

Higher order harmonics coupling in different free electron laser codes

H. P. Freund*, L. Giannessi**,
P. Musumeci***, S. Reiche***

**SAIC McLean, McLean, VA 22102, USA*

***ENEA C.R. Frascati, Via E. Fermi 54, 00044 Frascati*

****UCLA, Dep. of Physics and Astronomy, Los Angeles, USA*

- The possibility of simulating the dynamics of a FEL including the fields of the higher order harmonics in linear undulators, is available in several existing codes as Medusa [1] and Perseo [2], and has been recently implemented in Genesis 1.3 [3-4].
- Medusa and Genesis also include the dynamics of even harmonics induced by the coupling through the betatron motion. In addition Medusa, which is based on a non – wiggler averaged model, is capable of simulating the generation of even harmonics in the transversally cold beam regime, i.e. when the even harmonics coupling arises from the non-linear effects associated to longitudinal particles dynamics and not to a finite beam emittance.

[1] H.P. Freund, S.G. Biedron, and S.V. Milton, *IEEE J. Quantum Electron.* **27**, 243 (2000).

[2] L. Giannessi in *Proc of FEL 2006 conference*, BESSY, Berlin, Germany
<http://www.jacow.org>, p.91 (2006)

[3] L. Giannessi, P. Musumeci, *New Journal of Physics* **8** (2006) 294

[4] S. Reiche, P. Musumeci, K. Goldammer, *Proceedings of PAC07*, Albuquerque, New Mexico, USA TUPMS038

Codes tested

- **Perseo**
 - 1D (pendulum equation+pulse prop.)
 - 1D + filling factor & inhomogeneous broadenings for emittances (1DPlus)
 - 3D Kirchhoff integral
- **Medusa**
 - 1D version (non wiggler averaged, pulse prop)
 - 3D version
- **Genesis 1.3**
 - New version including higher order harmonics

Medusa



Caravaggio

- **Fully 3-D & 1-D versions**
- **E&M fields treated using the polychromatic SVEA approximation**
 - Time-dependent and/or polychromatic physics
 - Modal decomposition of the fields
 - Amplifier/Oscillator
- **Particle dynamics are treated from first principles (not KMR)**
 - Harmonics & sidebands implicitly included in orbit dynamics
- **Can easily add of new features for Engineering Design Evaluation**
 - New wiggler models
 - For example, an APPLE wiggler that can be configured for planar or helical symmetry
 - Input from a field map
 - New beam models
 - non-Gaussian distributions
- **Single CPU & parallel cpu versions available**

Perseo



Perseo is a library of functions devoted to the simulation of FEL dynamics in the *Mathcad* environment.

Functions for the generation of phase space variables, for the solution of the pendulum-like equation and for manipulating the phase space in a number of devices are available.

These function can be combined in order to model more complicated situations as time dependent simulations, 3D simulations, oscillator FEL configurations, optical klystron, cascaded FELs ...

Mathcad Worksheet for 1D – 1D plus correction for 3D filling factor & emittance induced inhomogeneous broadenings and 3D versions have been tested

Genesis 1.3



Features

- Solves eikonal field equation (slow varying amplitude).
- Field discretized on fully Cartesian grid
- Fully 6 dimensional tracking of electron beam
- Equations of motion averaged over undulator period.
- Runs in steady-state, time-dependent and scan mode.
- External input of magnetic lattice, electron distribution and seeding radiation pulse
- Parallel & serial versions available

Test Cases

$$E_b = 200 \text{ MeV}$$

$$I_{pk} = 110 \text{ A}$$

$$R_b = 95.3 \text{ microns}$$

$$\Delta\gamma/\gamma = 0.0001$$

$$B_w = 7.4588 \text{ kG}$$

$$K = 1.95$$

$$\lambda_{und} = 2.8 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda_{rad} = 265.151 \text{ nm}$$

Only in 3D simulations

$$\epsilon_x = 1 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$$

$$\epsilon_y = 1 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$$

- **1D Simulations**

1. Perseo – Medusa – Steady state 10 kW seed on fundamental
2. Perseo – Medusa – Time dependent seed on fundamental
3. Perseo – Medusa – Time dependent seed on 3h

- **3D Simulations**

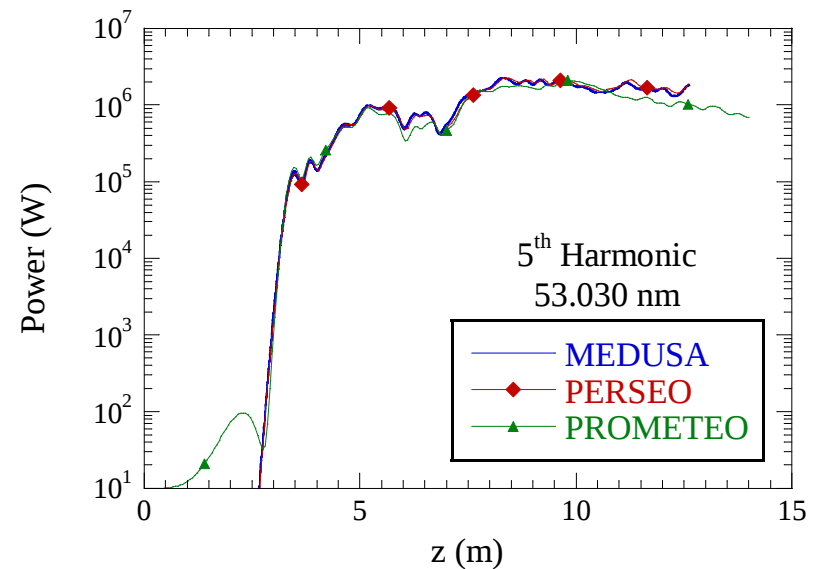
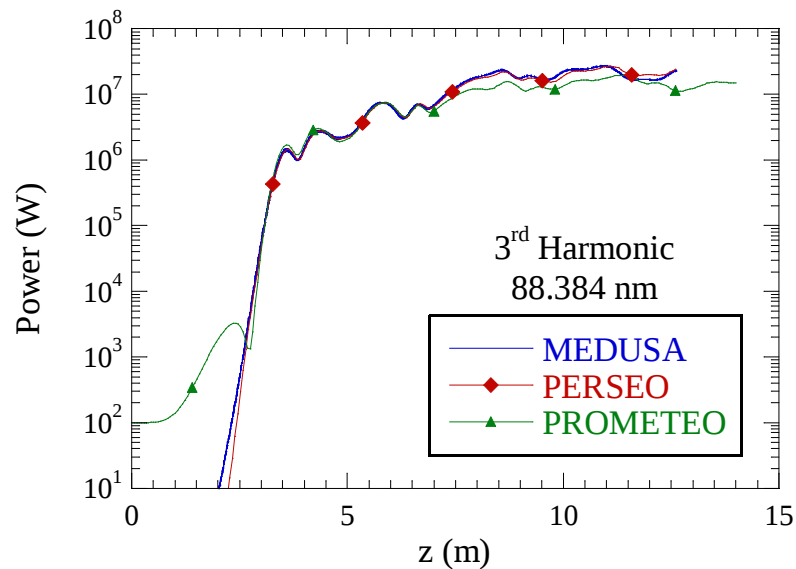
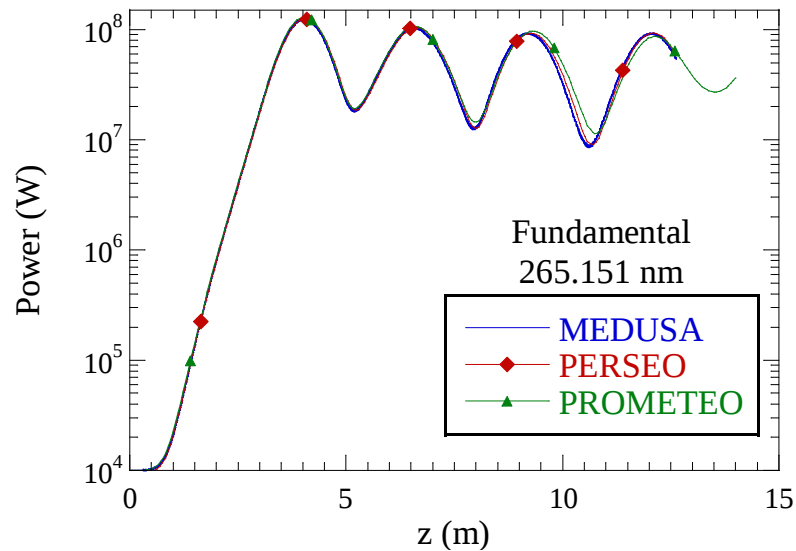
4. Perseo (1DPlus,3D) / Medusa 3D / Genesis 1.3 – Steady state, Seed on fundamental
5. Perseo (1DPlus,3D) / Medusa 3D / Genesis 1.3 – Steady state Seed on third harmonic 1-2-3 harmonic (Perseo only odd)
6. Perseo (1DPlus) / Genesis 1.3 – Time dependent, seed on fundamental

