

Systematics on η mass measurement

Biagio Di Micco



The results actually presented at conferences have been blessed more than one year ago;

Until now we preferred to not give further preliminary result to give directly the final result;

In this way, large part of the work on systematic could not be shown until now.

We are blessing all this work and we can discuss if give another preliminary result;

Main part of these plots come from KLOE Memo n. 333







the energy momentum conservation imposes 4 constraints

the energies of the three photons are over constrained and determined by the angles through the kinematic fit.

Selection

At least 3 photons with the requirements:

$$|t - r/c| < min(5\sigma_t, 2ns)$$

 $50^\circ < \theta_\gamma < 130^\circ$
the kinematic fit is performed on all
combination and that with the

smallest χ^2 is retained.



 $\chi^2 < 35$



constraints equation

- energy-momentum conservation
- t-r/c of clusters

measured quantities

- cluster position x,y,z \sqrt{s}
- cluster energies
- cluster times

- momentum
- vertex position

from e⁺e⁻ → e⁺e⁻ 86000 ev./run

after kin. fit



the kinematic fit squeeze the distribution because of the very good angular resolution.

Biagio Di Micco

5



The photons are ordered according their energies





 $\chi^2 < 35$



Accepted region



Fit of the $\gamma\gamma$ invariant mass

DATA

Fit to the invariant mass distribution

events/(60

events/(62.5 KeV)

events/(62.5 KeV)

250

200

150

100

50

0

544

546

548

 $m_{\gamma 1 \gamma 2}$

550

552

MeV

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{double} \\ \text{gaussian} \\ \text{for } \pi^0 \end{array}$







MC



systematic checks

Cuts

Dalitz plot cut χ² photon angle dependence

azimuthal and polar angle;

vertex position vertex position determination; DC – EMC global misalignment

calorimeter energy response

energy scale knowledge deviation from linearity **fit distortion**

sqrt(s)



Dalitz cut systematic



The cut on the Dalitz produces a small distortion on the invariant mass distribution that shifts the measured mass.

The distortion is null in the limit of infinite resolution and can be easily corrected using MC.

The effect is evaluated using a toy MC that just generate η decays with a gaussian mass spectrum with σ (DATA)





cut	MC(547.78)	DATA	DATA corr
0.73-x	547,756	547,710	547,734
0.58-0.5x	547,799	547,742	547,723
0.43	547,842	547,778	547,716
0.28+0.5x	547,881	547,820	547,719
0.13+x	547,915	547,875	547,740











cut	MC(547.78)	DATA
0.73-x	547,756	547,810
0.72-x	547,753	547,821
0.71-x	547,748	547,826
0.70-x	547,744	547,820
0.69-x	547,736	547,813

11 keV systematic rms of the points without correction.











The 3 photons are boosted back in the ϕ rest frame. The normal to the plane of the 3 photons is evaluated.





A sample of $\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$ has been used to determine shifts in the vertex position and displacement between DC and EMC.

The $\pi^+ \pi^-$ vertex is compared with that coming form $e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^-$.

The tracks are extrapolated from the vertex to the calorimeter, and compared with the cluster position.







We keep the vertex from the tracking algorithm and compare it with the ee values event by event



displacement as a function of run mass measurement



The standard deviation respect to the zero value is taken as systematic

2002 EMC-DC displacement





Global systematic

Systematic due to the vertex position (cm).							
	2001		2002				
coord.	rms I.P	DC-calo	DC-calo	rms I.P	DC-calo	DC-calo	tot. syst.
		al. π^+	al. π^-		al. π^+	al. π^-	
х	0.010	0.04	0.034	0.014	0.062	0.056	0.056
У	0.006	0.12	0.08	0.008	0.13	0.088	0.088
Z	0.046	0.16	0.17	0.061	0.22	0.28	0.22

Uncertainty on the mass values (fractional error)

	$m_{\eta} \; (\times 10^{-6})$	$m_{\pi} \ (\times 10^{-6})$	$m_{\eta}/m_{\pi}~(\times 10^{-6})$
V_X	1.8	15	15
V_Y	7	22	27
V_Z	4	37	35
overall	8	45	47



500

450

400

350

300

250

200

150

MeV

The same $\pi\pi\gamma$ sample can be used to check the energy response of the calorimeter, comparing the g energy evaluated from the $\pi\pi$ tracks with the cluster energy. $E_{clu} = 0.994 x E_{true} - 0.2 \text{ MeV}$

linearity deviation are 2% at most.

Applying these correction we find: . energy scale $\delta m/m = 8 \times 10^{-6}$ (4 keV) lin. dev. $\delta m/m = 7 \times 10^{-6}$ (4 keV)





Biagio Di Micco





To check possible distortions due to the algorithm itself.

$$M_{fit} = M_{input} + (41 \pm 3) \text{ keV/c}^2$$

 $\chi^2/\text{n.d.f} = 0.32$

50pb⁻¹ for each point

linearity is perfect. A correction for the constant term is needed.







GEANFI

DUMMY SMEARING

This effect produce a correction of -52 keV, to be conservative we assume 26 keV error for the moment.



We can compute

$$M_{_{\mathcal{Y}\mathcal{Y}}} = \sqrt{2 \, E_1 E_2 (1 - \cos \theta)}$$

Smearing according the previous distribution.

$$\Delta m_{\eta} \sim 30 \text{ keV}$$



Unluckily the residuals are not sensitive to these distortions.

