



Experimental Measurement of the Φ meson radiative decays into scalars and pseudoscalars mesons

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KLOE data collected



1999 run : 2.5 pb⁻¹ machine and detector studies

2000 run : **25 pb**⁻¹ **7.5x10⁷ φ** *published results*

2001 run: **190 pb**⁻¹ **5**.7×10⁸ φ *analysis in progress*

2002 run: **300 pb**⁻¹ 9.0x10⁸ φ *analysis in progress*







Drift chamber:

- δp/p < 0.4%
- $\sigma_{xy} \approx 150 \ \mu m$; $\sigma_z \approx 2 \ mm$

E.m. calorimeter:

- $\sigma_{\rm E} / E = 5.4\% / \sqrt{(E(GeV))}$
- $\sigma_t = 55 \text{ ps}/\sqrt{(E(GeV))\oplus 40 \text{ ps})}$
- 98% of 4π

Magnetic field: 0.52 T



Φ radiative decays

• Analysis of 2000 data: $\int Ldt = 16 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ $\Phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma / \eta \gamma$ Phys. Lett. **B541** (2002), 45 $\Phi \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$ Phys. Lett. **B537** (2002), 21 $\Phi \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma$ Phys. Lett. **B537** (2002), 209

$$\Phi$$
 radiative decays

Pseudoscalar mesons (J^{PC}= 0⁻⁺)

η (547) (I=0)
η'(958) (I=0)

Scalar mesons (J^{PC}= 0⁺⁺)

• $f_0(980)$ (I=0) • $a_0(980)$ (I=1)

 $\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma / \phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$



- The mass eigenstates η , η' are related to SU(3) octet-singlet η_8 , η_1 through the mixing angle ϑ_P
- \bullet Recent studies based on χPT and phenomenological analyses suggested a two mixing angle scenario
- In the quark flavour basis the two mixing angles are almost equal \Rightarrow mixing is described by only one parameter (φ_P)

$$\eta = \cos\varphi_{\rm P} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left| u\overline{u} + d\overline{d} \right\rangle - \sin\varphi_{\rm P} \left| s\overline{s} \right\rangle$$
$$\eta' = \sin\varphi_{\rm P} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left| u\overline{u} + d\overline{d} \right\rangle + \cos\varphi_{\rm P} \left| s\overline{s} \right\rangle$$

 $\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma / \phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$



• φ_P can be extracted from the ratio (Bramon et al., Eur.Phys.J.C7(1999)) :

$$\mathbf{R} = \frac{\mathbf{Br}(\phi \to \eta' \gamma)}{\mathbf{Br}(\phi \to \eta \gamma)} = \mathbf{cotg}^2 \varphi_{\mathbf{P}} \left(1 - \frac{\mathbf{m}_s}{\overline{\mathbf{m}}} \frac{\mathbf{tg} \varphi_{\mathbf{V}}}{\mathbf{sin} 2\varphi_{\mathbf{P}}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{\mathbf{p}_{\eta'}}{\mathbf{p}_{\eta}} \right)^3 \quad ; \quad \left(\frac{\mathbf{m}_s}{\overline{\mathbf{m}}} = 1.45 \right)$$

• Br($\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma$) can probe the gluonic content of η'

$$\eta' = \mathbf{X}_{\eta'} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left| u\overline{u} + d\overline{d} \right\rangle + \mathbf{Y}_{\eta'} \left| s\overline{s} \right\rangle + \mathbf{Z}_{\eta'} \left| glue \right\rangle$$

 $\phi \rightarrow n' \gamma / \phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$



• Decays with $\pi^+\pi^- 3\gamma$ final state: $\phi \rightarrow \eta\gamma$; $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$; $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ $\phi \rightarrow \eta'\gamma$; $\eta' \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\eta$; $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{Br}\approx 3{\times}10^{\text{-3}}\\ \text{Br}\approx 2{\times}10^{\text{-5}} \end{array}$

Background from $\phi \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ and $\phi \rightarrow K_L K_S$ (with K_L decaying near the IP)

Analysis cut:

- 1 vertex in IR with 2 tracks
- 3 prompt γ (E>10 MeV, |cosθ|<0.93)
- Constrained kinematic fit

topological cuts on the energy of particles

 $ε_{tot} (ηγ) = 37 %$ $ε_{tot} (η'γ) = 23 %$



 $\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma / \phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$



