

# ***Status report on***

$$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$$

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# ***Outline***

**Tracking efficiencies**

**PID using TOF**

**Background studies**

**Small news**

**Conclusions**

# ***Tracking efficiency***

***using  $\rho\pi$  sample*** work done together with A. De Santis

## *Sample selection*

#tracks from IP = 1 or 2

tagging tracks checked for flips

One and only one cluster pair such that:

$$t_{cl} - r_{cl}/c < \min(2 \text{ ns}, 3\sigma_t)$$

$$0.65 < \cos(\gamma\gamma) < 0.85$$

$$300 < E_{\gamma\gamma} < 600 \text{ MeV}$$

w/o associated tracks (Official TCLO)

self-triggering (on the barrel and  $E_{cl} > 70 \text{ MeV}$ )

$$|m_{\pi^0} - m_{\gamma\gamma}| < 40 \text{ MeV}$$

*Efficiency on  $\rho\pi$  stream  $\sim 0.09$*

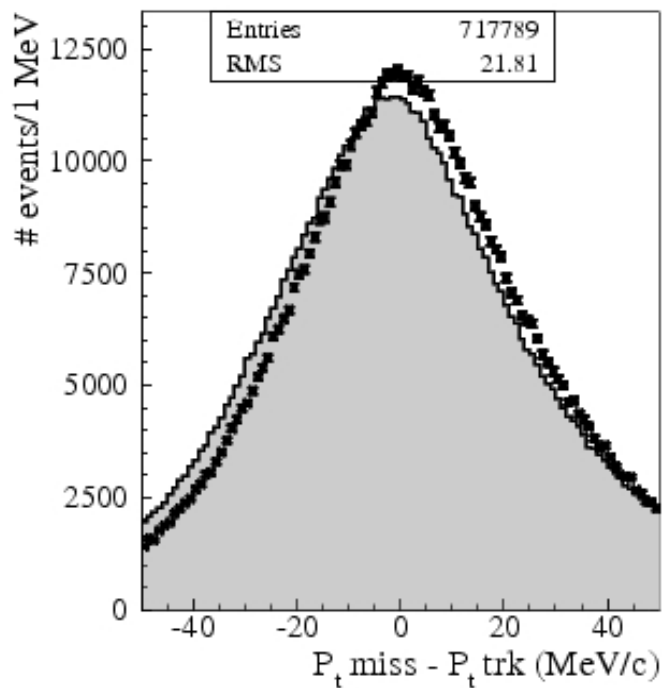
*Sample purity  $\sim 0.994$*

# Tracking efficiency

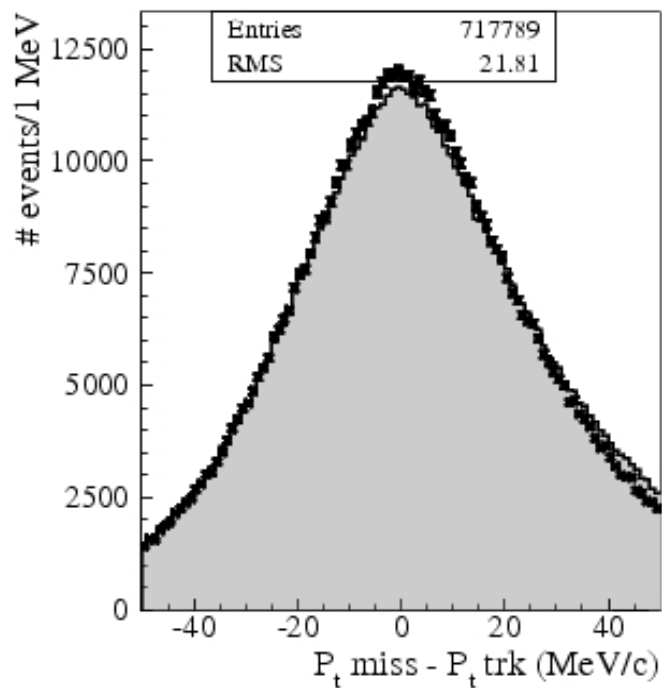
After  $\gamma\gamma$  selection, kinematic fit to  $\pi^0$  mass is applied

It improves the knowledge of the missing momentum

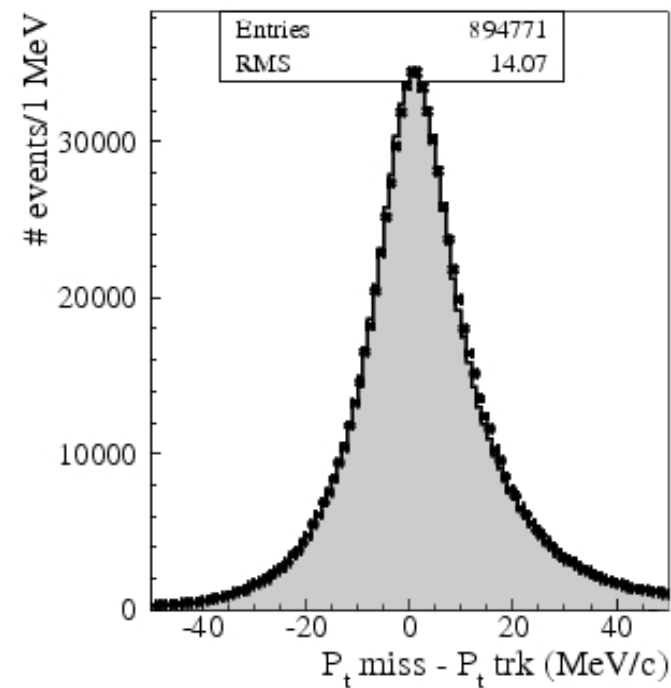
Cluster energy correction applied  $E_{\text{eff}} = 1.014 \times E_{\text{rec}}$  (KM342)



