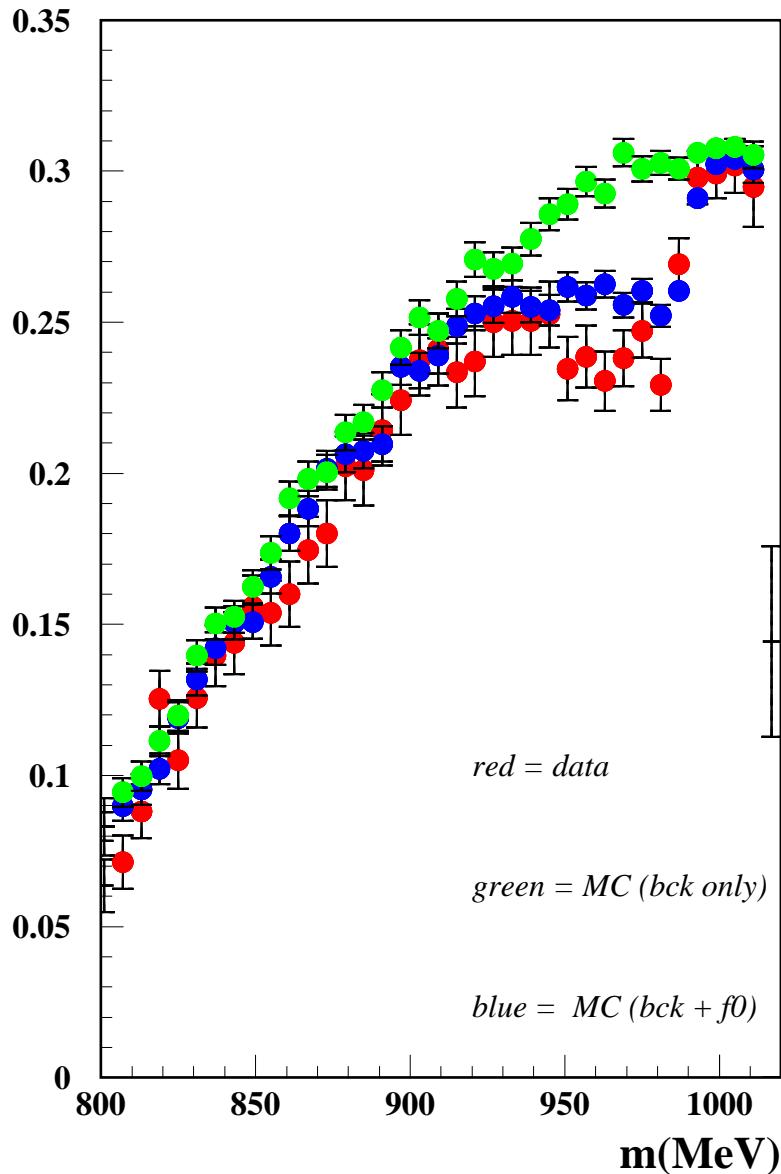
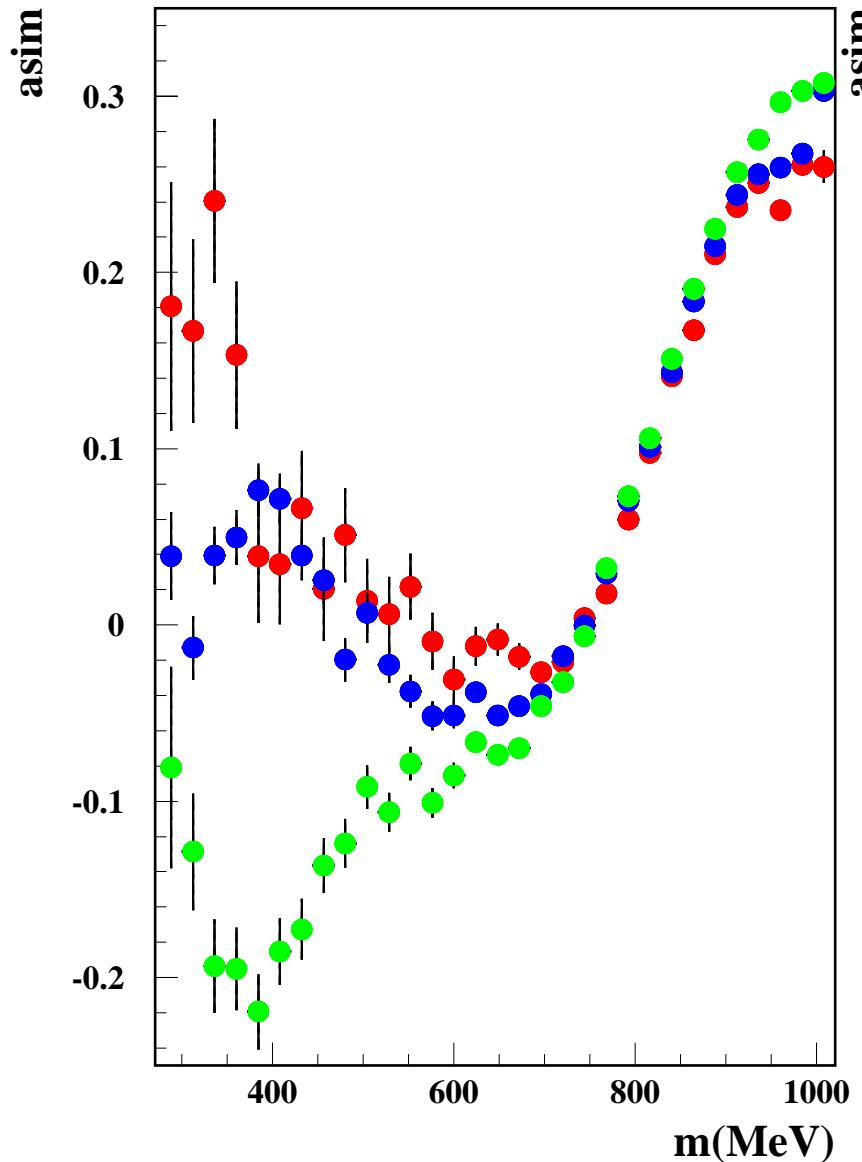