Other details

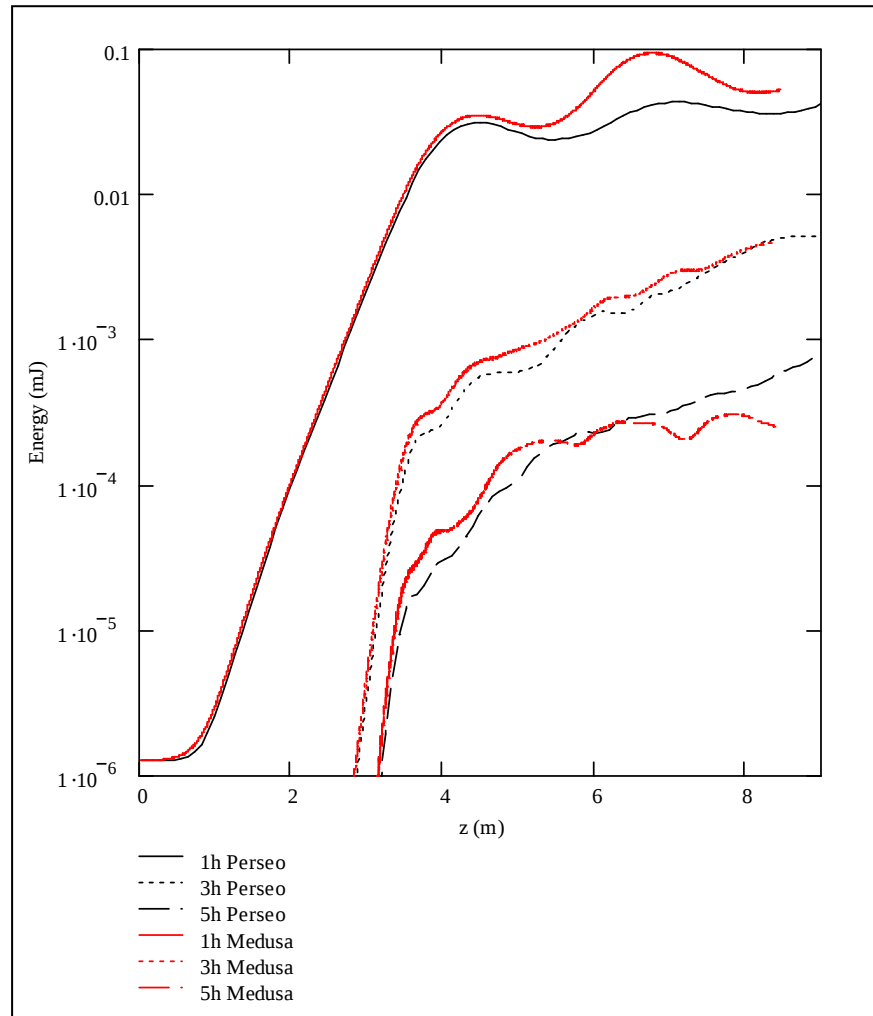
- **Seed:**
 - Matched at the spontaneous emission central frequency (first, second , third harmonic ..)
 - Peak 10 kW
 - Duration 50 fs rms (in time dep simulations)
- **Time dependent simulations:**
 - 1 ps flat top current pulse
 - About 700 slices in z
 - 2 ps long z window
 - Shot noise off
- **1D Simulations**
 - without any inhomogeneous broadening due to emittances,
 - without any correction for diffraction (Filling factor, Xie scaling ...)
- **3D Simulations**
 - Seed Rayleigh range 40 cm
 - Waist position 70 cm
- **Output**
 - Energy vs Z
 - And @ z = 3.25m/4.06m/4.6 m
 - In time dep. simulations: Pulse & Spectrum

RUN 1 – 1D Steady state

Perseo 1D – Medusa 1D

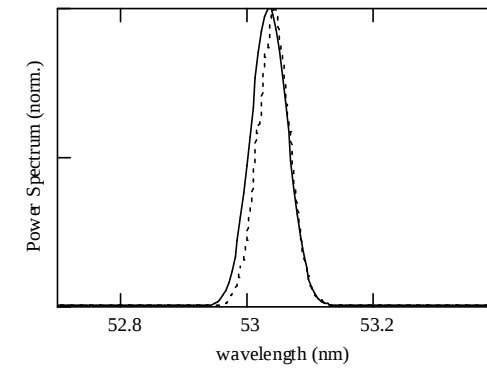
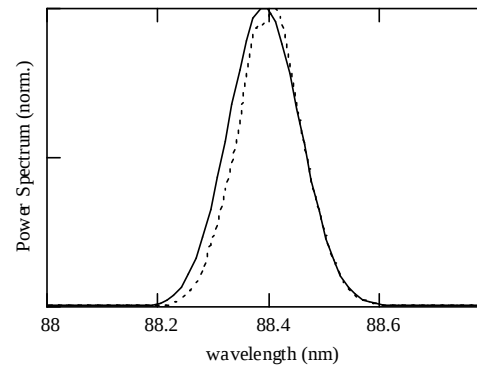
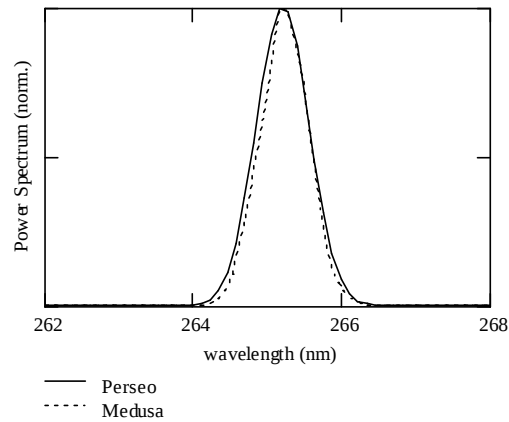
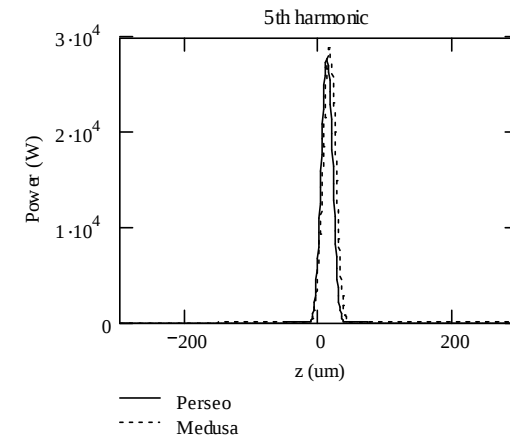
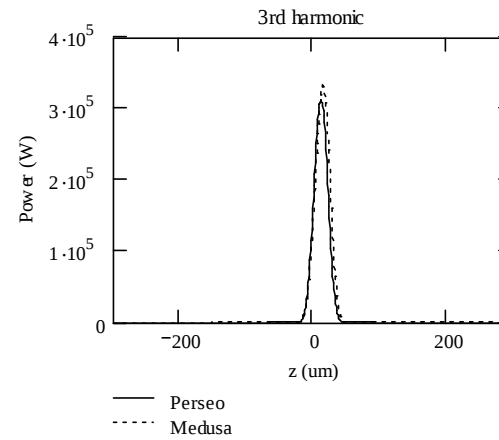
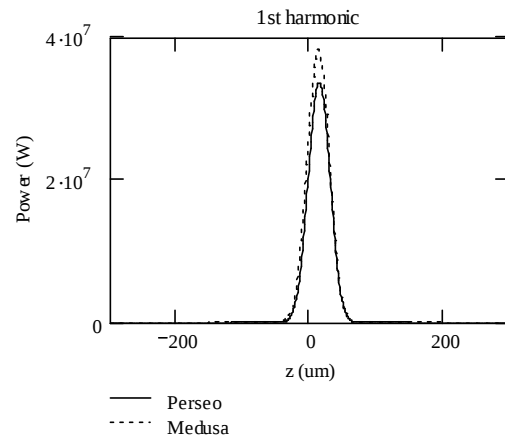


