

Status report on $a_0 \rightarrow \eta \pi^0$

P.Gauzzi, R.Volpe

Data sample

- 2001 + 2002 data: 402 pb^{-1} (157 + 245)
- New ntuple production with correct energy and time resolutions:

$$\sigma_E/E = 5.7\%/\sqrt{E} \quad \text{barrel}$$
$$6.1\%/\sqrt{E} \quad \text{endcap}$$

$$\sigma_t = 55 \text{ ps}/\sqrt{E} \oplus 140 \text{ ps} \quad \text{barrel}$$
$$60 \text{ ps}/\sqrt{E} \oplus 140 \text{ ps} \quad \text{endcap}$$

MC rad04

- MC rad04 production used ($L \times 5$)
- Only data runs with corresponding MC runs have been analyzed
- Corrected energy and time resolutions (slightly different from data)
- Energy scale corrections applied

	offset(MeV)	slope
Barrel	-2.84±0.03	0.9868±0.0002
EC-Central	-2.25±0.09	1.0500±0.0005
EC-Long	-3.31±0.04	0.9817±0.0002
EC-Short	-4.3±0.2	0.935±0.001

- Correction for accidentals applied (according to Stefano and Matteo tables)

Background subtraction

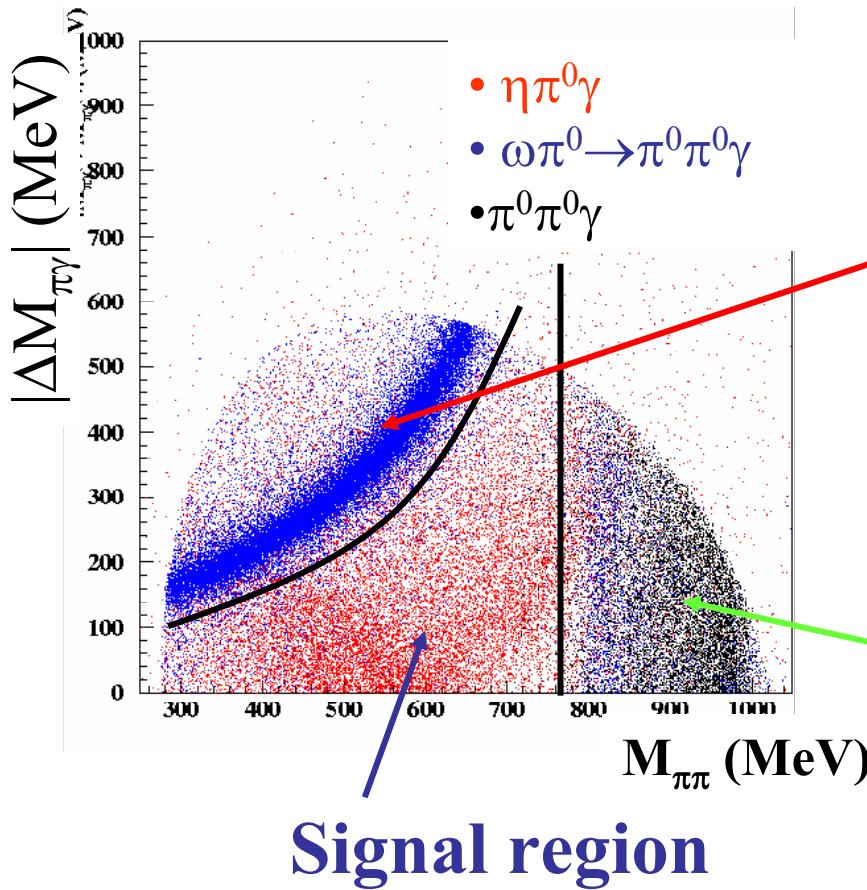
- Main problem of this analysis is that $\sim 50\%$ of the final sample is background
- Main background processes: $\eta\gamma$ ($\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$)
 $\pi^0\pi^0\gamma$ ($f_0 + \omega\pi^0$)
- MC cross sections (nb) from a sample of ~ 30 pb $^{-1}$:

	MC	expected
$\omega\pi^0$	0.75	0.50
$f_0\gamma$	0.27	0.36 ?
$\eta\gamma$ ($\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$)	13.5	13.8
$\eta\gamma$ ($\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$)	16.2	16.9
$\pi^0\gamma$	4.1	4.1
$\eta\gamma$ ($\eta \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma\gamma$)	0.03	~ 0.003