DATA MC-DUMMY GEANFI





systematic effect	$m_{\eta} \; (\text{keV})$	m_{π^0} (keV)	m_η/m_π $\times 10^{-5}$
Calorimeter energy constants	4	1	5.6
Calorimeter not linearity	4	11	31
Vertex position	4	6	19
Angular uniformity ϕ	15	12	37
Angular uniformity θ	10	44	120
Dalitz slope + fit dist.	26	33	81
Dalitz plot cut (constant)	12	1.9	10
$\chi^2 { m cut}$	0.7	4	13
overall	35	58	154

Fit quality (data sample divided in 8 periods)

η













Fit results					
Value Error $\chi_0^2/n.d.f$ (7 n.d.f) Prob($\chi^2 >$					
m_η	$547825~{\rm keV}$	$7 \ \mathrm{keV}$	1.5	17%	
m_{π^0}	$134965~{\rm keV}$	11 keV	1.8	9%	
m_η/m_π	4.05901	0.00034	2.1	4.4%	



The mass shows an high sensitivity to the sqrt(s) value.





The absolute scale of the \sqrt{s} is obtained fitting the cross section $e^+e^- \rightarrow K_s K_L$ (ϕ line shape).



The ratio m_{ϕ} (CMD-2)/ m_{ϕ} (KLOE) is used to set the absolute \sqrt{s} scale.



	value	correction	final value
m_η	547825	-52	547773
m_{π^0}	134965	-67	134898
m_η/m_{π^0}	4.05901	+0.00164	4.06065

sqrt(s) not affected estimate:

 $\frac{m_{\eta}}{m_{\pi^0}} = 4.06065 \pm 0.00034 \text{(stat.)} \pm 0.00154 \text{(syst.)}$

$$(m_{\pi^0} = 1349766 \pm 0.6 \text{ keV})$$

 $m_{\eta} = 548093 \pm 46 \pm 207 \text{ keV}$

 $\frac{m_{\eta}}{m_{\phi}} = 0.537386 \pm 0.000007 (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.000034 (\text{syst.}) \pm 0.000006 (m_{\phi} \text{ stat.})$

$$\frac{m_{\pi^0}}{m_{\phi}} = 0.132340 \pm 0.000011 \text{(stat.)} \pm 0.000057 \text{(syst.)} \pm 0.000001 (m_{\phi} \text{ stat.)}$$

 $m_{\pi^0} = 134918 \pm 11 \pm 58 \pm 1 \pm 1.4 (\text{CMD2 stat.}) \pm 3 (\text{CMD2 syst.}) \quad \text{keV} \quad \Delta_{\text{PDG}} = 1\sigma$ $m_{\eta} = 547856 \pm 7 \pm 35 \pm 6 \pm 6 (\text{CMD2 stat.}) \pm 14 (\text{CMD2 syst.})$



434 pb⁻¹ Using the Br evaluated on 2002 data. 60 events/(6 MeV/c²) □ background ■ $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$ ¹/₂ 2005 statistics 600 pb⁻¹ 50 120 events/(6 MeV/c²) 40 $\pm 1\sigma$ signal 100 30 bkg 80 20 60 10 40 0 480 500 520 540 560 580 600 460 440 MeV/c^2 m (4 y) 20 $Br(\eta \rightarrow \pi^{0}\gamma\gamma) = (8.4 \pm 2.7_{stat} \pm 1.4_{svst}) \times 10^{-5}$ A 460 **480** 540 560 580 600 440 520 500 MeV/c^2 **m (4**γ) $m(\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma)$ MC shape from rad04

Results and systematics KLOE PRELIMINARY

the energy calibration has been determined using $\pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ and $e^+e^-\gamma$ events, radiative return the calorimeter calibration is know at better than 2% and threshold $\delta m/m = 11 \times 10^{-6}$ (6 keV) on the η mass. effects included ross section (µb) in the fit Systematic due to the vertex position 0.8 determination have been also evaluated, the 0.6 sqrt(s) is calibrated by fitting the ϕ line shape. 0.4 $m(\phi) = 1019.483 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.025$ CMD-2 Phys. Lett. B578, 285 0.2 = $(134990 \pm 6_{stat} \pm 30_{syst})$ keV $M(\pi^0)$ 1015 1020 1025 1030 W (MeV) $M(\pi^0)_{PDG} = (134976.6 \pm 0.6) \text{ keV}$ $M(\eta) = (547822 \pm 5_{stat} \pm 69_{syst}) \text{ keV}$ χ² NA48 compatibility: 0.24 σ KLOE Independent measurement with the $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ GEM 05 33 32 decay mode in progrees: NA48 02 2.87 MAMI 95 $m = 547.95 \pm 0.15 \text{ MeV/ } c^2$ SATURNE 92 29 (veryⁿ preliminary fully in RL 74 0.18

547.5

(MeV)

546.5

547

mass

548

548.5

549

549

agreement with the $\gamma\gamma$ channel)

Results and systematics

KLOE PRELIMINARY

Systematic due to the vertex position determination have been also evaluated, the sqrt(s) is calibrated by fitting the ϕ line shape.

 $m(\phi) = 1019.483 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.025$ CMD-2 Phys. Lett. B578, 285

 $M(\pi^{0}) = (134990 \pm 6_{stat} \pm 30_{syst}) \text{ keV}$ $M(\pi^{0})_{PDG} = (134976.6 \pm 0.6) \text{ keV}$

 $M(\eta) = (547822 \pm 5_{stat} \pm 69_{syst}) \text{ keV}$

Systematics dominated by \sqrt{s} knowledge NA48 compatibility: 0.24 σ Cross check with $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ decay mode: $m_\eta = 547.95 \pm 0.15$ MeV/ c^2