Energy vs. z



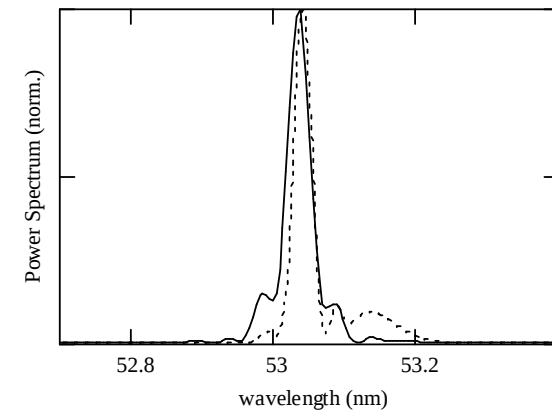
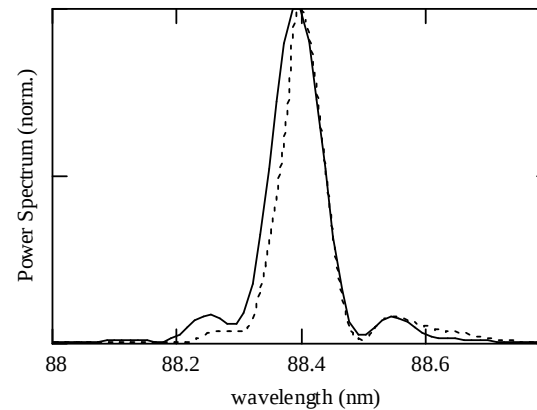
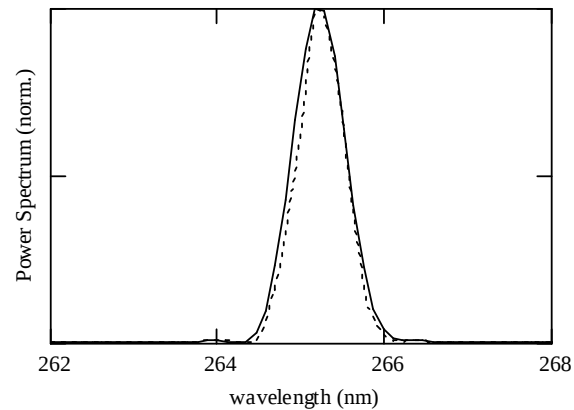
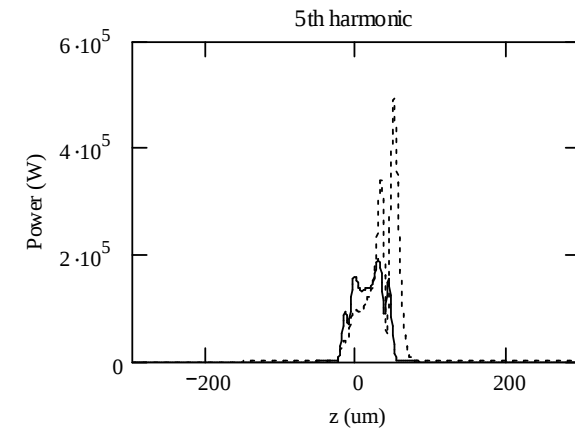
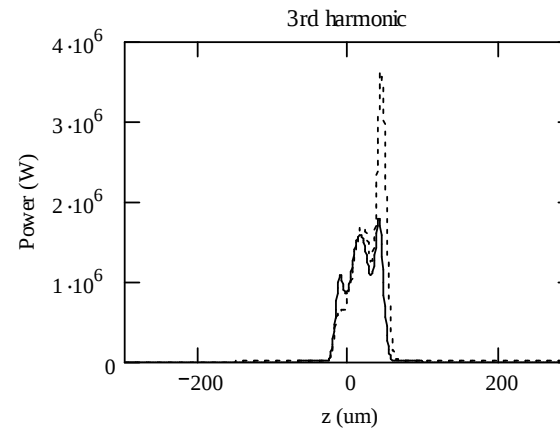
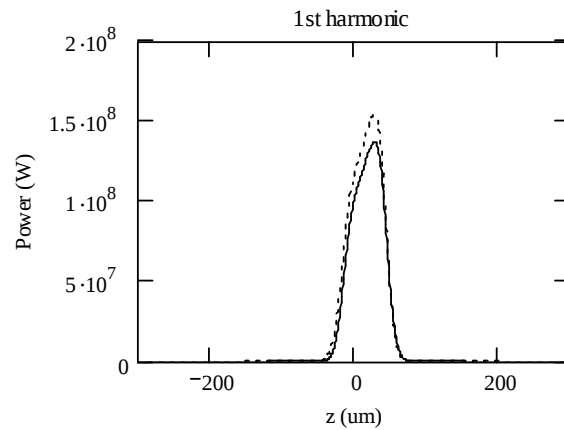
RUN2 – 1D time dep.