}

weights have to be
determined

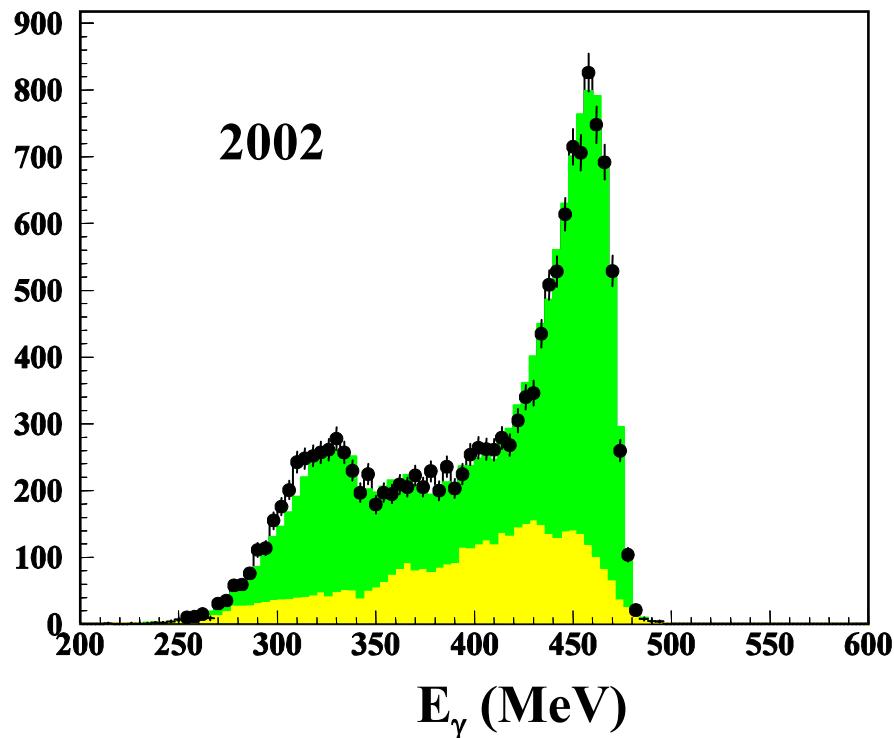
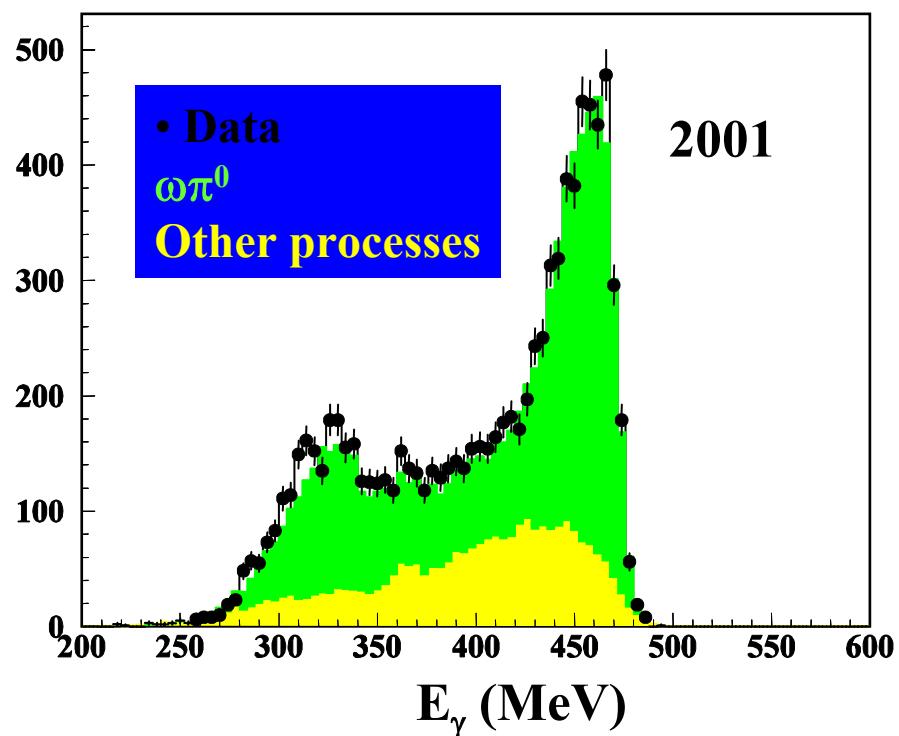
$\omega\pi^0$ and $f_0\gamma$



$\omega\pi^0$: select that region
and fit the E_γ distribution
(γ from $\omega \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma$)