- Main background is $\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$
- Selection: elliptic cut in the plane of the two most energetic photons



$$\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma / \phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$$



• Using PDG value for $Br(\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma)$: $\Rightarrow Br(\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma) = (6.10\pm0.61\pm0.43) \times 10^{-5}$

• Pseudoscalar mixing angle: $\phi_P = (41.8 \pm 1.7)^\circ$ (flavor) $\Rightarrow \vartheta_P = (-12.9 \pm 1.7)^\circ$ (octet-singlet)

•Gluonic content of η' :

$$\eta' = \mathbf{X}_{\eta'} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left| u\overline{u} + d\overline{d} \right\rangle + \mathbf{Y}_{\eta'} \left| s\overline{s} \right\rangle + \mathbf{Z}_{\eta'} \left| glue \right\rangle$$

Consistency check: if $Z_{\eta'}=0 \Rightarrow |Y_{\eta'}|=\cos\varphi_P$ other constraints on $X_{\eta'}$ and $Y_{\eta'}$ from: (1) $\Gamma(\eta' \rightarrow \rho\gamma)/\Gamma(\omega \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma)$ (2) $\Gamma(\eta' \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)/\Gamma(\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$

 $X_{\eta'}^2 + Y_{\eta'}^2 = 0.94_{-0.09}^{+0.06}$





 $\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma / \phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$











Br($\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma$) = (7.05±0.50+0.53/-0.46)×10⁻⁵

 $\phi \rightarrow f_0(980) \gamma / a_0(980) \gamma$

 The scalar mesons f₀ (980) a₀ (980) are not easily interpreted as qq states

Jaffe(1977) suggested qqqq states
Weinstein, Isgur (1990) suggested KK molecule

Both BR and scalar mass spectra are sensitive to nature

	qq	qqqq	KK
$Br(\phi \rightarrow f_0 \gamma)$	5 × 10 ⁻⁵	3 × 10 ⁻⁴	10 -5
$Br(\phi \rightarrow a_0 \gamma)$	2×10^{-5}	2 × 10 ⁻⁴	10 -5

Models



• Predictions from Achasov-Ivanchenko, Nucl.Phys.B315(1989)

f_0 model	$s\overline{s}(u\overline{u}+d\overline{d})/\sqrt{2}$	$(u\overline{u}+d\overline{d})/\sqrt{2}$	sīs
$g_{f0KK}^{2}/(4\pi)$	2.3	0.15	0.3
(GeV^2)	$(=g_{a0KK}^{2}/4\pi)$	$(=g_{a0KK}^2/4\pi)$	$(=2g_{a0KK}^2/4\pi)$
$g_{f0\pi\pi}/g_{f0KK}$	0.3—0.5	2	0.5
$Br(\phi \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma) \times 10^4$	~ 1	~ 0.15	~ 0.2

a_0 model	$s\overline{s}(u\overline{u}-d\overline{d})/\sqrt{2}$	$(u\overline{u}-d\overline{d})/\sqrt{2}$
$g_{a0 \rm KK}^2 / (4\pi)$	2.3	0.15
(GeV^2)	$(=g_{f0KK}^2/4\pi)$	$(=g_{f0KK}^2/4\pi)$
$g_{a0\eta\pi}/g_{a0KK}$	0.91	1.53
$Br(\phi \rightarrow a_0 \gamma) \times 10^4$	~ 2	~ 0.2



Scalar mesons (J^{PC}= 0⁺⁺)

• $f_0(980)$ (I=0) $f_0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0, \pi^+ \pi^-$ • $a_0(980)$ (I=1) $a_0 \rightarrow \eta \pi$

• Studied decays (data sample: 16 pb⁻¹ from the 2000 data,~5×10⁷ ϕ) $\phi \rightarrow f_0 \gamma$; $f_0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \Rightarrow 5 \gamma$ final state $\phi \rightarrow a_0 \gamma$; $a_0 \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \qquad \eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \qquad (39\%) \Rightarrow 5 \gamma$ Previous meas. at VEPP2M $\phi \rightarrow a_0 \gamma$; $a_0 \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \qquad \eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \qquad (23\%) \Rightarrow 2 \text{ ch. tracks +5 } \gamma$ first observation \leftarrow



(~17)

 (~ 14)

