



Annecy Linear Collider group

Annecy-LAPP : 2 senior physicists, 2 research engineers, 3 students

Annecy-ESIA : 2 research-lecturers, 1 student

Ch.Boulais, V.Cozma, L.Di Ciaccio(10%), F.Formosa(20%), V.Fournier, S.Géneté, C.Girard(10%), A.Jeremie(80%), Y.Karyotakis(20%), J.Lottin(10%)

Research subjects Final focus quadrupole stabilization

- Vibration measurements
- Feedback loop
- Mechanical vibration simulations



Vibration Measurements



Vibration measurements

Received new sensors from Geosig beginning of April :

- 2 VE-23 triaxial velocity sensors
 - full scale $\pm 100\text{mm/s}$ ($\pm 10\text{V}$)
 - Frequency range 4.5(10) to 315Hz

Just received other sensor from Geosig

- Guralp velocity sensor
 - Frequency range 0.033 to 50Hz



Vibration measurements



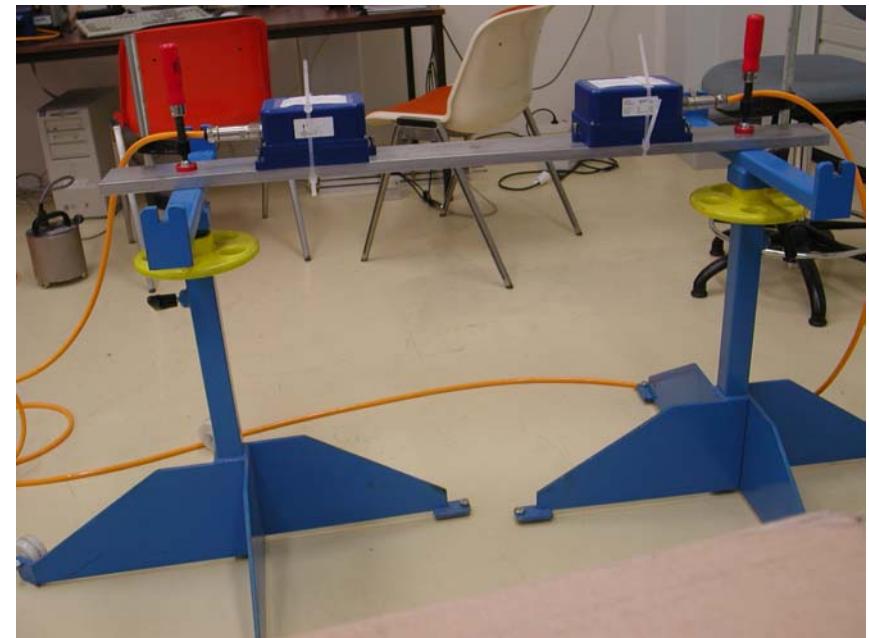
esia

ÉCOLE
SUPÉRIEURE
D'INGÉNIEURS
d'ANNECY

IN2P3

CYRS

Test bench at LAPP

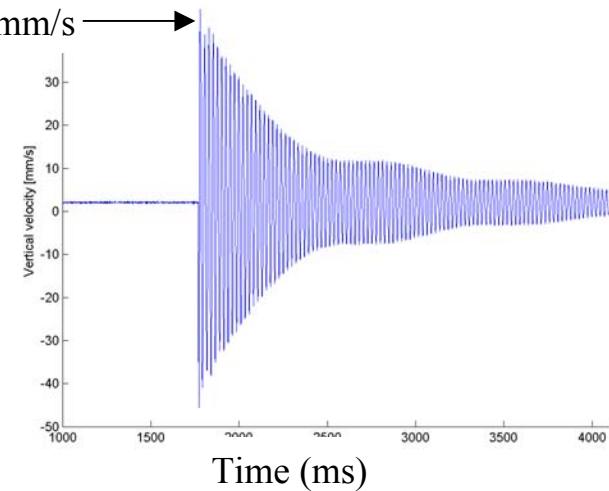


Andrea JEREMIE
Frascati, May 4-6 2004



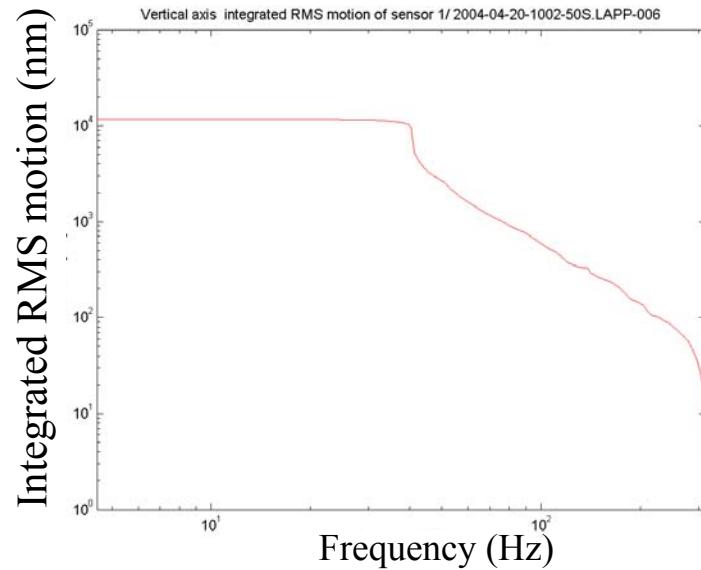
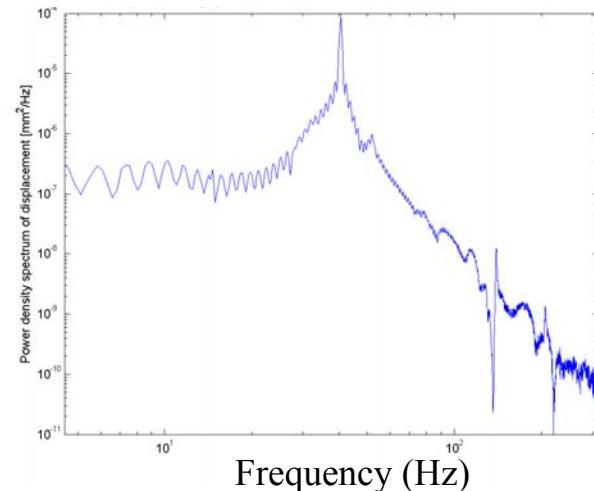
Vibration measurements

Vertical velocity due to hammer impact



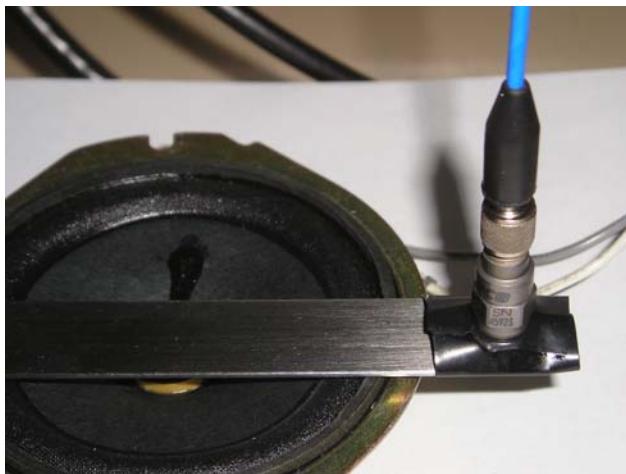
mode n°	fréquence en Hz
1	132,7
2	364,4
3	711
4	1168,7

Vertical power density spectrum (mm²/Hz)