Medusa 1D – Perseo 1D, $z = 3.25$ m



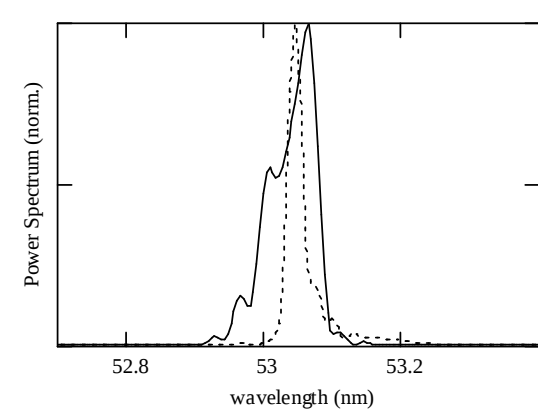
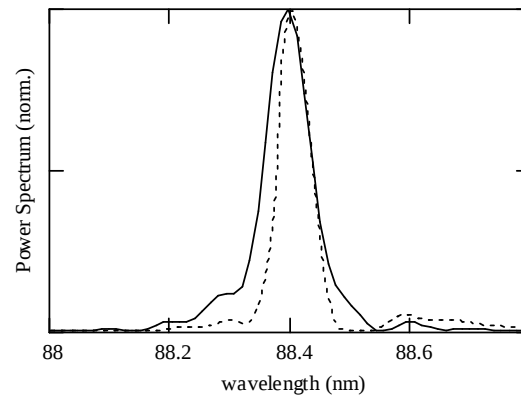
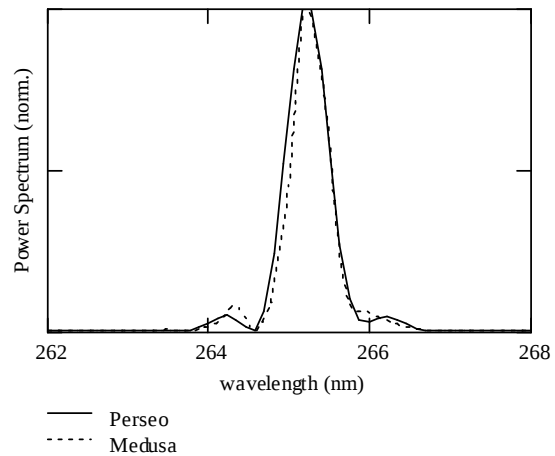
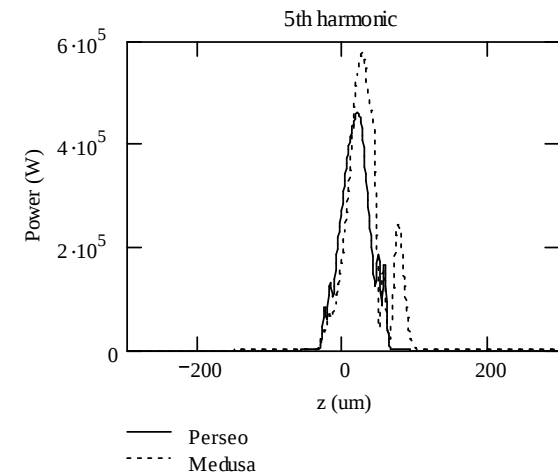
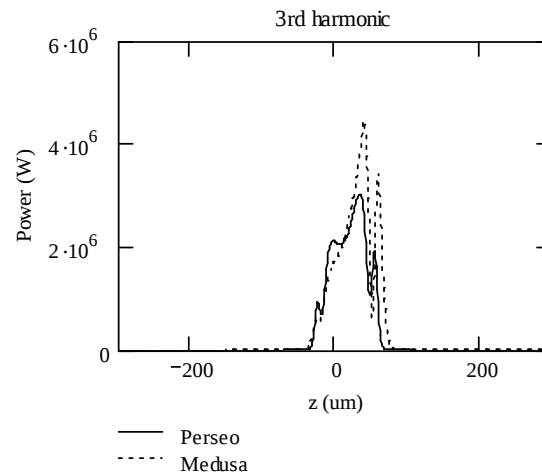
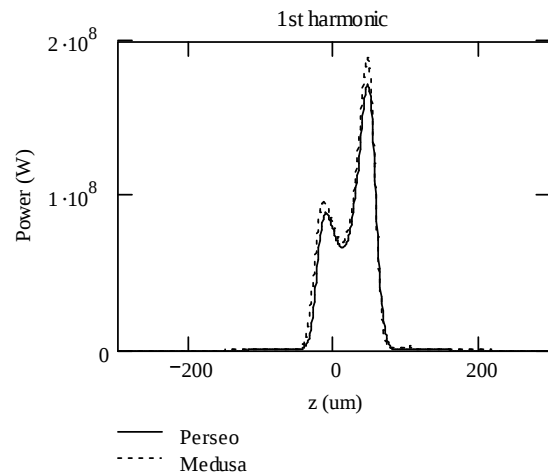
RUN2 – 1D time dep.

Medusa 1D – Perseo 1D, $z = 4.06$ m



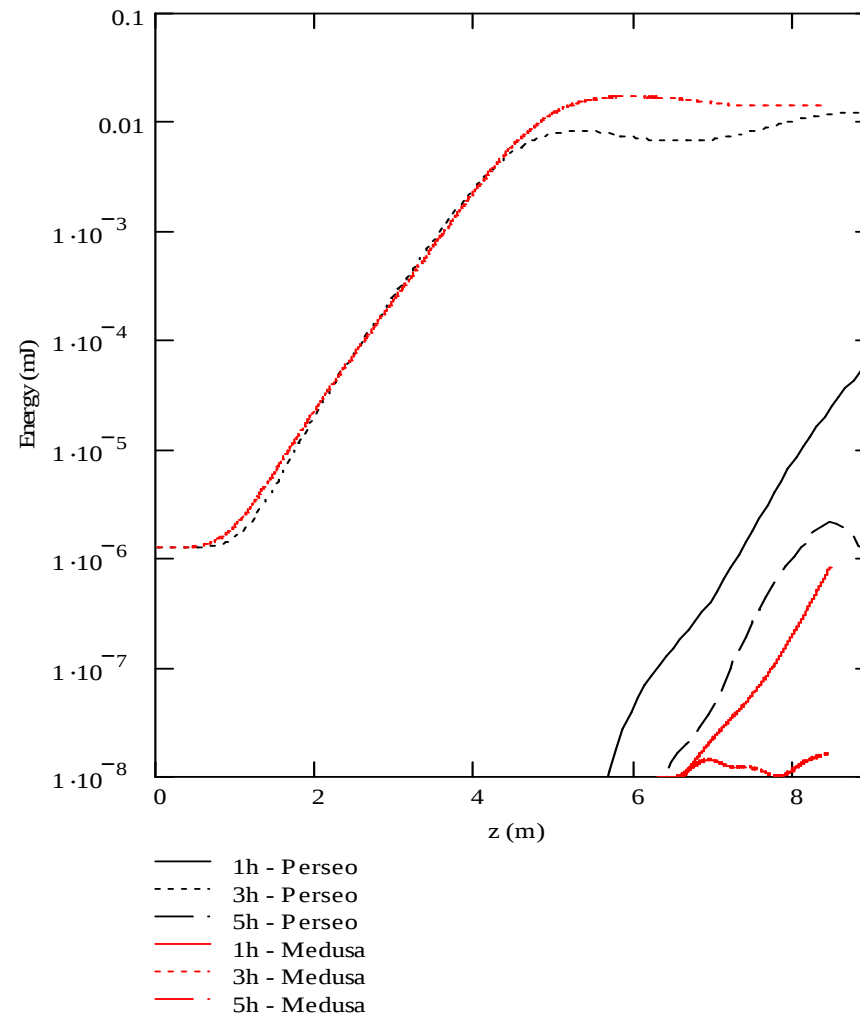
RUN2 – 1D time dep.