Raw



Linearization



Linear. & Fit

Dots: data

Filled: MC

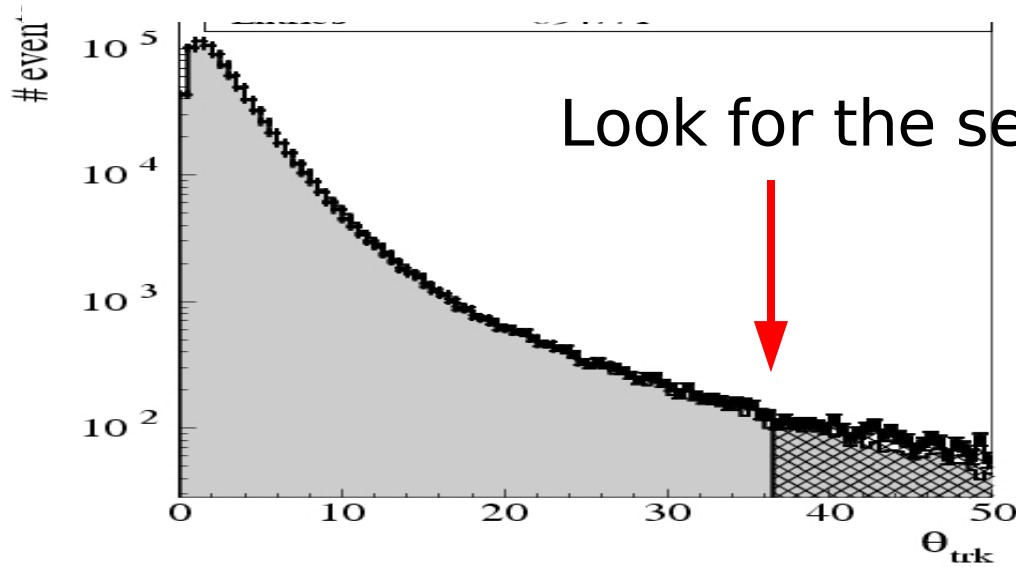
# Tracking efficiency

Multiplicity has to be considered in efficiency evaluation

$$\varepsilon_{obs} = \frac{2N_2P(C_2)}{2N_2P(C_2) + N_1P(C_1)} = \frac{2\varepsilon_1^2}{2\varepsilon_1^2 + 2\varepsilon_1(1 - \varepsilon_1)} = \varepsilon_1$$

Efficiency can be evaluated separately per charge

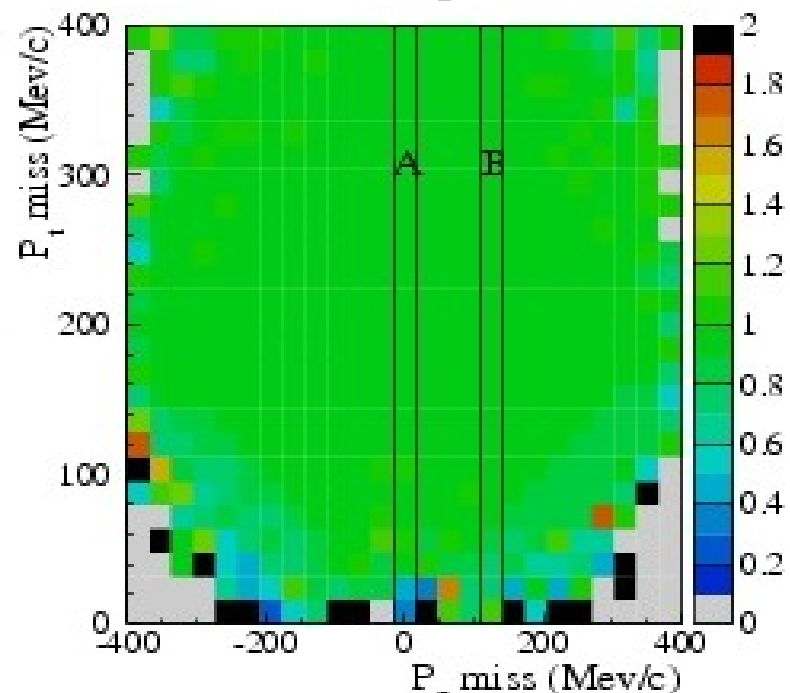
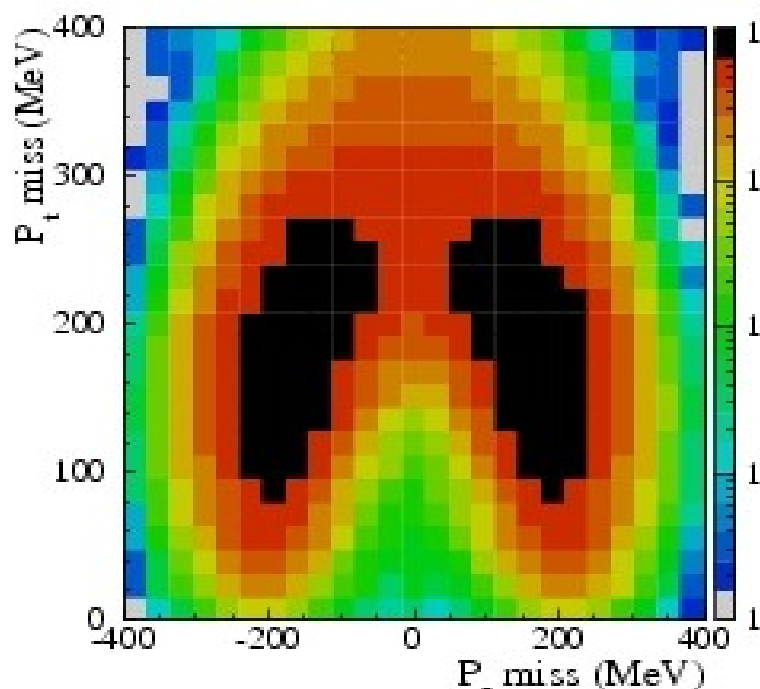
$$\varepsilon_{obs}^{\pm} = \frac{n(\pm track | \mp tag)}{n(\mp tag)} = \frac{P(C_2)}{P(C_2) + P(C_1^{\mp})} = \frac{\varepsilon_{1\pm}^2}{\varepsilon_{1\pm}^2 + \varepsilon_{1\pm}(1 - \varepsilon_{1\pm})} = \varepsilon_{1\pm}$$