Region dominated by f_0 :
select events with
 $M_{\pi\pi} > 800$ MeV

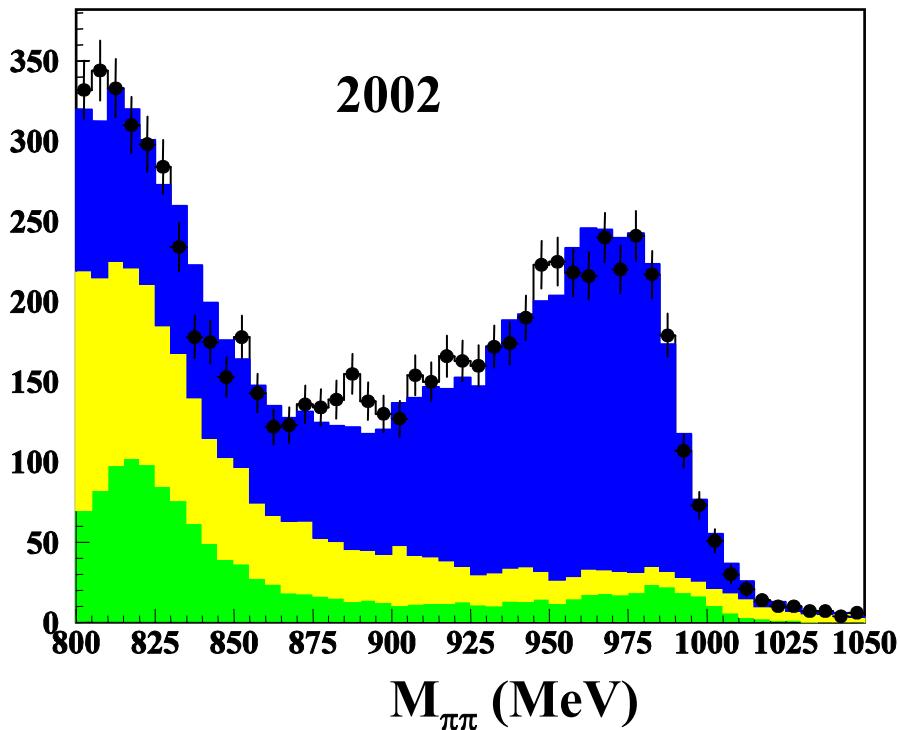
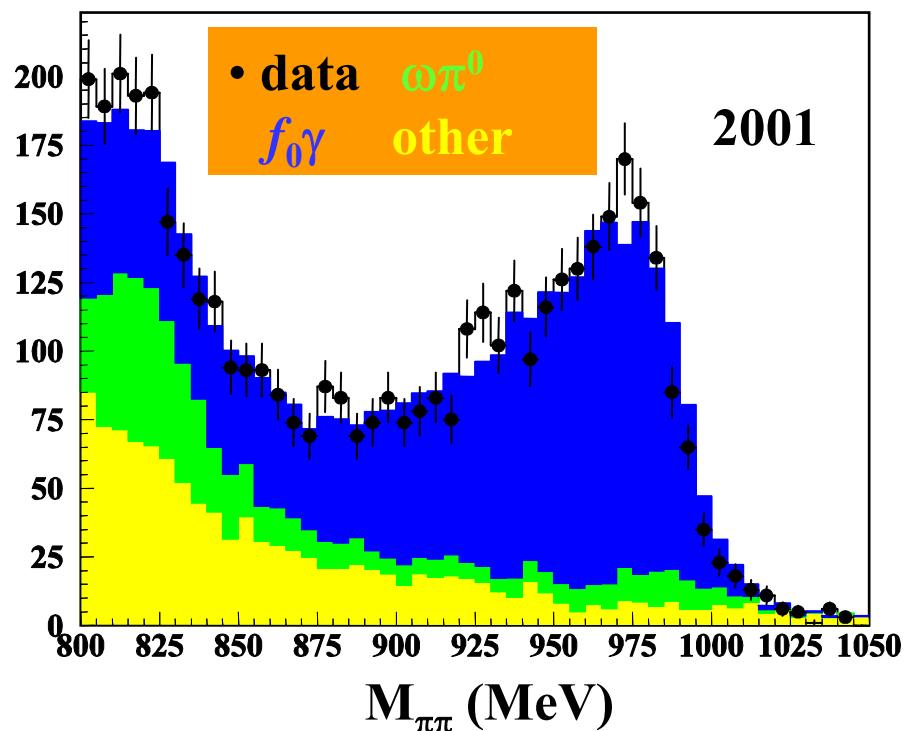
$\omega\pi^0$



- Fit results:
 - 2001 2002
 - ($\omega\pi^0$ %) 70.4 ± 2.0 71.8 ± 1.6
 - 71.3% (average) \Rightarrow weight = 0.659 ± 0.011

(0.5 nb / 0.75 nb = 0.67 expected)

*f*₀γ



- Fit results ($\omega\pi^0$ is fixed):