Medusa 1D – Perseo 1D, $z = 4.60$ m



RUN3 – 1D time dep. Seed 3h

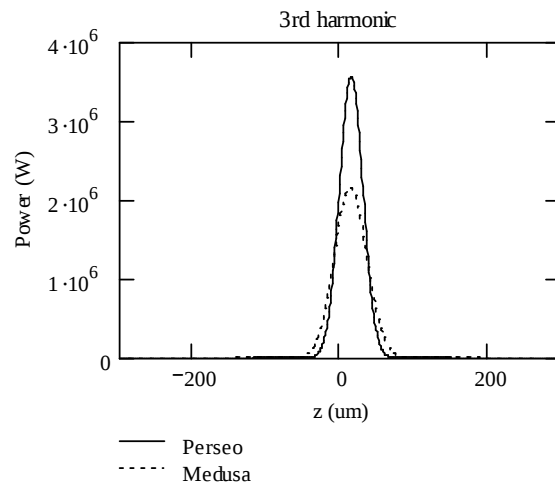
Medusa 1D – Perseo 1D, Energy vs. z



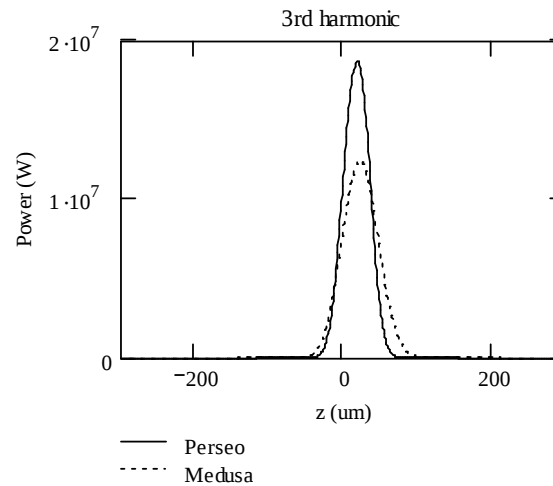
RUN3 1D time dep. Seed 3h

Medusa 1D – Perseo 1D

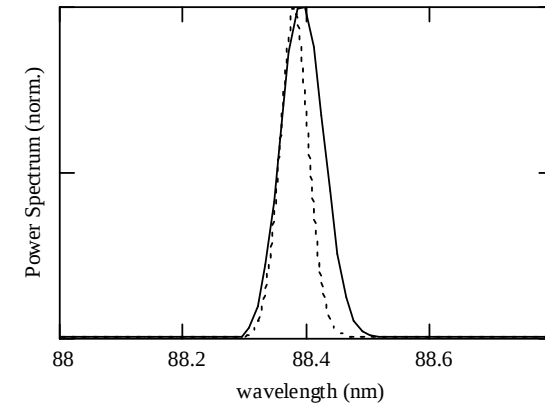
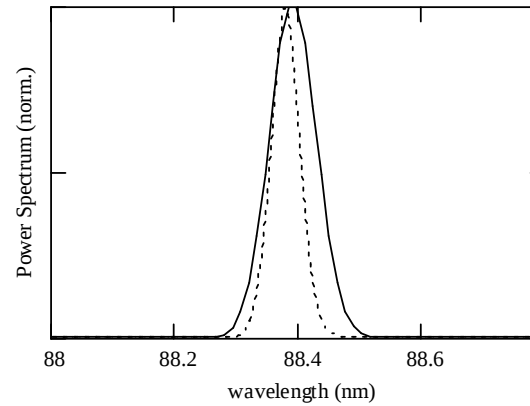
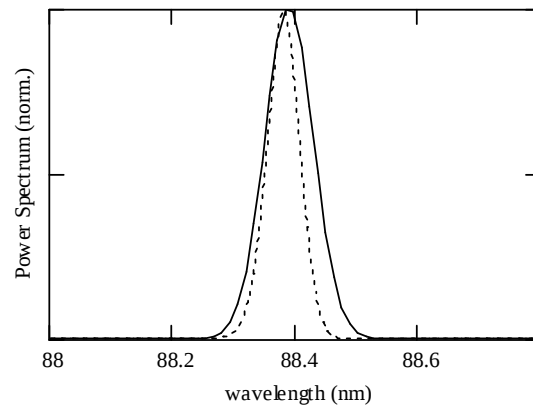
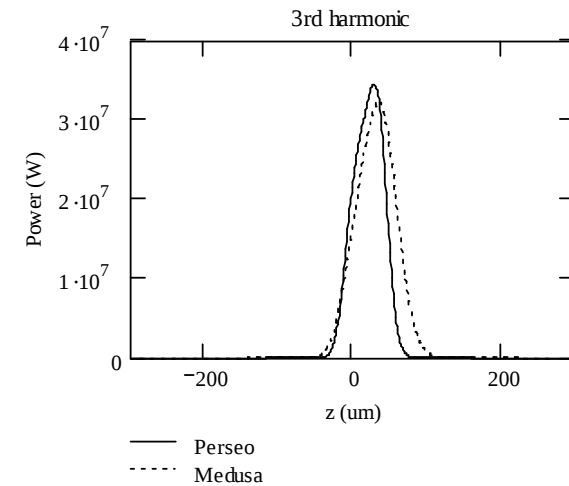
Z=3.25 m



Z=4.06 m

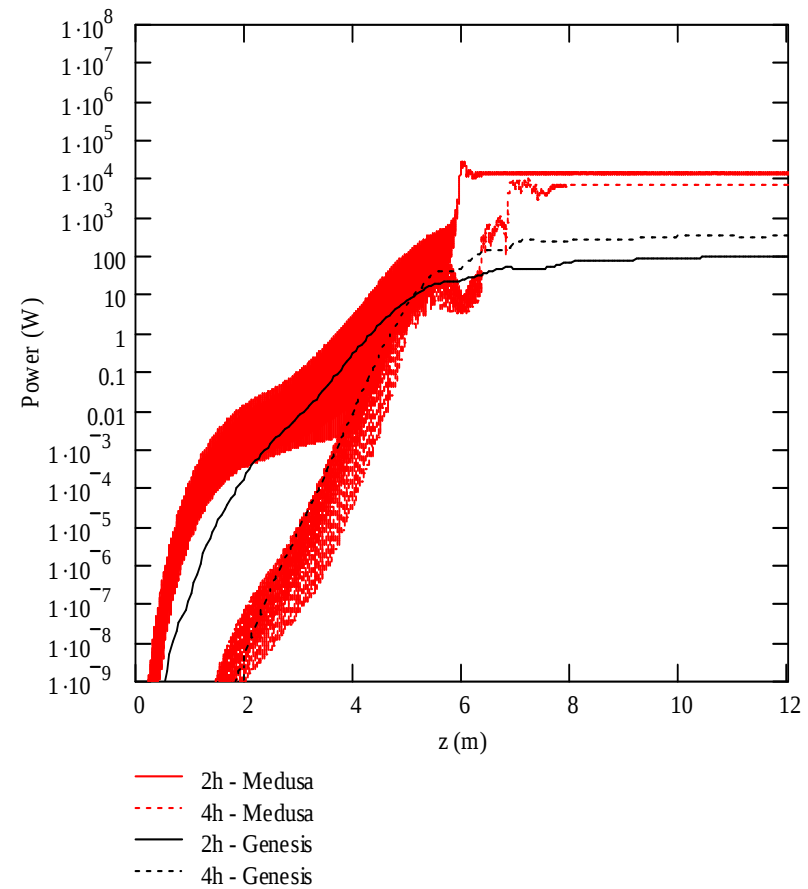
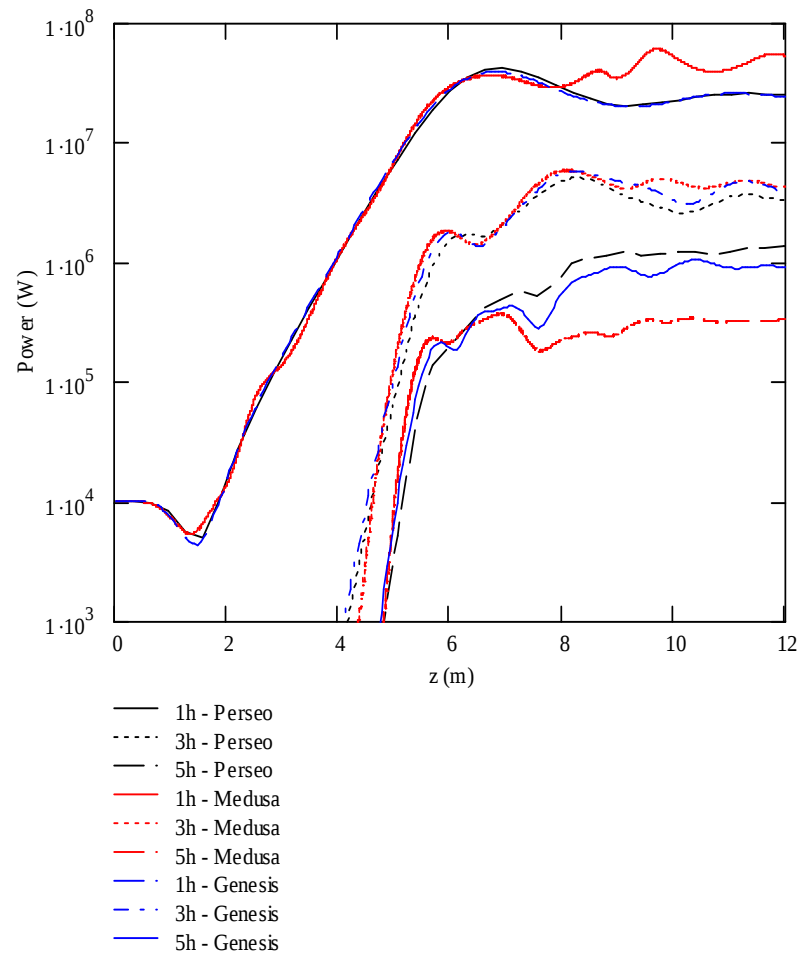