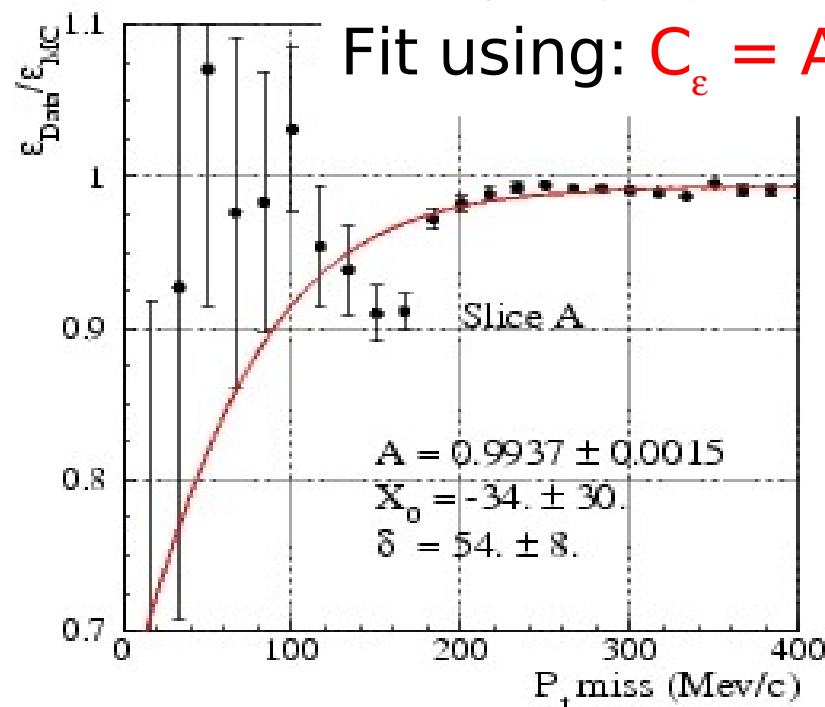
$$\cos \theta_{\text{trk}} < 0.8$$

# Tracking efficiency

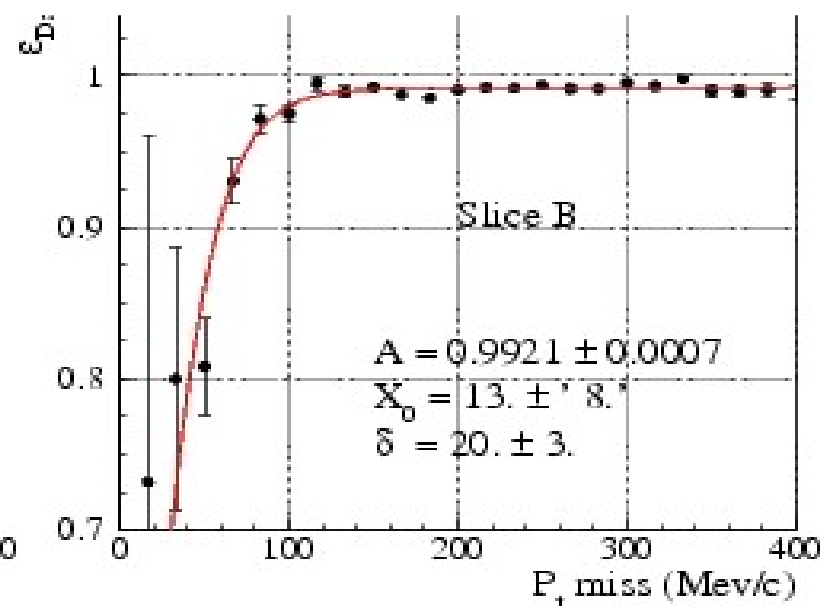
Data pointer



$$\frac{\epsilon_{\text{Data}}}{\epsilon_{\text{MC}}}$$



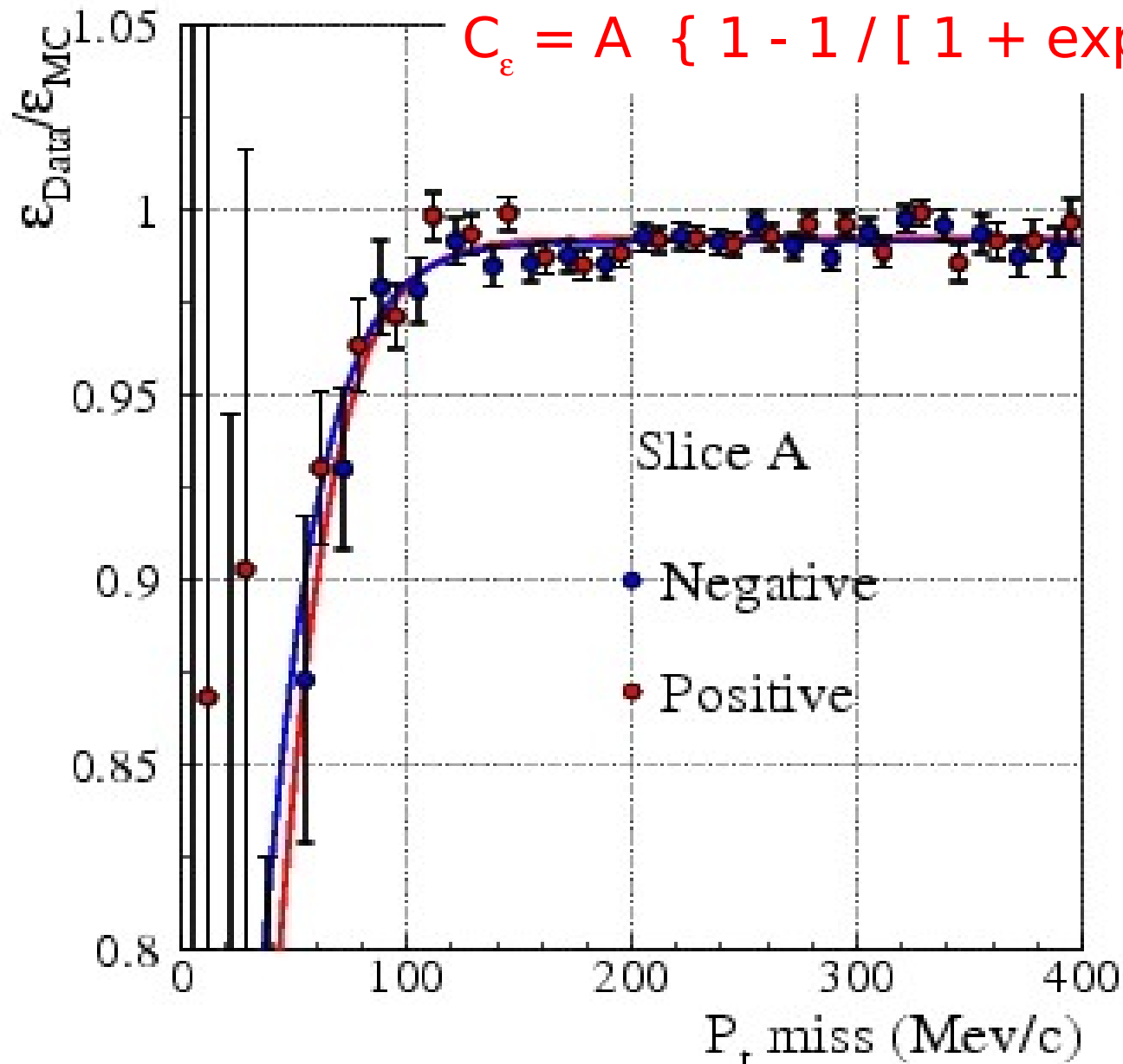
Fit using:  $C_\epsilon = A \left\{ 1 - 1 / [ 1 + \exp((X-X_0)/\delta) ] \right\}$