5 y final states

• Signal: $\phi \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$ $(\phi \rightarrow f_0 \gamma; \phi \rightarrow \sigma(500)\gamma; \phi \rightarrow \rho^0 \pi^0)$ ~ 0.35 $\downarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \qquad \downarrow \pi^0 \gamma$ $\phi \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma$ $(\phi \rightarrow a_0 \gamma; \phi \rightarrow \rho^0 \pi^0)$ ~ 0.1 $\downarrow \eta \gamma$ • Background: $e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega \pi^0 - \gamma^0 \pi^0 \gamma$ ~ 0.5

 $\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma \rightarrow 3\gamma$ (with accidental γ 's) $\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$ (with 2γ lost)

Sample selection:

- exactly 5 prompt photons
- $E_{\gamma} > 7 \text{ MeV}$
- |cos9| < 0.93 to avoid the quadrupole region
- $-\sum_{5} E_{i} > 700 \text{ MeV}$ to reject $\phi \rightarrow K_{L}K_{S} \rightarrow \text{neutrals}$

 $\phi \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$



- Constrained kinematic fit to improve resolutions
- Photon pairing
- $|\mathbf{M}_{\gamma\gamma} \mathbf{M}_{\pi}| < 5\sigma(\mathbf{M}_{\pi})$
- Reject events with: $|M_{\pi\gamma} - M_{\omega}| < 3\sigma(M_{\omega})$

 \Rightarrow 3102 events $< \epsilon > = 40\%$

Estimated backgr. (~20%) $e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega \pi^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$ 339 ± 24 $\phi \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma$ 166 ± 16 $\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$ 159 ± 12



Fit to $M_{\pi\pi}$ spectrum



• Model :

1) $\phi \rightarrow f_0 \gamma$ dominated by kaon loop (Achasov-Ivanchenko, Nucl.Phys.B315(1989)) 2) f_0 propagator with finite width corrections 3) $\sigma(500) \Rightarrow$ B-W with M_c=478 MeV and Γ_c =324 MeV (Fermilab E791-Phys.Rev.Lett.86(2001)770) 4) point-like coupling of $\sigma(500)$ to ϕ (Gokalp, Yilmaz, Phys. Rev. D64(2001)) 5) $\rho\pi$ + interference term parameterizations from Achasov-Gubin, (Phys.Rev.D63(2001)) Two fits: Fit A: $|(\phi \rightarrow f_0 \gamma) + (\phi \rightarrow \rho^0 \pi^0)|^2$ Fit B: $|(\phi \rightarrow f_0 \gamma) + (\phi \rightarrow \sigma \gamma) + (\phi \rightarrow \rho^0 \pi^0)|^2$ Free parameters: M_{f0} , g_{f0KK}^2 , $g_{f0\pi\pi}^2/g_{f0KK}^2$, $g_{\phi\sigma\gamma}$ and $(g_{\phi\rho\pi}g_{\rho\pi\gamma})^2$

Fit results





 $\phi \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma$ (with $\eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$)

 Constrained kinematic fit to improve resolutions • Photon pairing: (1) $\pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$; (2) $\eta \pi^0 \gamma$ \Rightarrow reject $\pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$ events • $M_{\pi \pi} < 760$ MeV (reject $f_0 \gamma$ events) • $|\mathbf{M}_{\gamma\gamma} - \mathbf{M}_{\eta}| < 3\sigma(\mathbf{M}_{\eta})$ \Rightarrow 916 events $< \epsilon > = 32\%$

• Estimated backgr.:	(~30%)
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega \pi^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$	54±6
$\phi \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$	152±16
$\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$	98±10
$\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \gamma$	5±2



SND : $(8.8 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-5}$; CMD-2: $(9.0 \pm 2.4 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-5}$



$$\phi \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- + 5 \gamma (\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$$



No background with the same final state

• Backgr.: 2 Tracks + 3/4 photons ($e^+e^- \rightarrow \omega \pi^0$; $\omega \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$)

2 Tracks + 6 photons ($\phi \rightarrow K_S K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$)

- 1 vertex in IR with 2 tracks
- 5 prompt γ (E>10 MeV, |cosθ|<0.93)
 Constrained kinematic fit
- $M_{\pi+\pi-}$ < 425 MeV (reject $K_S \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$)