Z=4.6 m



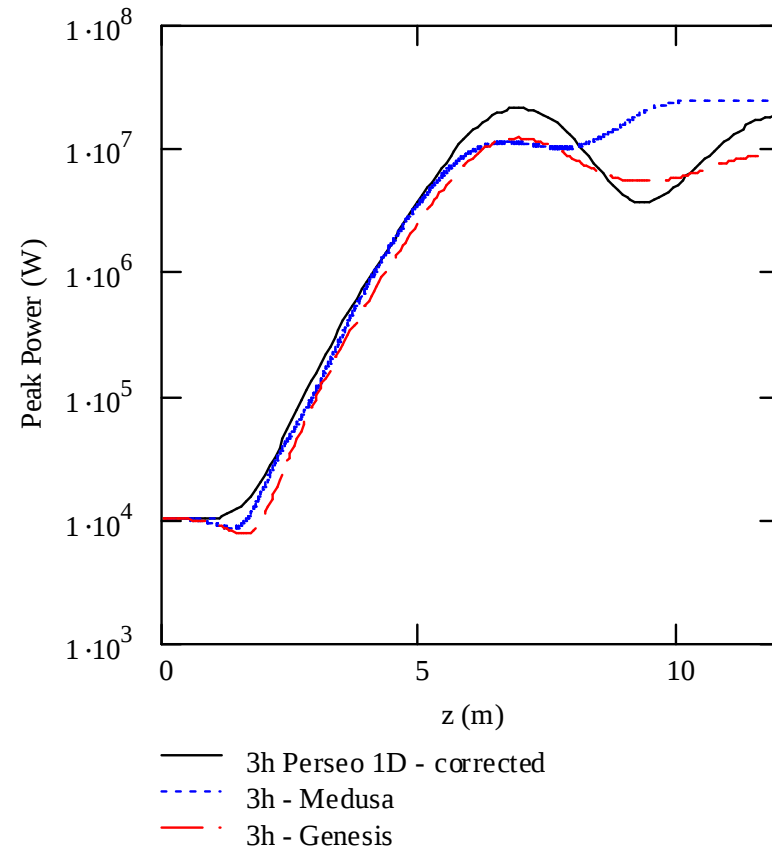
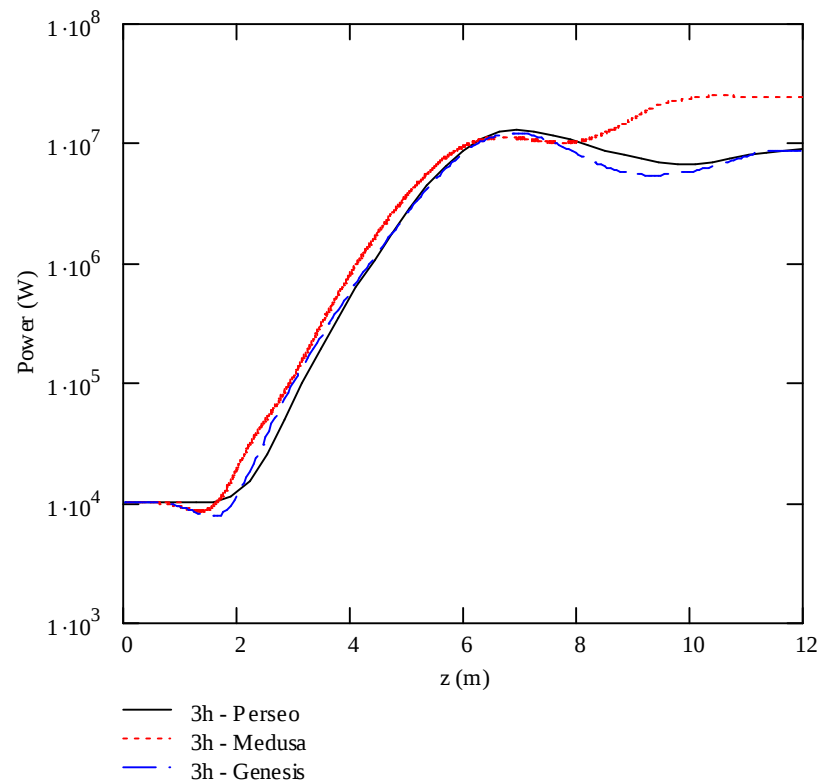
RUN4 - 3D steady state