$$\frac{\epsilon_{\text{Data}}}{\epsilon_{\text{MC}}}$$

$$\frac{\epsilon_{\text{Data}}}{\epsilon_{\text{MC}}}$$

# Tracking efficiency



Work finished

KLOE Memo 343

Code updated:  
new ntuples  
already  
produced

# PID using TOF

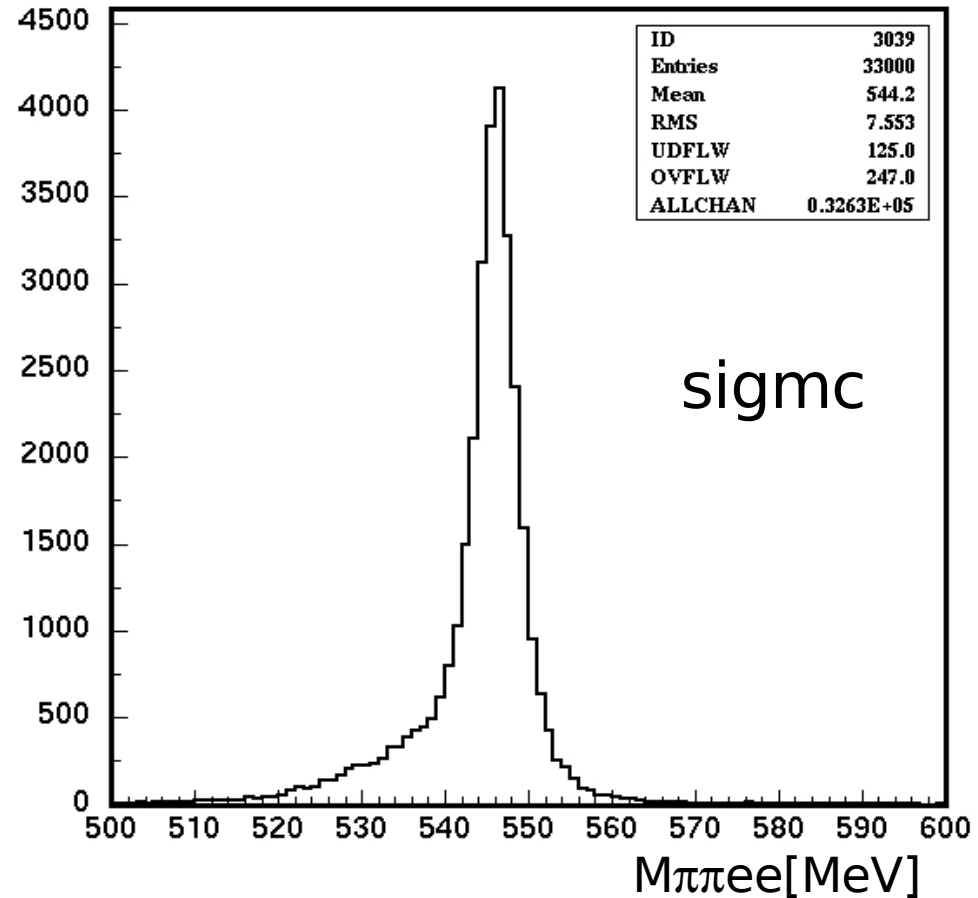
Asymmetry in  $M_{\pi\pi ee}$  spectrum  
due to *wrong mass assignment*

Can be improved using TOF

We evaluate  $\Delta t = t_{\text{track}} - t_{\text{cluster}}$   
in both electron ( $\Delta t_e$ )  
and pion ( $\Delta t_\pi$ ) hypothesis

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#tracks	4	0.04
associated	>3	0.29
to cluster	>2	0.74
and fraction	>1	0.99