2001 2002

$$f_0\gamma \text{ \%} \quad 60.2 \pm 2.2 \quad 59.6 \pm 1.7$$

average = 59.8% ⇒ weight = 1.394 ± 0.033

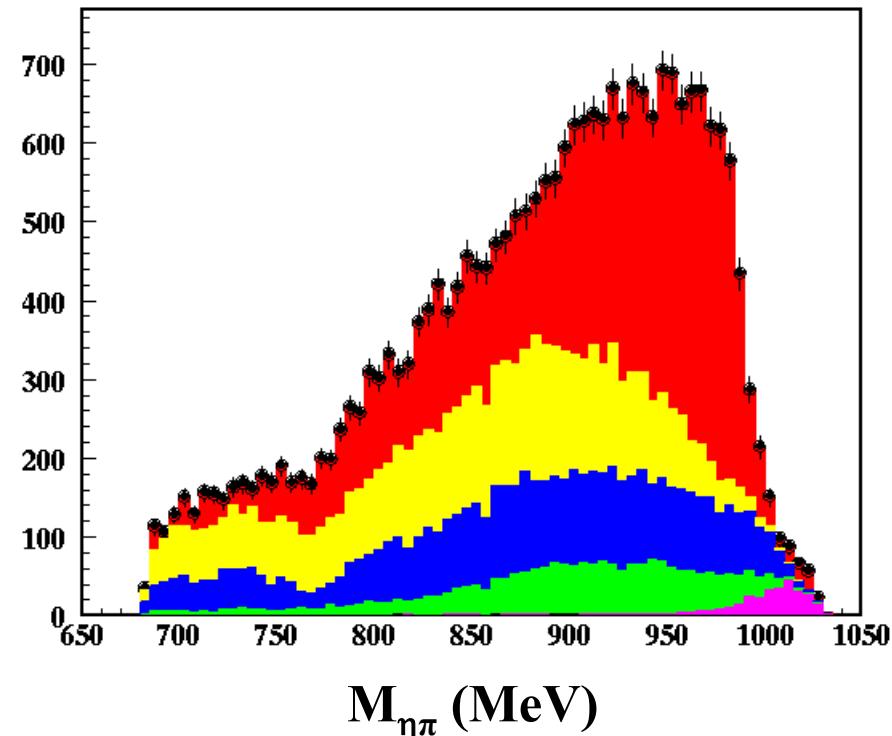
(0.36 nb/0.27nb = 1.38 expected)

Background subtraction

- We use the weights determined for $\omega\pi^0$ and $f_0\gamma$
- For the moment we use the number of expected events from MC for $\eta\gamma$ ($\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$, $\gamma\gamma$)
- For $\eta\gamma$ ($\eta \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma\gamma$) we use a weight = 0.1
(very small contribution)

Final sample

	2001+ 2002
Data	25351
$\omega\pi^0$	2072
$f_0\gamma$	5005
$\eta\gamma$ ($\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$)	6319
$\eta\gamma$ ($\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$)	306
$\eta\gamma$ ($\eta \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma\gamma$)	78
Total Bckg.	13780
Signal	11531

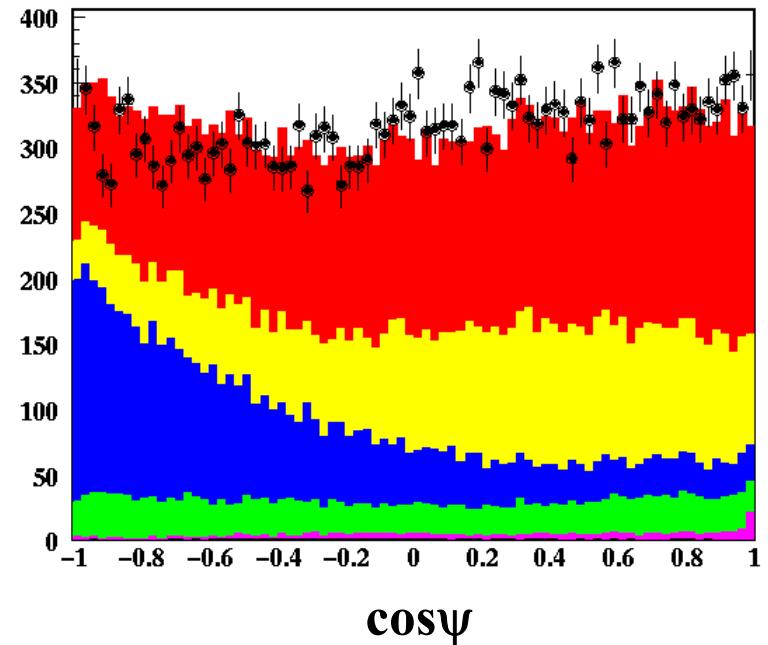
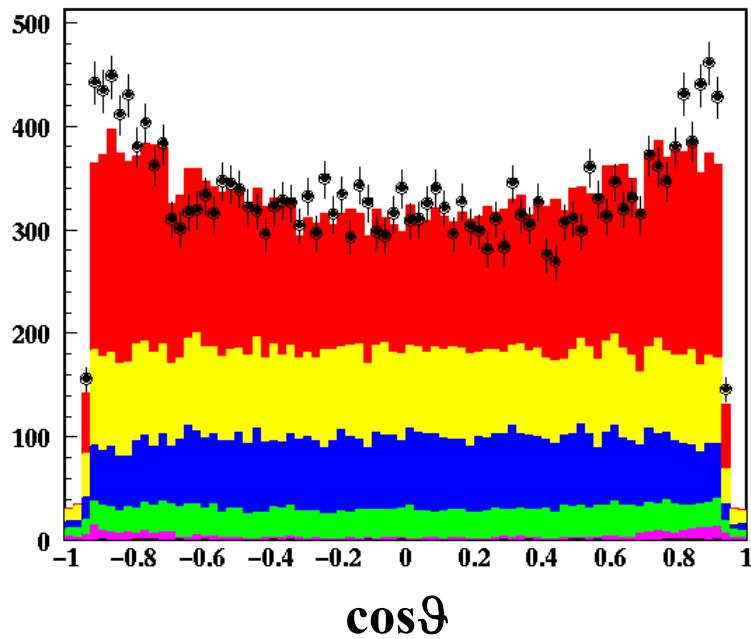