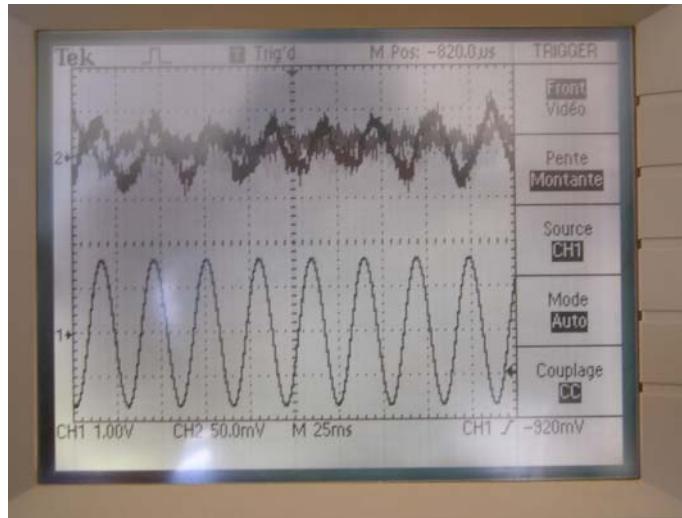




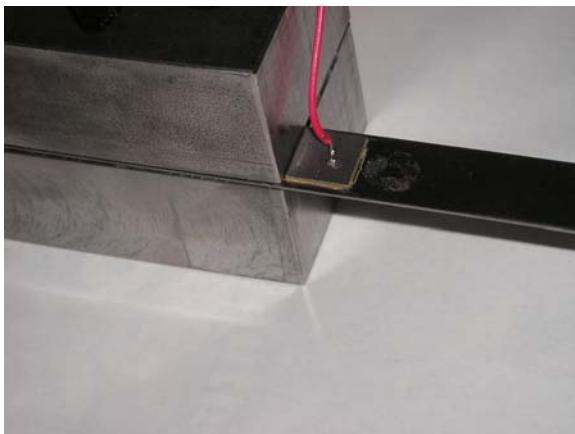
Feedback Loop



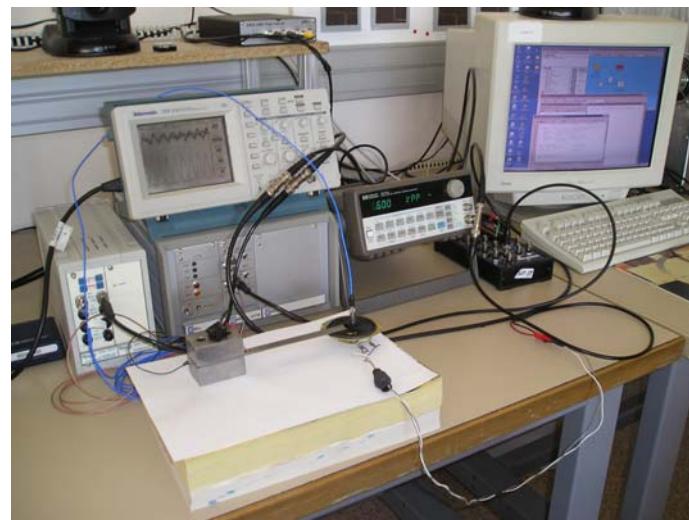