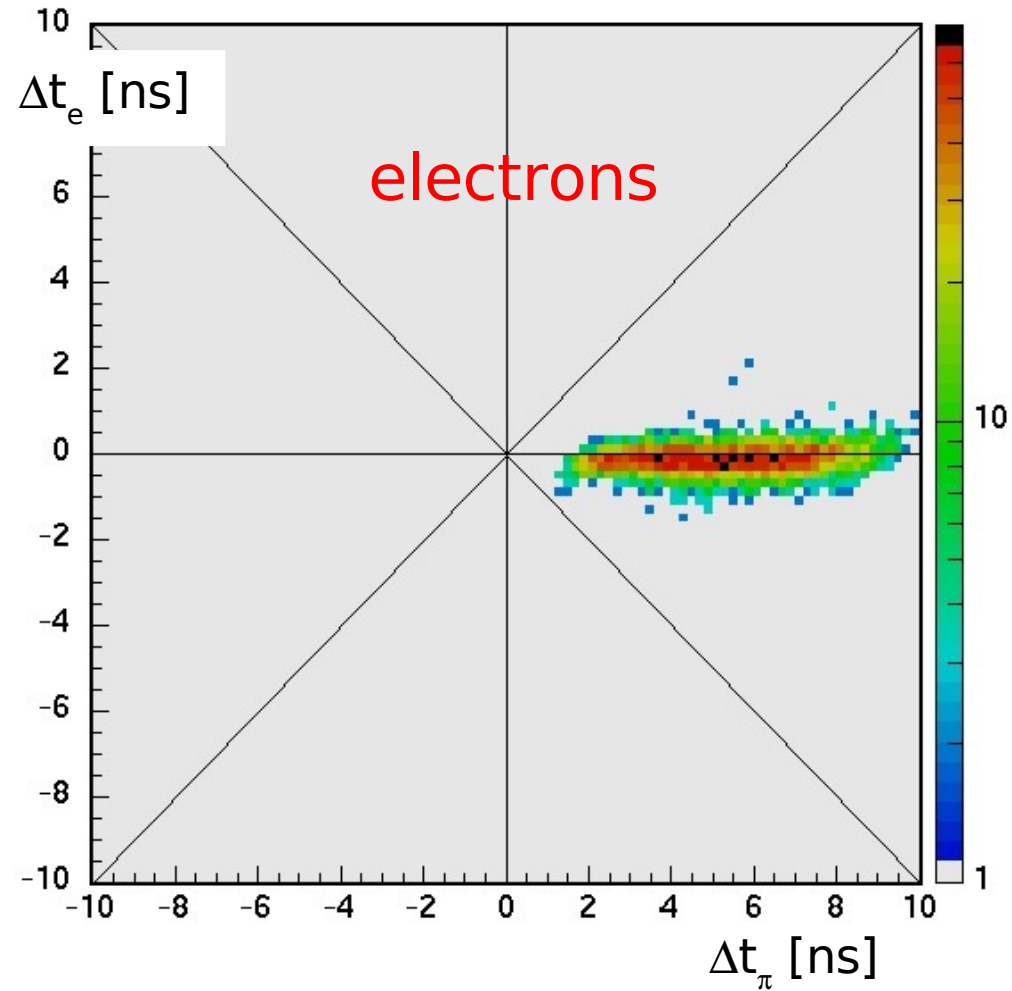
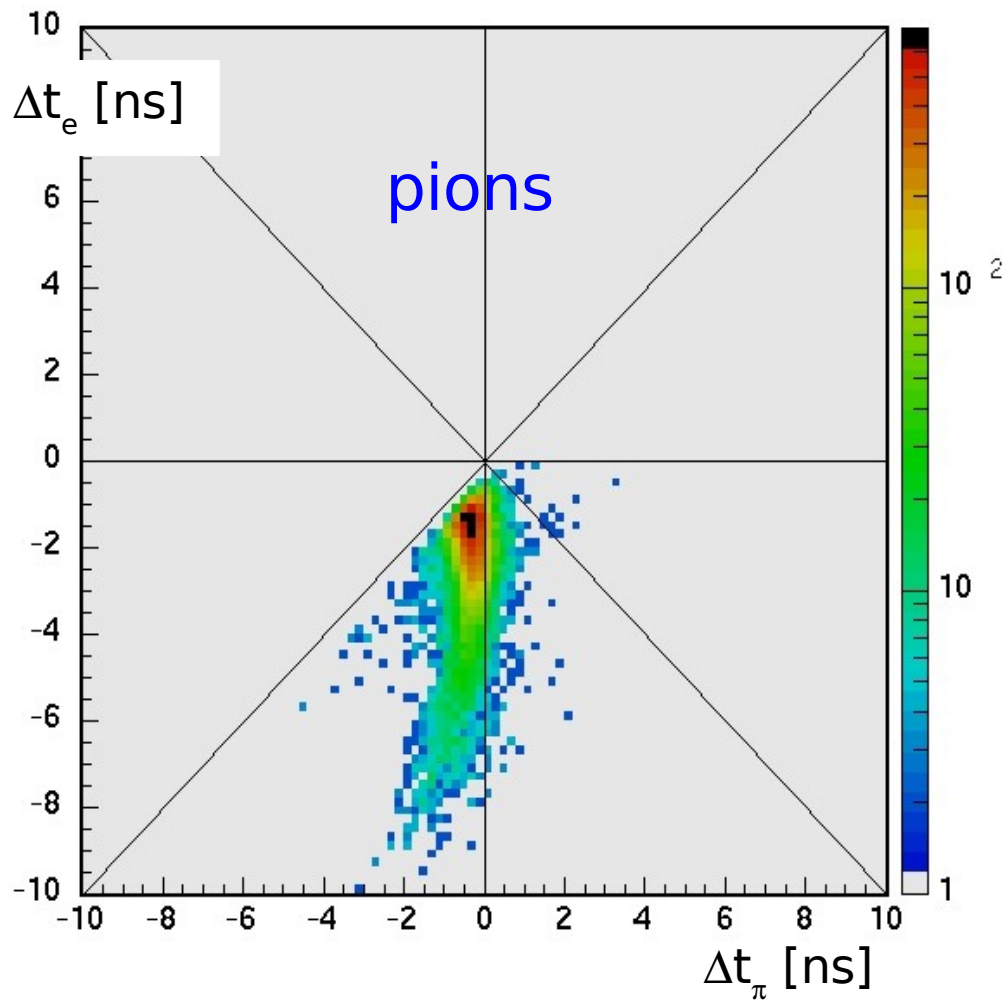
Also look for kink (i.e. decay)

Extrapolation to EMC  
using Spadaro's libraries



# ***PID using TOF***

Cool! Hm.... I mean.... powerful!