Final sample

- Data MC $a_0\gamma$
- $\omega\pi^0$
- $f_0\gamma$

$\eta\gamma (\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0)$

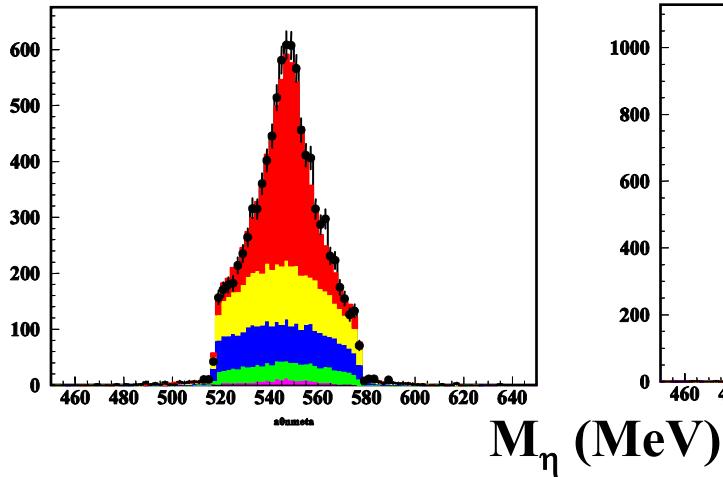
$\eta\gamma (\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$



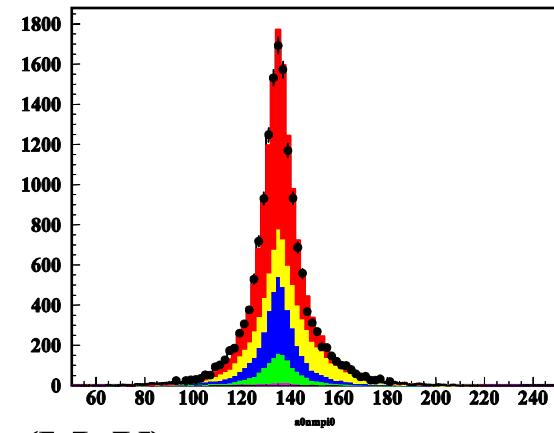
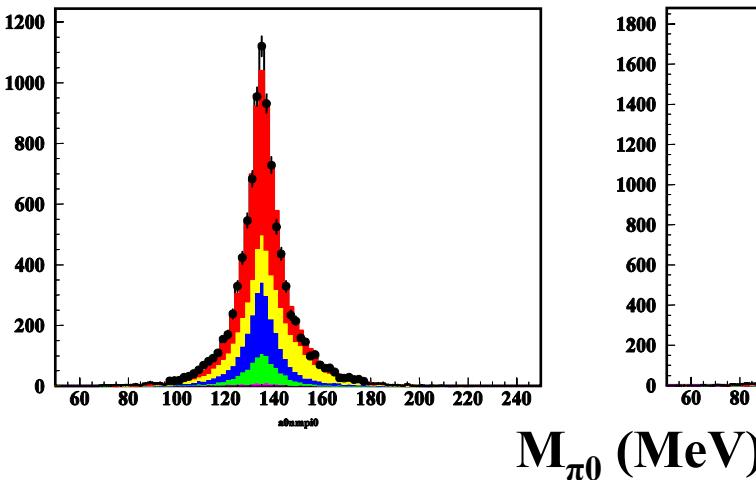
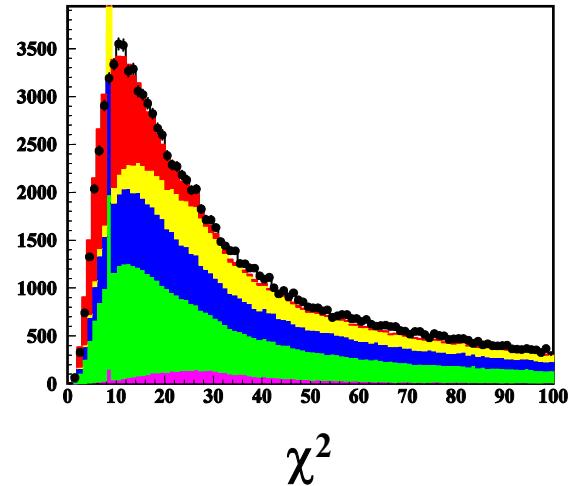
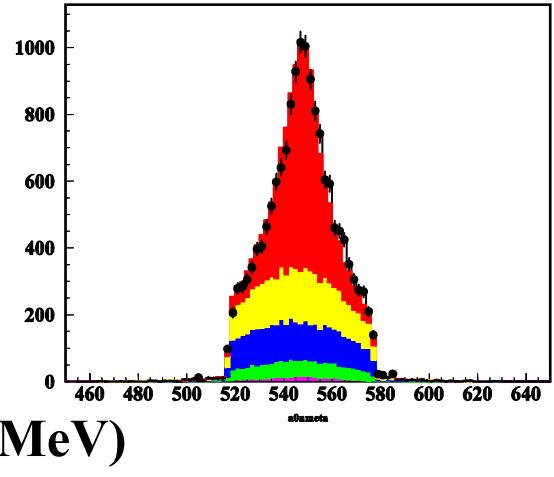
- Still some data-MC discrepancy: are we subtracting too much f_0 ?