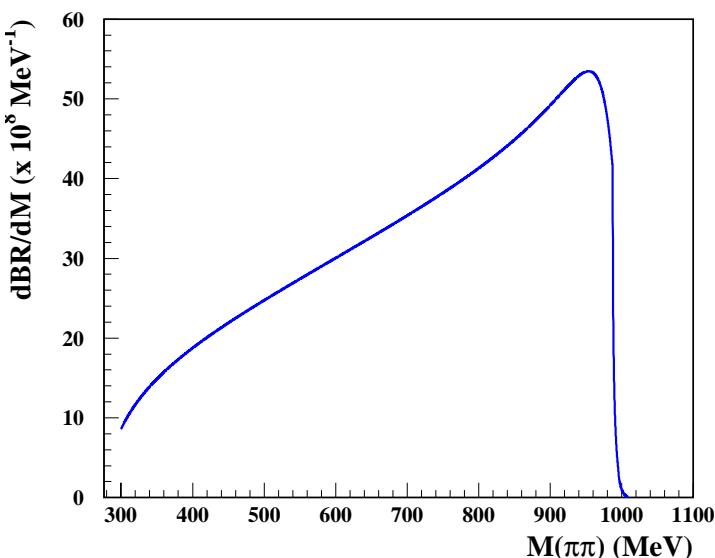
- (1) Interpretation of the charge asymmetry profile
- (2) Upgrade of the “No Structure” parametrization

New EVA: ISR + FSR + f_0 (KL with parameters from $\pi^+\pi^-$ fit)

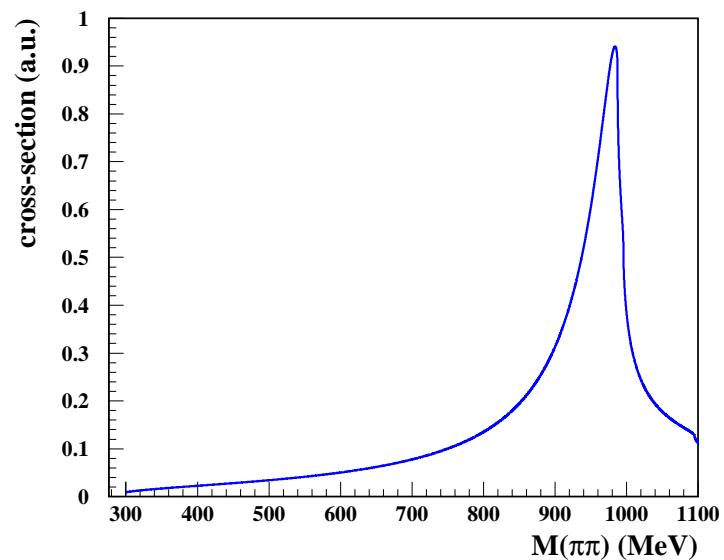


Why is the f_0 so “effective” far from its mass ?

f_0 amplitude according
to KL fit



f_0^{10} cross-section peak “after”
cancellation of interference



Upgrade of the “No Structure” parametrization

$$A_1 = \frac{esm_\phi^2}{4f_\phi} \frac{1}{D_\phi(s)} \left[\frac{g_{\eta f \gamma} g_{f\pi^+\pi^-}}{D_f(m)} + \left(\frac{a_0}{m_\phi^2} e^{ib_0 \sqrt{m^2 - 4m_\pi^2}} + a_1 \frac{m^2 - m_f^2}{m_\phi^4} e^{ib_1 \sqrt{m^2 - 4m_\pi^2}} \right) \right]$$

$$D_f(m) = m^2 - m_f^2 + im_f \left(g_{\pi\pi} \sqrt{m^2/4 - m_\pi^2} + g_{KK} \sqrt{m^2/4 - m_{K^\pm}^2} + g_{K\bar{K}} \sqrt{m^2/4 - m_{K^0}^2} \right)$$

- New propagator (Flatte'-like) → 3 couplings disentangled
- Fixed phase for the resonant term + free phase for the “background”.