# ***PID using TOF***

## **Algorithm for mass assignment**

T#1 = Track #1

T#2 = Track #2

1-Look for track pair having the same charge and extrapolation to the calorimeter (both tracks)

T#1 with kink  $\Rightarrow$  T#1= $\pi$   
T#2 without kink  $\Rightarrow$  T#2=e

2-For all other tracks use  $\Delta t_e$  vs  $\Delta t_\pi$  to assign mass

3-Use pair's charge to solve ambiguities

# PID using TOF

## Algorithm for mass assignment

3-Use pair's charge to solve ambiguities

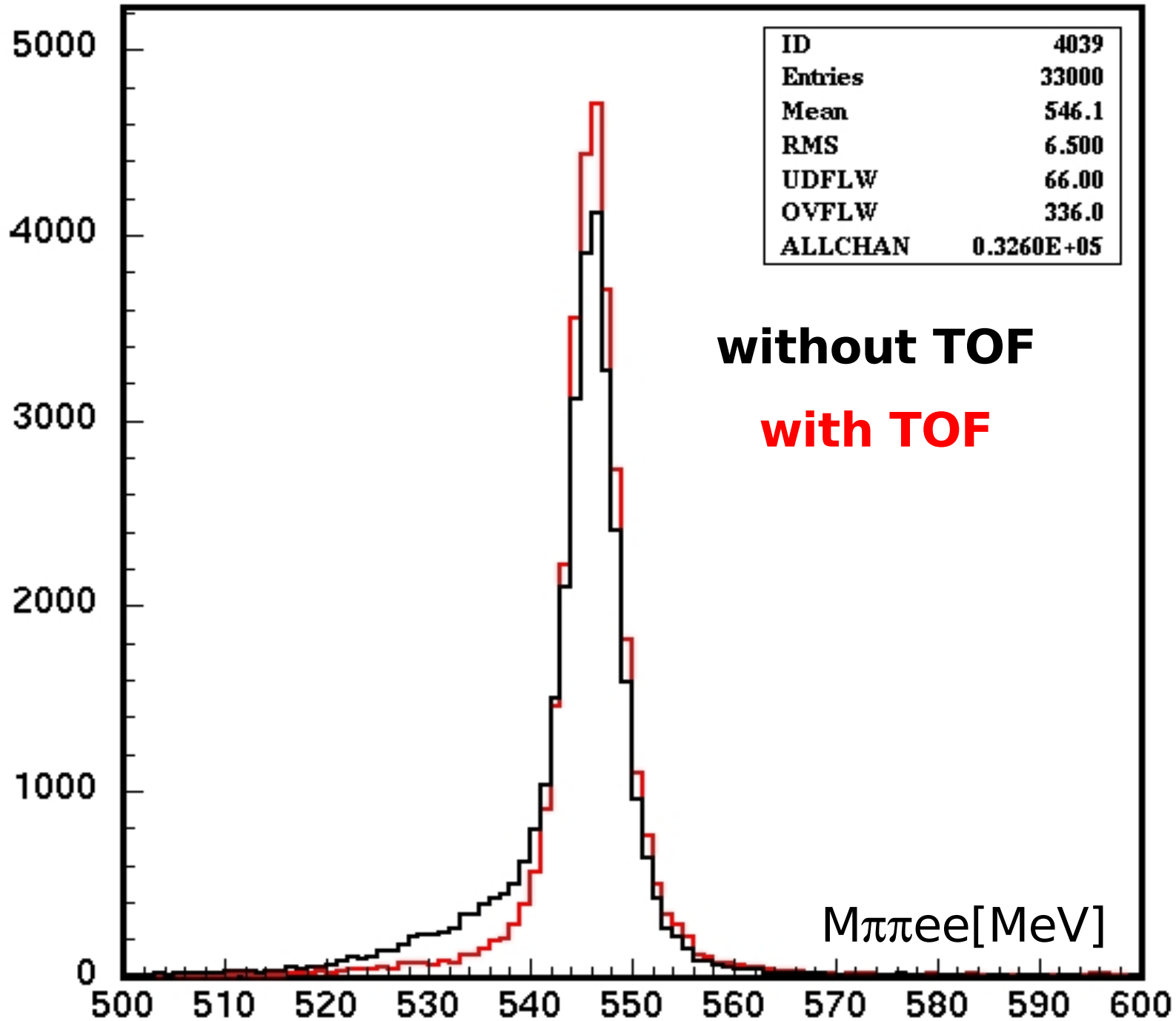
T#1	T#2	
e	e	$\min(\Delta t_e) \Rightarrow e$
e	$\pi$	ok
e	?	T#2 = $\pi$
$\pi$	e	ok
$\pi$	$\pi$	$\min(\Delta t_e) \Rightarrow e$
$\pi$	?	T#2 = e
?	e	T#1 = $\pi$
?	$\pi$	T#1 = e
?	?	if T#1 w/ kink and T#2 w/o kink

$\Rightarrow$  T#1= $\pi$  & T#2=e (and vice versa)