Sensor with excitation loudspeaker



Loudspeaker signal



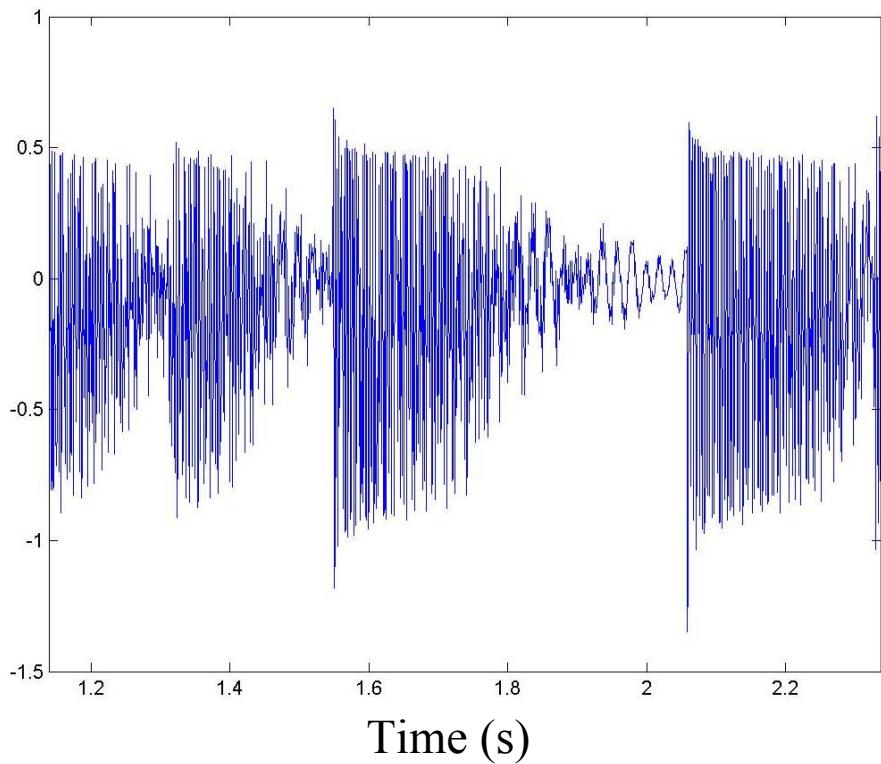
Actuator



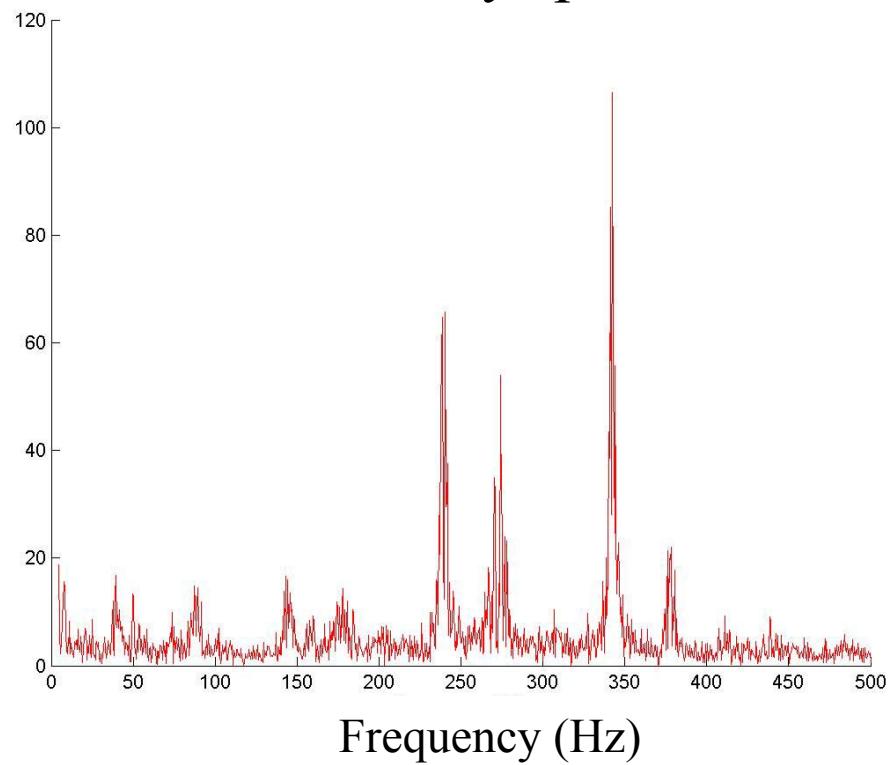


Vibration measurements