Data-MC comparison

2001



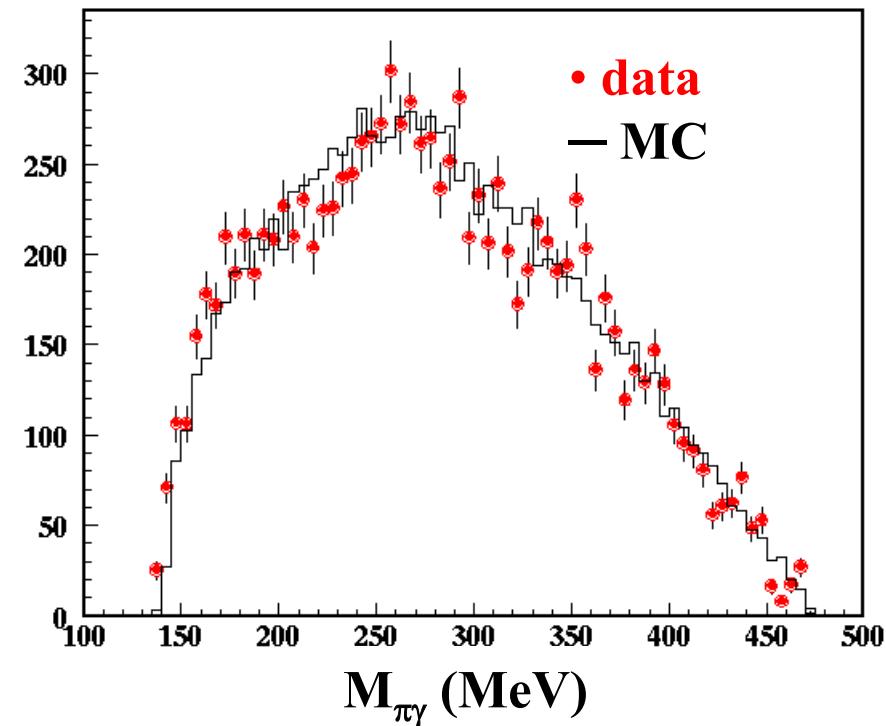
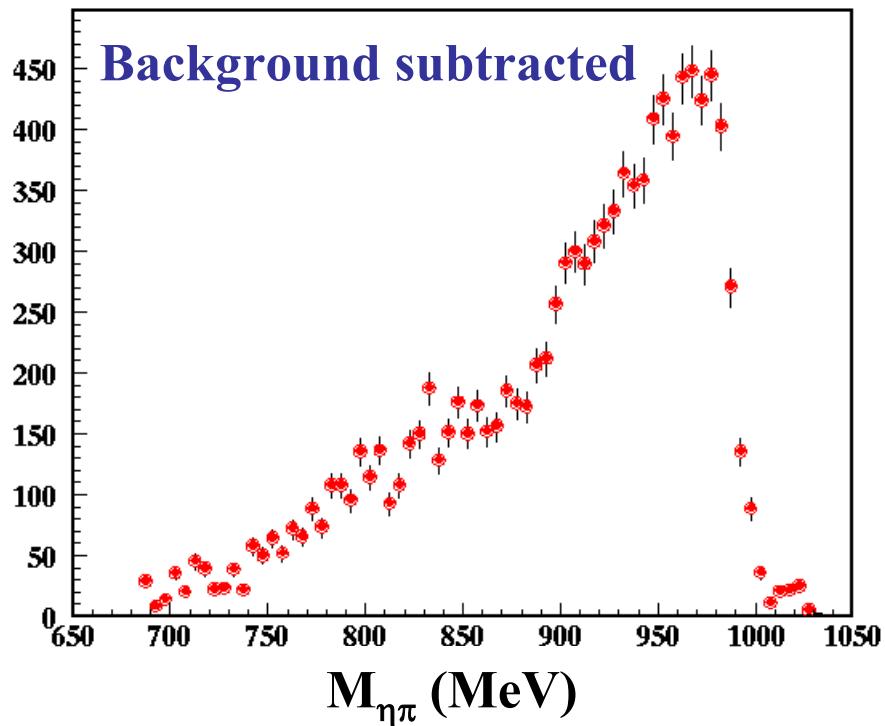
2002