Parameters

$$g_{\eta f \gamma}, g_{f\pi^+\pi^-}, m_f, a_0, a_1, b_0, b_1, g_{\pi\pi} = \frac{g_{f\pi\pi}^2}{8\pi m_f^2} = \frac{3g_{f\pi^+\pi^-}^2}{16\pi m_f^2}, g_{KK} = \frac{g_{fKK}^2}{8\pi m_f^2}$$

$$R = \frac{g_{fKK}^2}{g_{f\pi^+\pi^-}^2} = \frac{3}{2} \frac{g_{KK}}{g_{\pi\pi}}$$

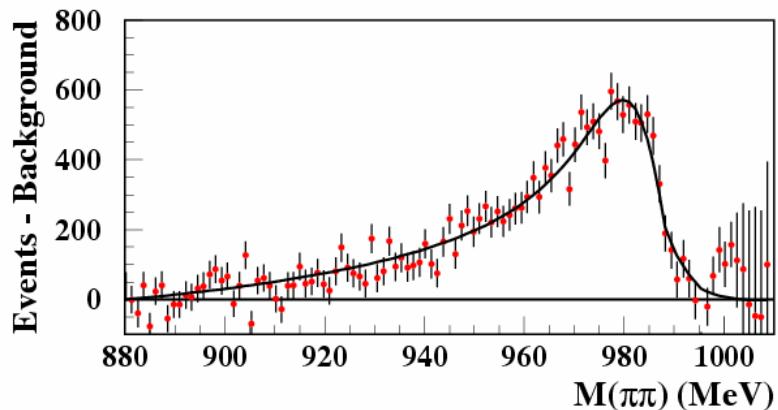
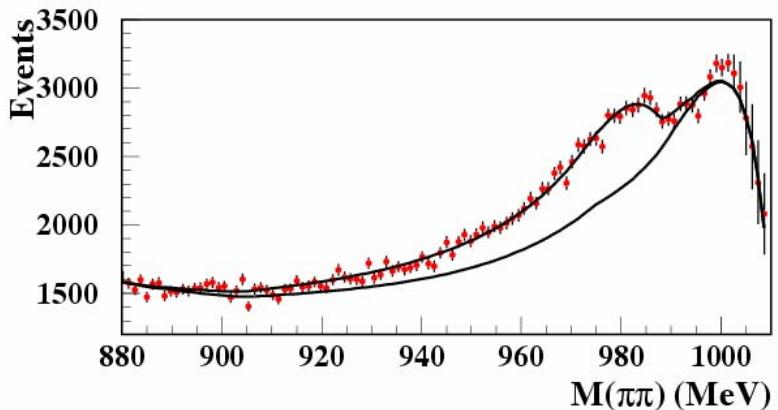
$$\Gamma_f = \Gamma_f(m_f) = \left(g_{\pi\pi} \sqrt{m_f^2/4 - m_\pi^2} \right)$$

Fit result (7 parameters + non-scalar parameters)

χ^2	gg	m_f (MeV)	$g_{\pi\pi}$	g_{KK}	a_0	a_1	$b_0 = b_1$ (rad/GeV)
525.1 /478	1.25	979.3	.056	.079	6.00	5.98	0.45

$$P(\chi^2) = (6.7\%)$$

$$\begin{aligned} g_{f\pi\pi} &= [8\pi m_f^2 g_{\pi\pi}]^{1/2} & = & 1.1 \text{ GeV} \\ g_{fKK} &= [8\pi m_f^2 g_{KK}]^{1/2} & = & 1.4 \text{ GeV} \\ R &= 3/2 g_{KK} / g_{\pi\pi} & = & 2.1 \\ g_{\phi f\gamma} &= \sqrt{3}/2 gg / g_{f\pi\pi} & = & 1.4 \text{ GeV}^{-1} \\ \Gamma(f \rightarrow \pi\pi) &= g_{\pi\pi} [m_f^2 / 4 - m_\pi^2]^{1/2} & = & 26.2 \text{ MeV} \end{aligned}$$



2 comments:

- (1) the charge asymmetry is the most powerful tool to investigate the low mass part of the $m(\pi\pi)$ spectrum;
→ Test of the “No Structure” amplitude should be done.
- (2) from the fit of the spectrum
→ f_0 parameters OK ($g_{\phi f\gamma}$, $g_{f\pi\pi}$, g_{fKK});
→ Test of σ insertion in the amplitude should be done (probably $\pi^+\pi^-$ not the best place to investigate it) to see also the effects on the f_0 parameters