3D Medusa – 3D Perseo – Genesis 1.3



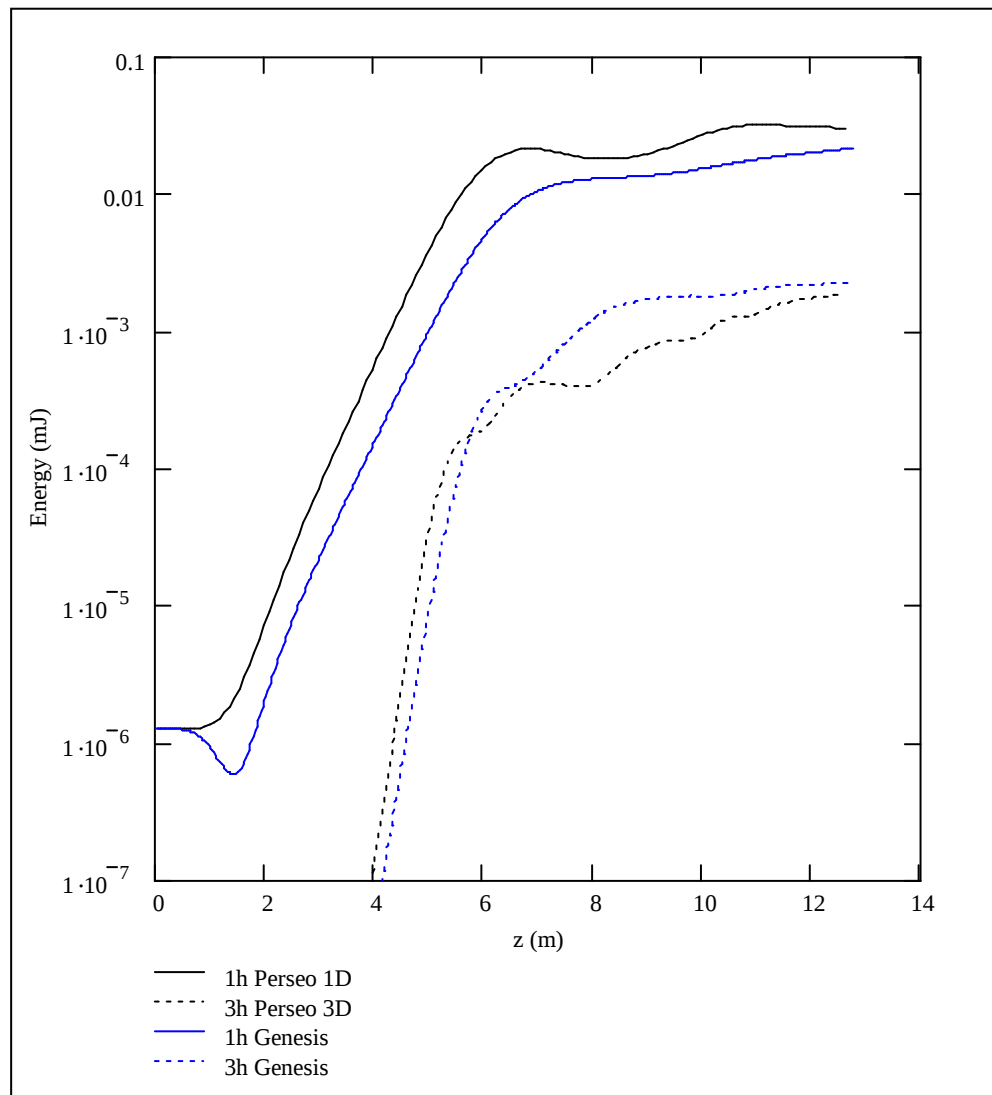
RUN5 - 3D steady state, seed 3h

Perseo 3D/1D - Medusa 3D - Genesis



RUN6 – 3D time dep.

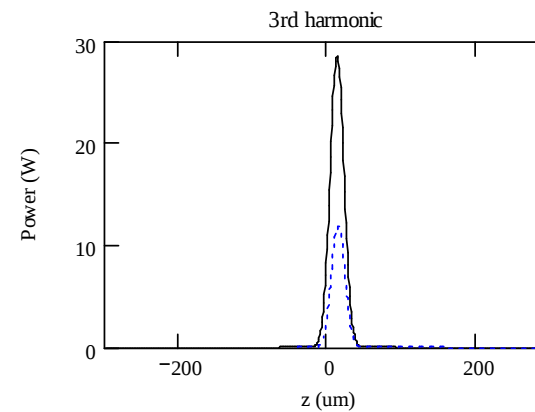
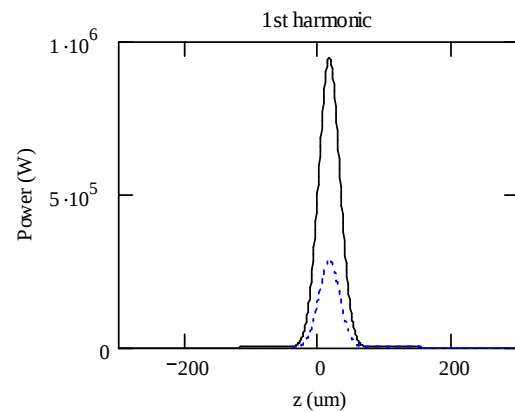
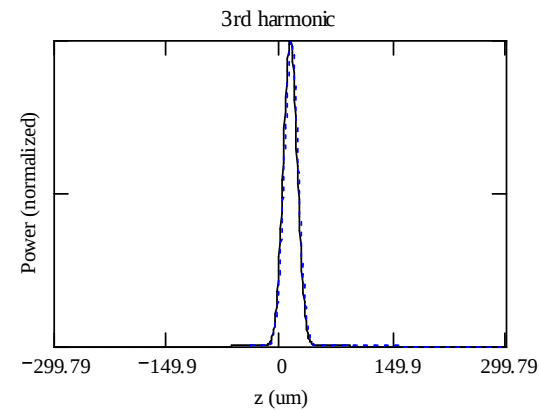
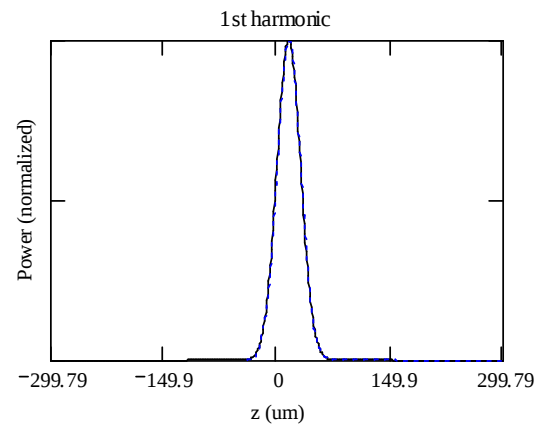
Perseo 1DPlus - Genesis



RUN6 – 3D time dep.

Perseo 1DPlus - Genesis

Pulse @ $z=3.25\text{m}$



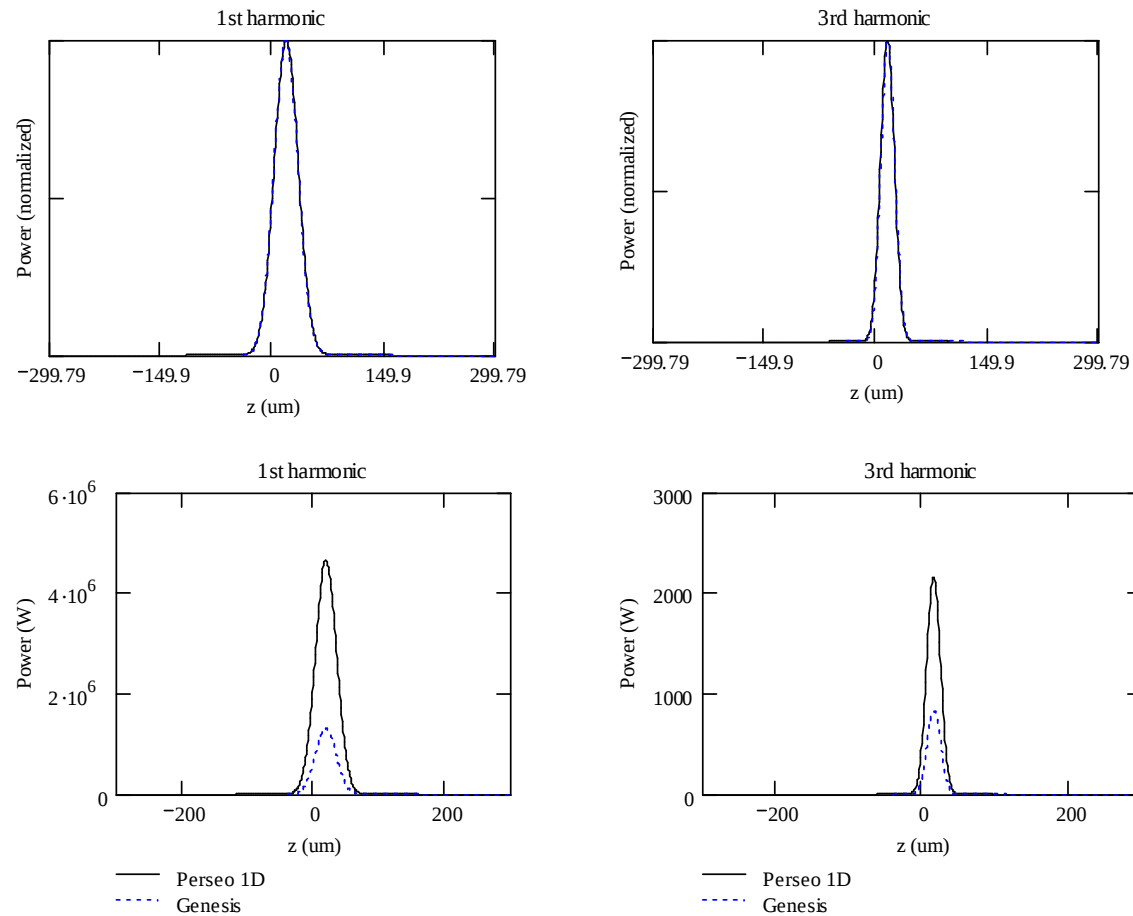
— Perseo 1D
- - - Genesis

— Perseo 1D
- - - Genesis

RUN6 – 3D time dep.