Hit response

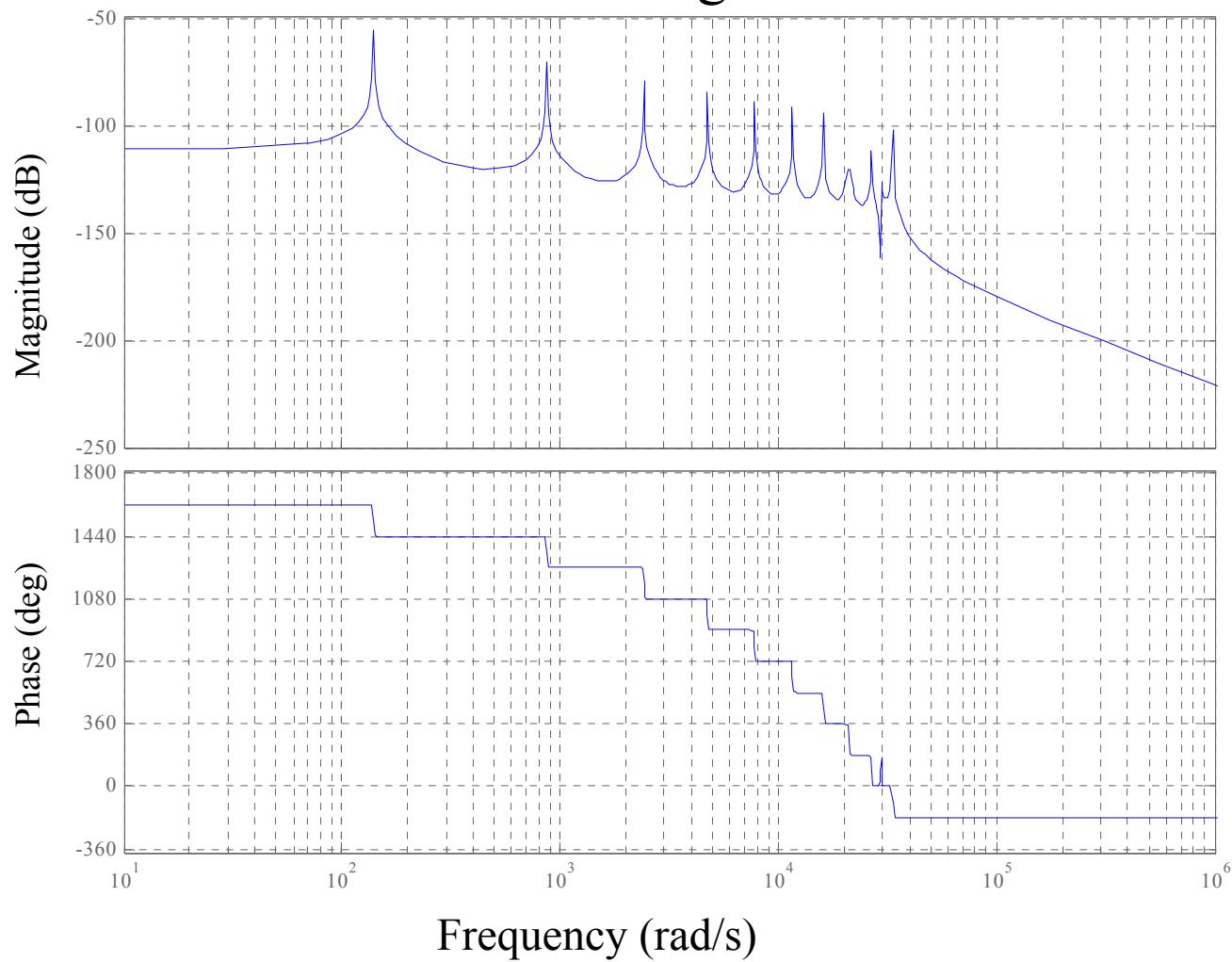


Power density spectrum



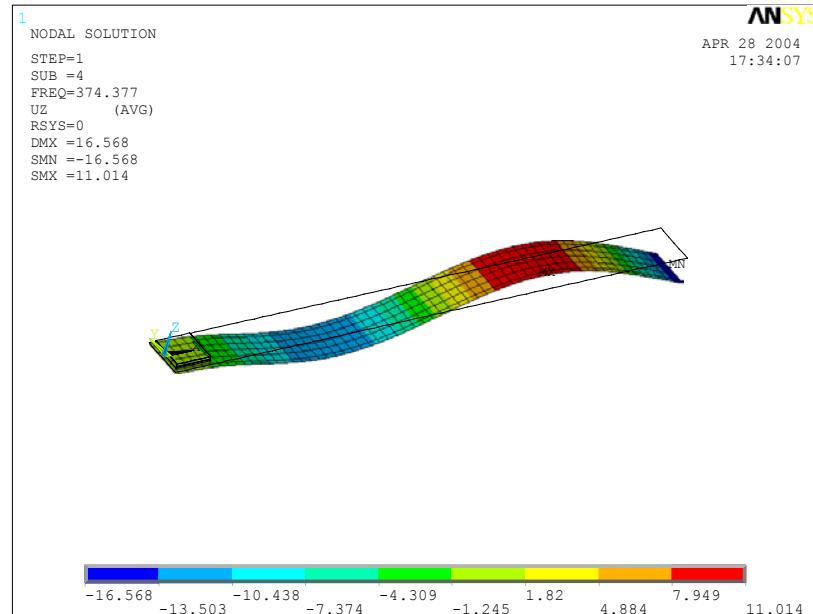


Bode diagram