 \Rightarrow 197 events < $\epsilon >=19\%$ estimated backgr. 4±4 events

Br(
$$\phi \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma$$
)=(7.96±0.60±0.47) ×10⁻⁵



 $(\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma; \eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$

Fit to $M_{\eta\pi}$ spectrum



- Same model as for the f_0 (kaon loop)
- Combined fit, relative normalization fixed to $Br(\eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)/Br(\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)$
- Free parameters:

 g_{a0KK}^2 , $g_{a0\pi\pi}/g_{a0KK}$ and $Br(\phi \rightarrow \rho^0 \pi^0 \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma)$ M_{a0} =984.8 MeV (PDG) fixed

$$\begin{array}{ll} \chi^2/ndf & 27.2/25 \\ g^2{}_{a0KK}/(4\pi) \ (GeV^2) & 0.40 \pm 0.04 \\ g_{a0\eta\pi}/g_{a0KK} & 1.35 \pm 0.09 \\ Br(\phi {\rightarrow} \rho^0 \pi^0 {\rightarrow} \eta \pi^0 \gamma) & (0.5 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-5} \end{array}$$

$$Br(\phi \rightarrow a_0 \gamma \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma) = (7.4 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-5}$$



Summary of fit results



• Comparison with predictions from Achasov-Ivanchenko, Nucl.Phys.B315(1989)

f_0 model	KLOE	$s\overline{s}(u\overline{u}+d\overline{d})/\sqrt{2}$	$(u\overline{u}+d\overline{d})/\sqrt{2}$	SS
$g_{f0KK}^2/(4\pi)$ (GeV ²)	2.79±0.12	2.3 $(=g_{a0KK}^2/4\pi)$	$0.15 \ (=g_{a0KK}^2/4\pi)$	0.3 $(=2g_{a0KK}^2/4\pi)$
$g_{f0\pi\pi}/g_{f0KK}$ Br($\phi \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$)×10 ⁴	0.50±0.01 1.09±0.07	$0.3-0.5 \sim 1$	2 ~ 0.15	$\begin{array}{c} 0.5 \\ \sim 0.2 \end{array}$

a_0 model		$s\overline{s}(u\overline{u}-d\overline{d})/\sqrt{2}$	$(u\overline{u}-d\overline{d})/\sqrt{2}$
$g^2_{a0KK}/(4\pi)$	0.40 ± 0.04	2.3	0.15
(GeV^2)		$(=g_{f0KK}^2/4\pi)$	$(=g_{f0KK}^2/4\pi)$
$g_{a0\eta\pi}/g_{a0KK}$	1.35 ± 0.09	0.91	1.53
$Br(\phi \rightarrow a_0 \gamma) \times 10^4$	0.74 ± 0.07	~ 2	~ 0.2

• f_0 parameters are compatible with $q\overline{q}q\overline{q}$ model • a_0 parameters seem not compatible with $q\overline{q}q\overline{q}$ model

 $\phi \rightarrow f_0(980) \gamma / a_0(980) \gamma$



Conclusions

First KLOE published papers on ϕ radiative decays, 2000 events:

- **Br(\phi \rightarrow \eta' \gamma) = (6.10±0.61±0.43)**×10⁻⁵
- $\phi_P = (41.8 \pm 1.7)^\circ$ (flavor)
- **Br(** $\phi \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$ **) = (**1.09 ± 0.03 ± 0.05) × 10⁻⁴
- $Br(\phi \rightarrow f_0 \gamma) = (4.47 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-4}$
- **Br(** $\phi \rightarrow a_0 \gamma$) = (7.4 ± 0.7) × 10⁻⁵

Analysis in progress on 2001+2002 events \Rightarrow 500pb⁻¹: more statistic and models with more free parameters

==== Author : KLOE Collab. (Speaker: Camilla Di Donato) Type : Experimental Measurement of the Phi meson radiative decays into scalars and pseudoscalars mesons.

The Kloe experiment has measured the radiative decays of the Phi meson into pi0, eta and eta'(958); these measurements are relevant to assess the mixing in the pseudoscalar nonet as well as to evaluate the gluon content in the eta'(958). Moreover also the radiative decays into pi0 pi0 gamma and eta pi0 gamma have been measured. These decays are dominated by the final states f0(980) and a0(980). The measurement of the branching ratios and of the pi0-pi0 or eta-pi0 invariant mass spectrum helps to understand the controversial nature of the above scalar mesons.