• Data

MC $a_0\gamma$
 $\omega\pi^0$
 $f_0\gamma$
 $\eta\gamma (\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0)$
 $\eta\gamma (\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$

Final sample



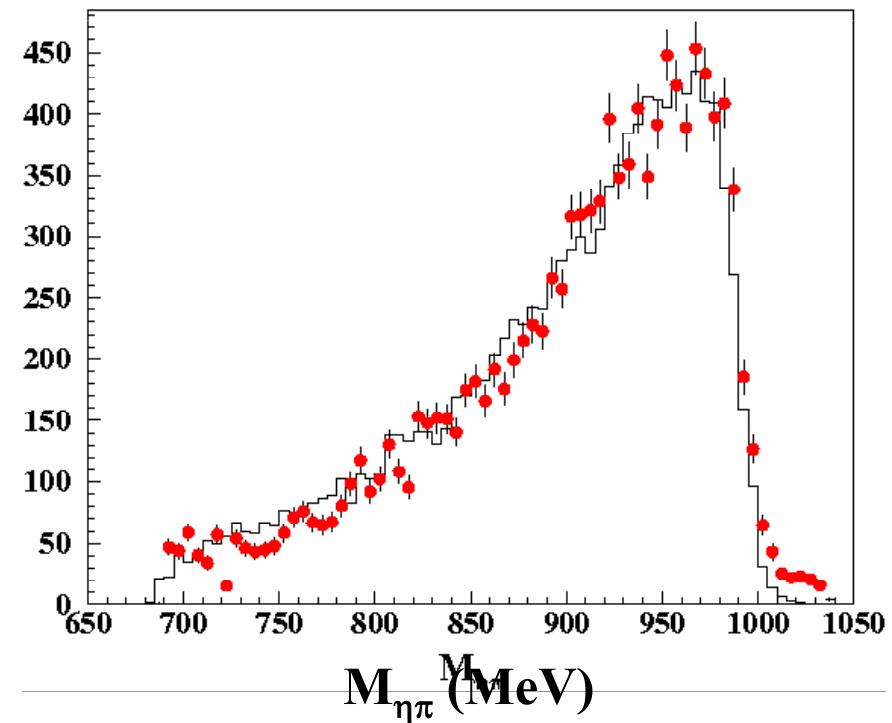
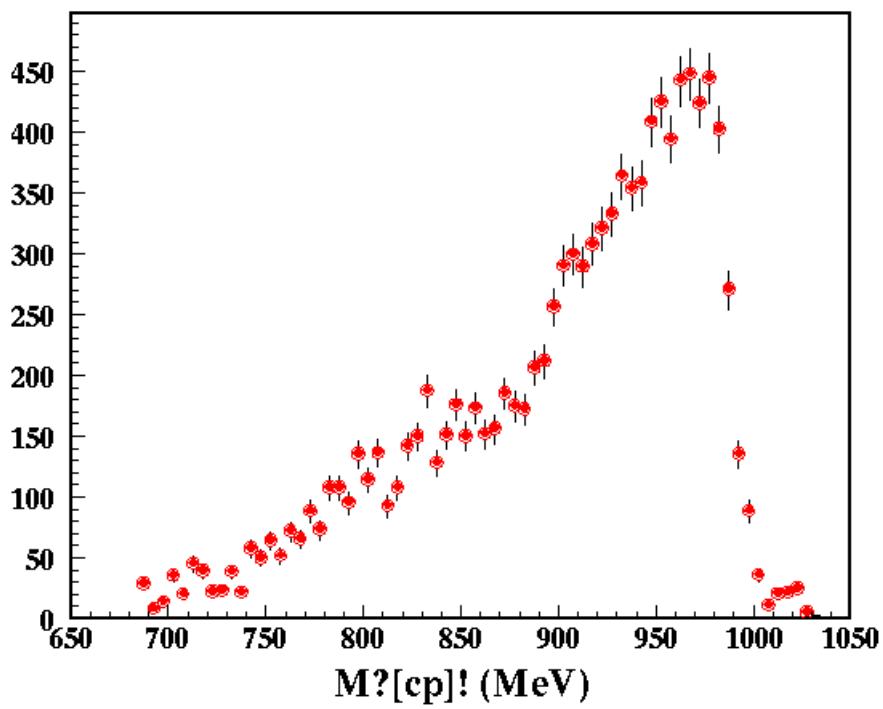
Br evaluation