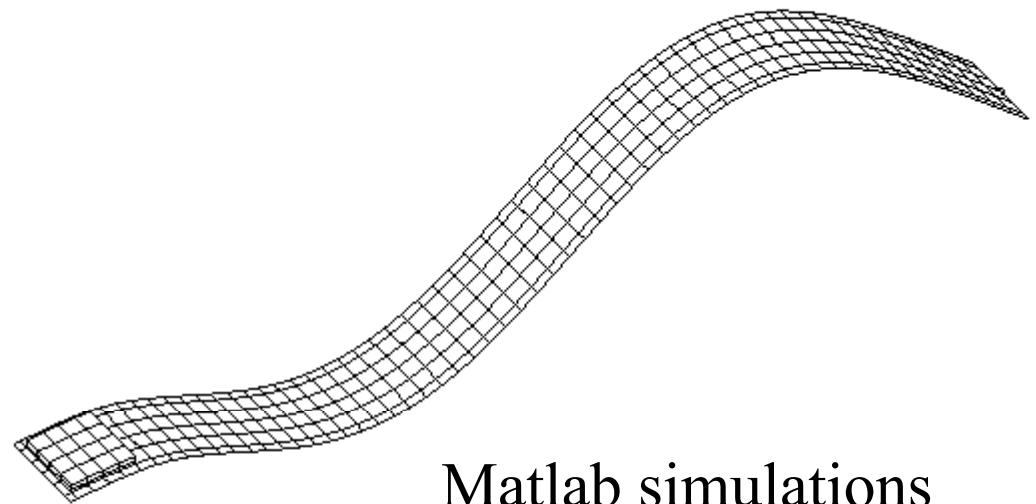


Vibration measurements



Anssys simulations

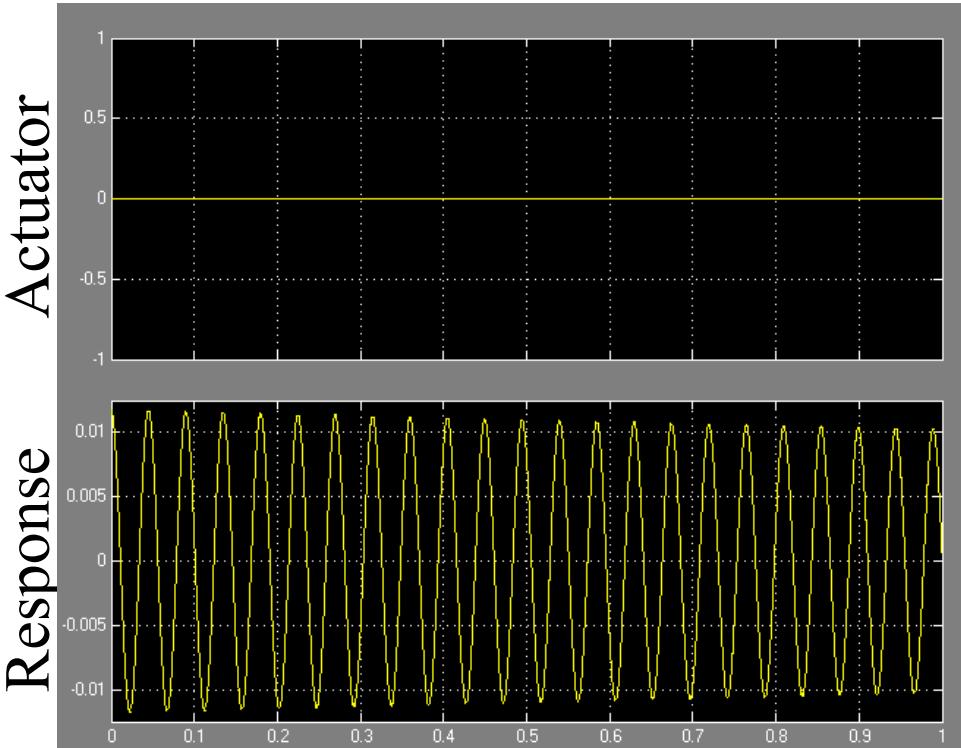
Mode 4 at 386.5 Hz