Ordered momenta  
are used for  
remaining  
assignment  
ambiguities



# ***PID using TOF***

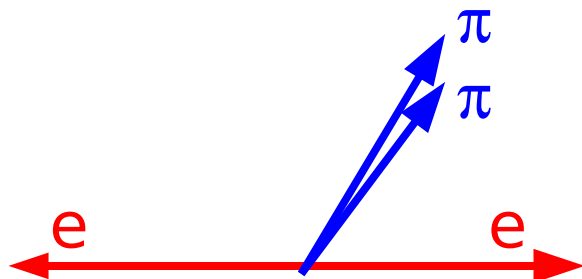


# Background studies

Simona started studying backgrounds

Aim: analysis cuts optimization

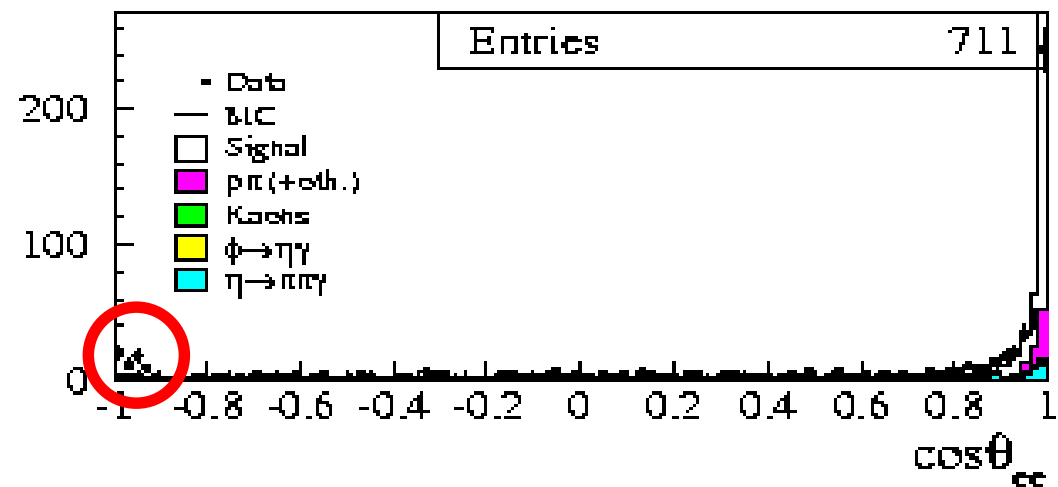
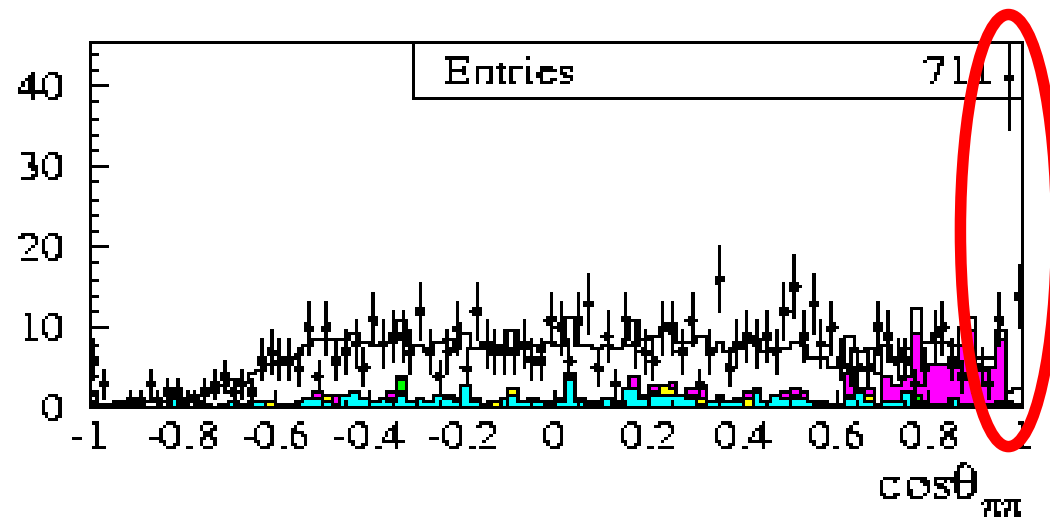
Background  
non simulated  
in all\_phys found



Radiative Bhabha?