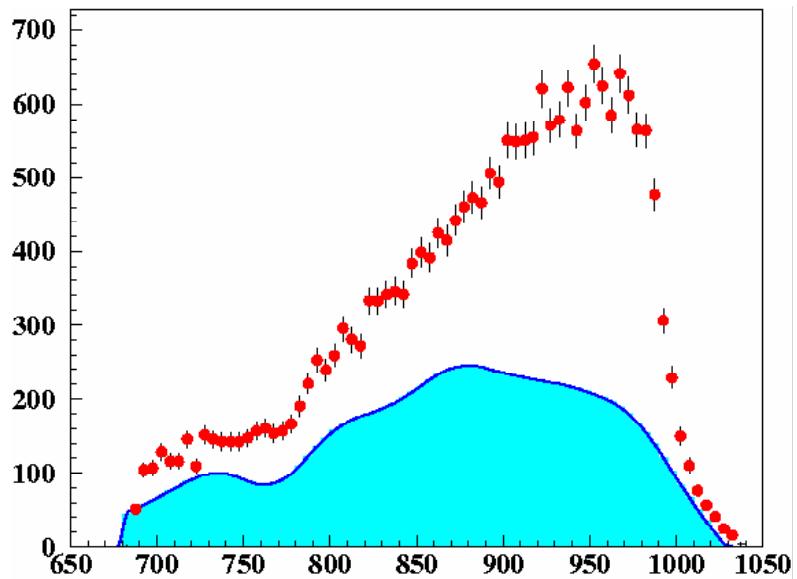
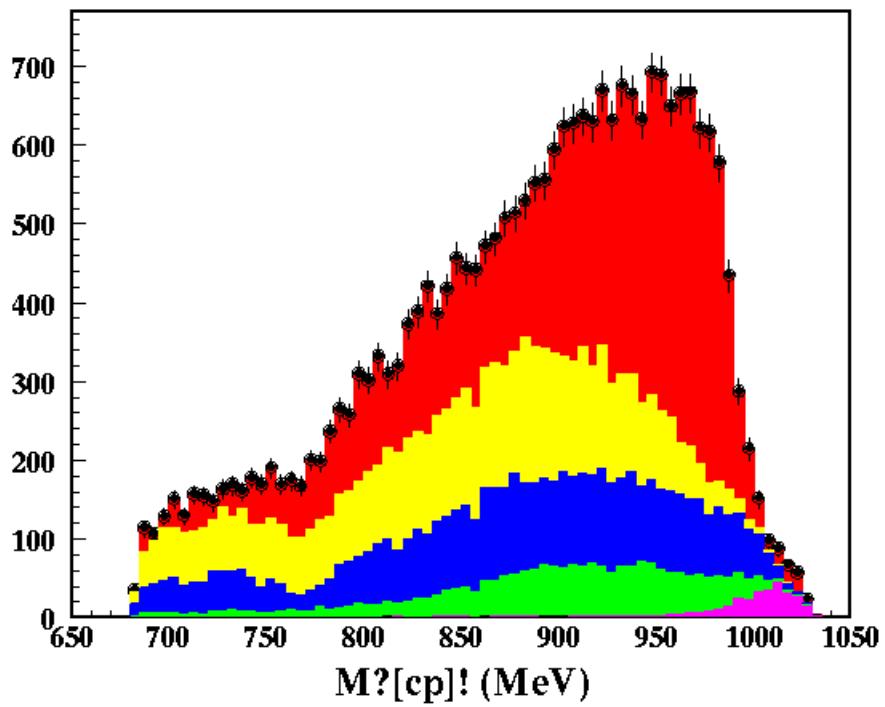
- To compare with our previous results
- Average efficiency = 29.5 % (not corrected for FILFO-EVCL)
(Capri'03 $\varepsilon=32\%$, with the old MC)
- Contamination in the final sample: 54 % (Capri'03 : 47%)
- $\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma) = (7.49 \pm 0.10(\text{stat+ bckg}) \pm ...) \times 10^{-5}$
- Capri'03: $\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma) = (7.25 \pm 0.15(\text{stat+ bckg}) \pm ...) \times 10^{-5}$
- PLB : $\text{Br}(\phi \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma) = (8.51 \pm 0.51_{\text{stat+bckg}} \pm 0.57_{\text{syst}}) \times 10^{-5}$
- Br depends on the σ_{peak} used.
Try the normalization to $\eta \gamma$ ($\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$): selection in progress

To conclude the analysis

- Understand the data-MC discrepancies
 - Check the $\eta\gamma$ contamination in the final sample
 - Try to reduce the $\eta\gamma$ ($\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$) background (using the discriminant variable for merged clusters)
 - Check the FILFO-EVCL efficiency with the “minimum bias” sample
 - Build the new efficiency/smearing matrix
-
- And then fit the spectrum to the various models, in order to get the a_0 parameters

Final sample





	Eff. for Bckg	old MC	new MC
$f_0\gamma$		2.5%	3.7%
$\omega\pi^0$		0.7%	0.8%
$\eta\gamma \rightarrow 7\gamma$		6×10^{-4}	
$\eta\gamma \rightarrow 5\gamma$		7.7%	
$\eta\gamma \rightarrow 3\gamma$		6×10^{-6}	
Total bckg = 10508 evts.			