Perseo 1DPlus - Genesis

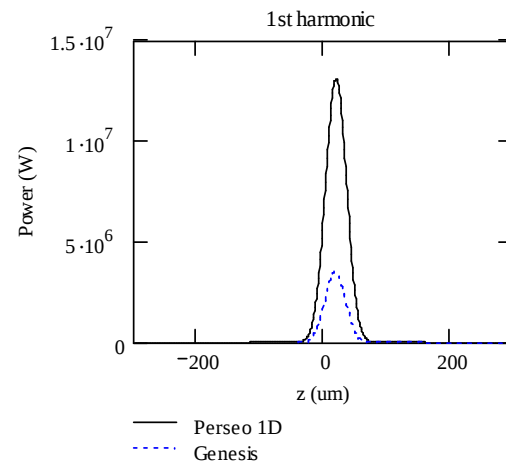
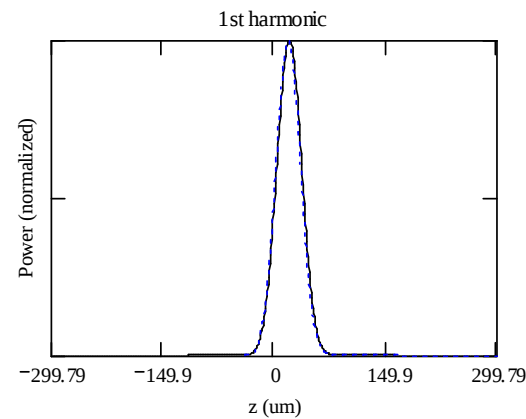
Pulse @ $z=4.06\text{m}$



RUN6 – 3D time dep.

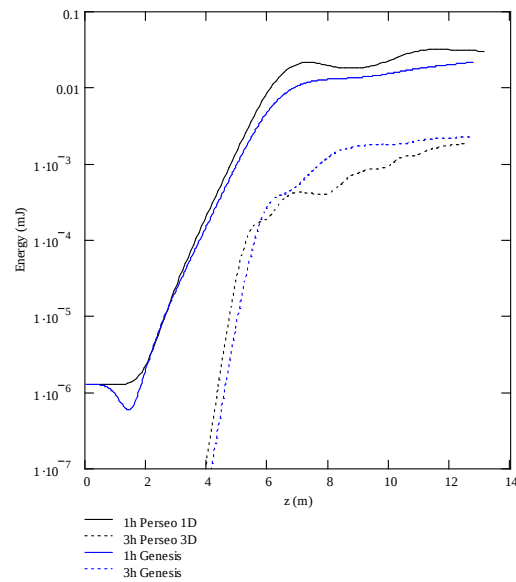
Perseo 1DPlus - Genesis

Pulse @ $z=4.60\text{m}$



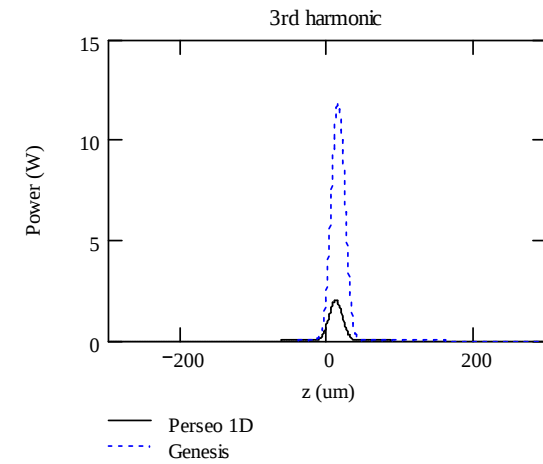
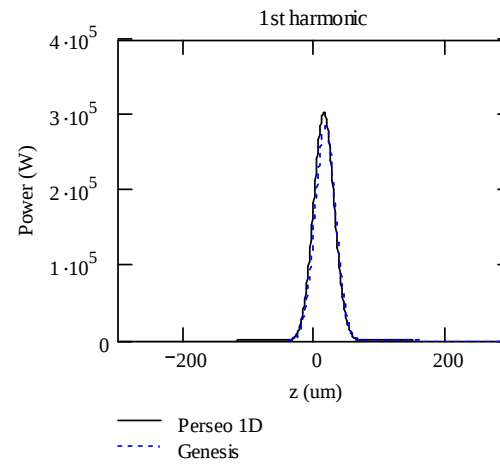
RUN6

Shift of 0.5 m in z



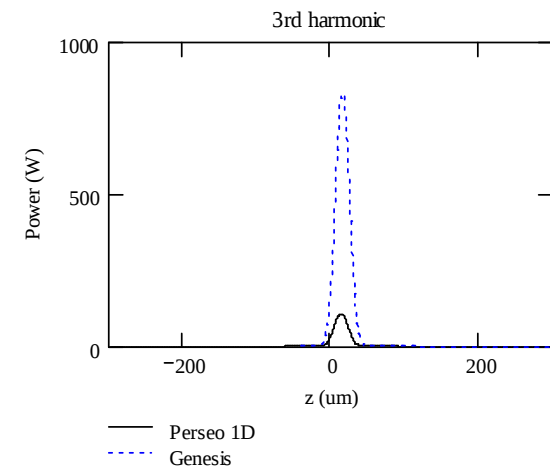
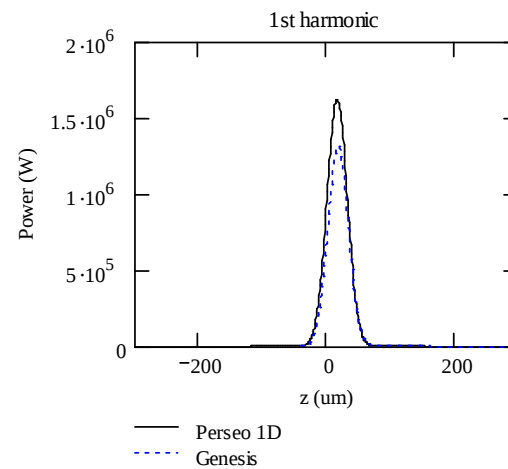
Z=2.7 m - Perseo

Z=3.25 m - Genesis



Z=3.51 m - Perseo

Z=4.06 m - Genesis



Conclusions

- Despite the differences in the models on which the codes are based, a reasonably (sometime very) good agreement has been observed in almost all the tested cases
- The even harmonics comparison between MEDUSA and GENESIS 1.3 has pointed out some of the physical differences associated to non averaged codes, as Medusa 1D & 3D
- The comparison of higher order harmonics is leading to similar results and the relative implementation of the underlying model may be considered reliable