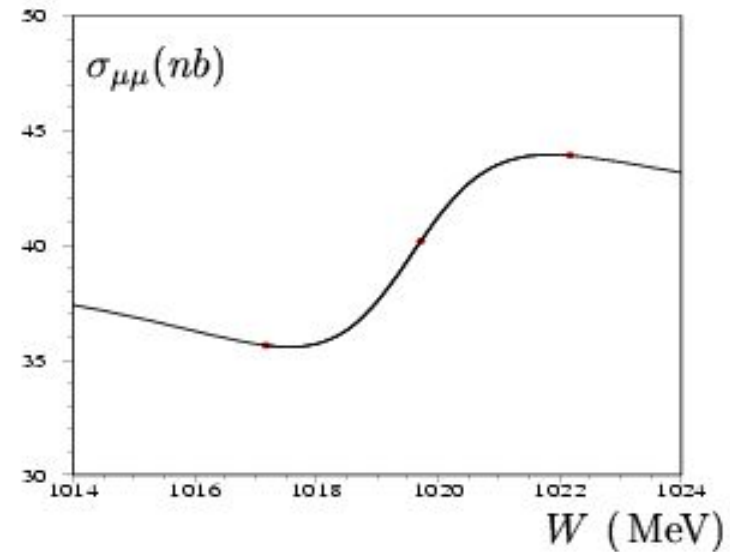
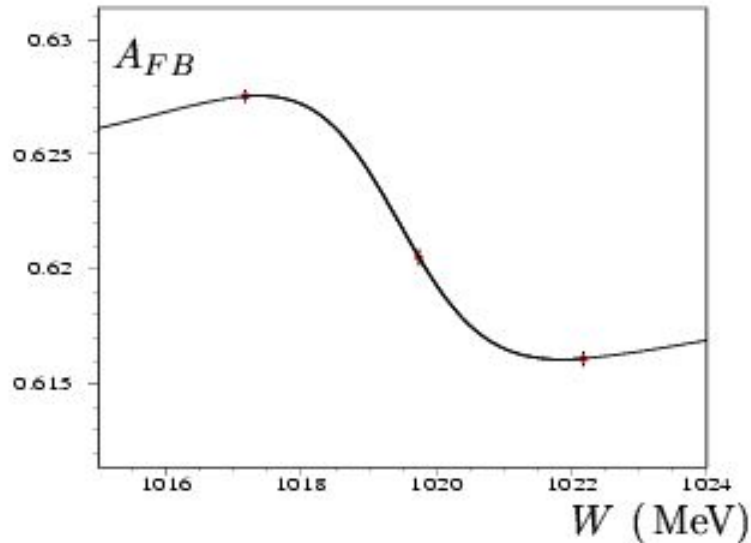
2% contamination



# $\phi$ leptonic width measurement results



KLOE PRELIMINARY



$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma_{ee} &= 1.32 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.03 \text{ keV} \\ M_\phi &= 1019.50 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.03 \text{ MeV} \\ A_{FB}(M_\phi) &= 0.6212 \pm 0.0002 \pm 0.002\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{\Gamma_{ee}\Gamma_{\mu\mu}} &= 1.320 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.016 \text{ keV} \\ M_\phi &= 1019.63 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.03 \text{ MeV} \\ \sigma(M_\phi) &= 39.2 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.4 \text{ nb}\end{aligned}$$

Lepton universality  $\Gamma_{ee} = \Gamma_{\mu\mu}$  @ 3%

$$\Gamma_{LL} = 1.320 \pm 0.017 \pm 0.015 \text{ keV}$$

# Conclusions



- ◆ a  $\phi$  factory is a clean environment where to study scalar and pseudoscalar meson physics;
- ◆ KLOE has already published in this field;
- ◆ a lot of new results are coming out.