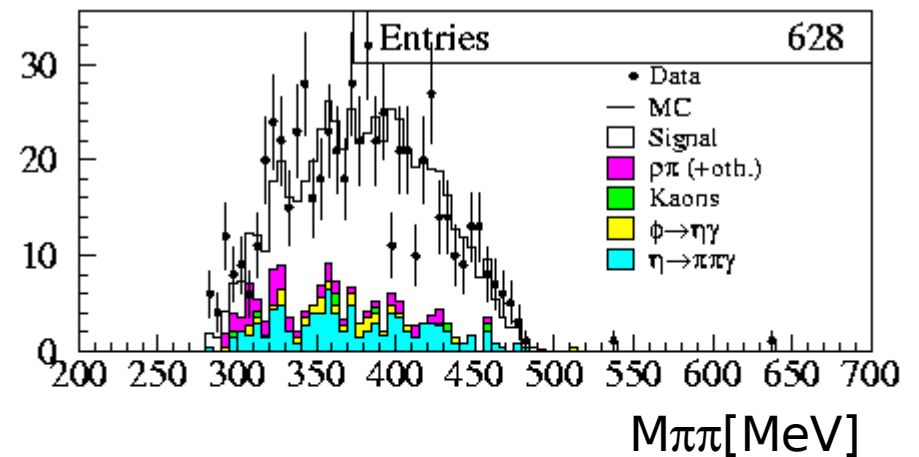
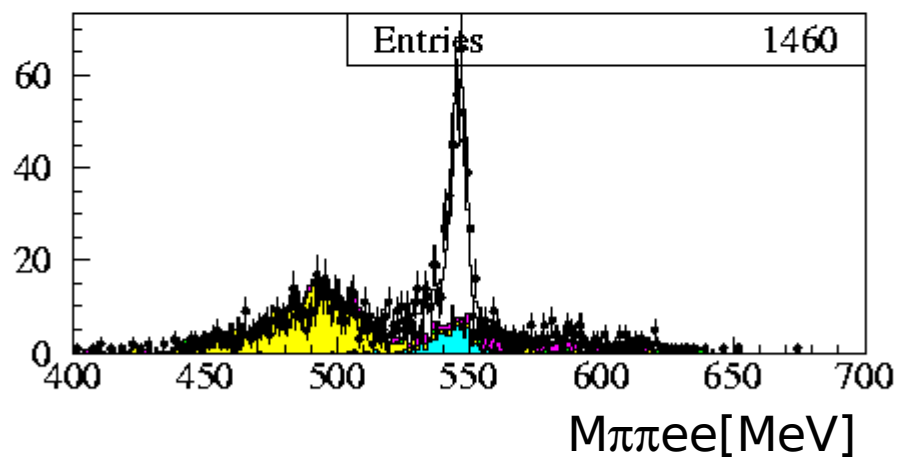
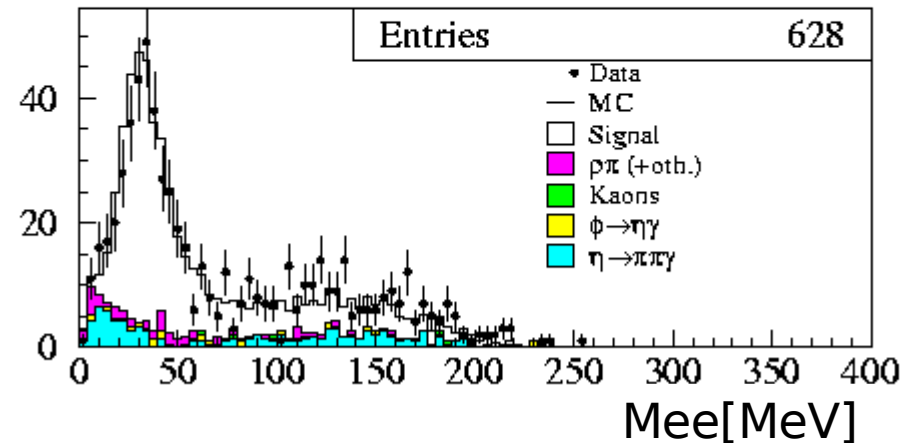
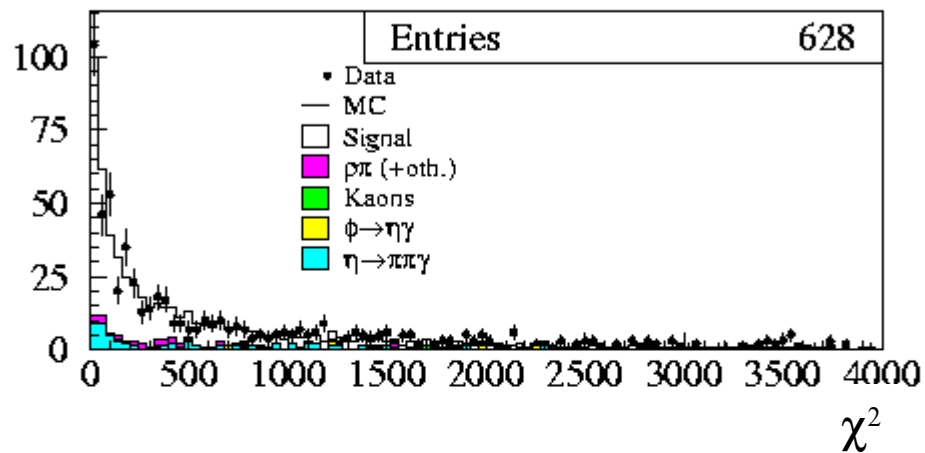
$\pi\pi\gamma$  events?

Under investigation



# Background studies

Anyway good MC-Data agreement after all cuts  
( $\chi^2$ , momenta, conv@BP,  $M_{\pi\pi ee}$ , angular cuts)



# ***Small news***

MC all\_phys2 and all\_phys3 production finished;  
ntuples already produced

eeg and ppg ntuples produced too  
(backgrounds not simulated in all\_phys)

Easter Bunny will bring  $1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of 2005 data  
reprocessed with dbv-26



# ***Conclusions***

- ✓ Correction to tracking efficiency
- ✓ PID with TOF
- ✓ MC statistics increased
- ✓ Additional backgrounds ntuples
  
- ✗ Accidental cluster veto
- ✗ Merge all the new stuff together







***Backup  
slides***

# Motivations

$\eta$  structure, using virtual photon

Model comparison (VMD,  $\chi$ PT)

**Test of CP violation: Gao model**

Mod.PhysLett.A17  
1583-1588.2002

Angular asymmetry between  $ee$  and  $\pi\pi$  planes,  $A_{CP}$ ,

can be due to unconventional CPV mechanism

described by a  $T \times V$  4 quarks operator with  $\Delta s = 0$ .

Within SM constrained by  $BR(\eta \rightarrow \pi\pi)$ ,

using the experimental upper limit:  $A_{CP} < 10^{-4}$

using theoretical prediction:  $A_{CP} \sim 10^{-15}$

CPV model predicts an upper bound of  $10^{-2}$

# ***BR: theory & experiment***

Jarlskog, Pilkuhn 1967

$$0.0065 \times \text{BR}(\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma)$$

Using PDG06  $(30.5 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-5}$

$(25.7 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-5}$  Using CLEO '07

Picciotto, Richardson 1993

$$(32 \pm 3) \times 10^{-5}$$

Faessler et al. 2000

$$36 \times 10^{-5}$$

Borasoy, Nissler 2007

$$(29.9^{+0.6}_{-0.9}) \times 10^{-5}$$

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CMD-2 (4 events)

$$(37^{+25}_{-18 \text{ stat}} \pm 3_{\text{syst}}) \times 10^{-5}$$

CELSIUS-WASA (16 events)

$$(43 \pm 13_{\text{stat}} \pm 4_{\text{syst}}) \times 10^{-5}$$

# ***Data sample***

79 pb<sup>-1</sup> data 2002

512 pb<sup>-1</sup> data 2004

110 pb<sup>-1</sup> data 2005

46 × 10<sup>3</sup> pb<sup>-1</sup> MC signal only

529 pb<sup>-1</sup> MC all\_phys 2004

1194 pb<sup>-1</sup> MC all\_phys 2005

Using mrc stream ETA4C tag

As for now, not used

More data reprocessing  
with DBV>26 is needed  
Ongoing

More MC productions  
allphys2: completed  
allphys3: completed