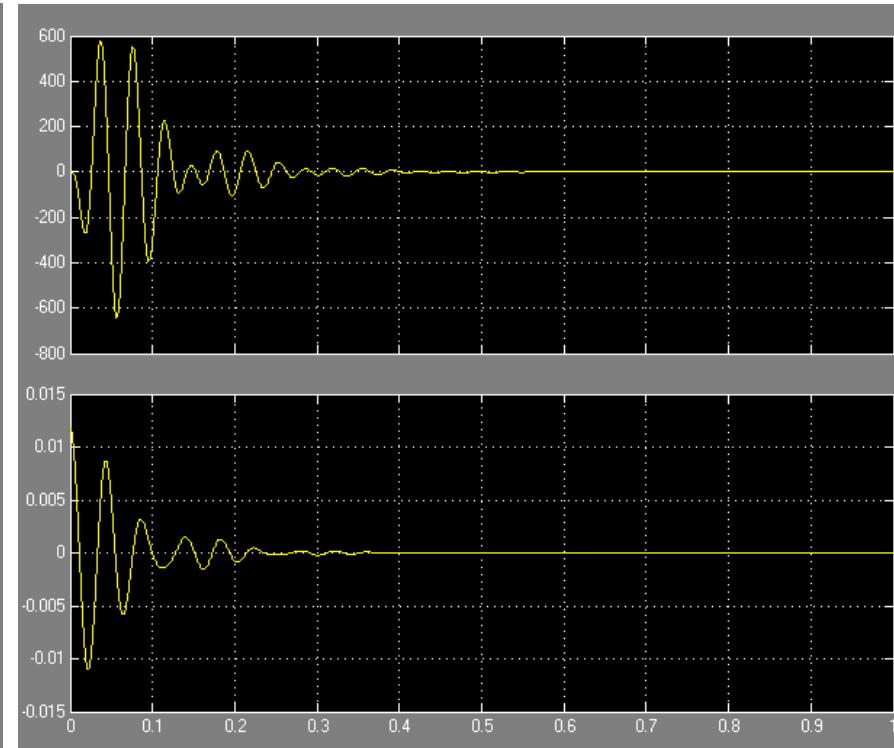
Matlab simulations



Feedback loop tests



Without feedback



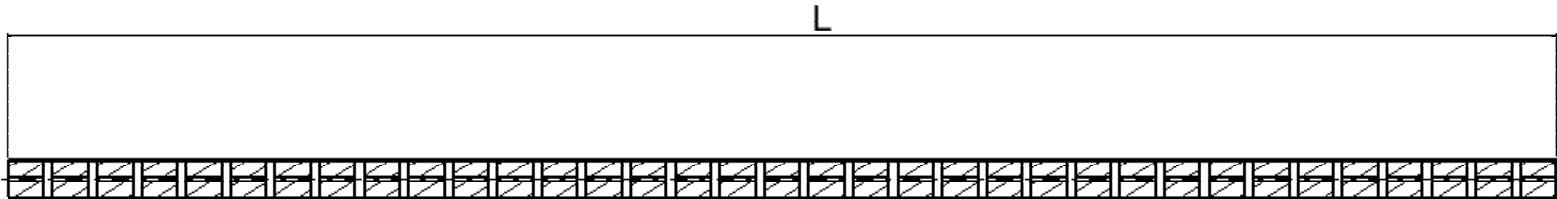
With feedback



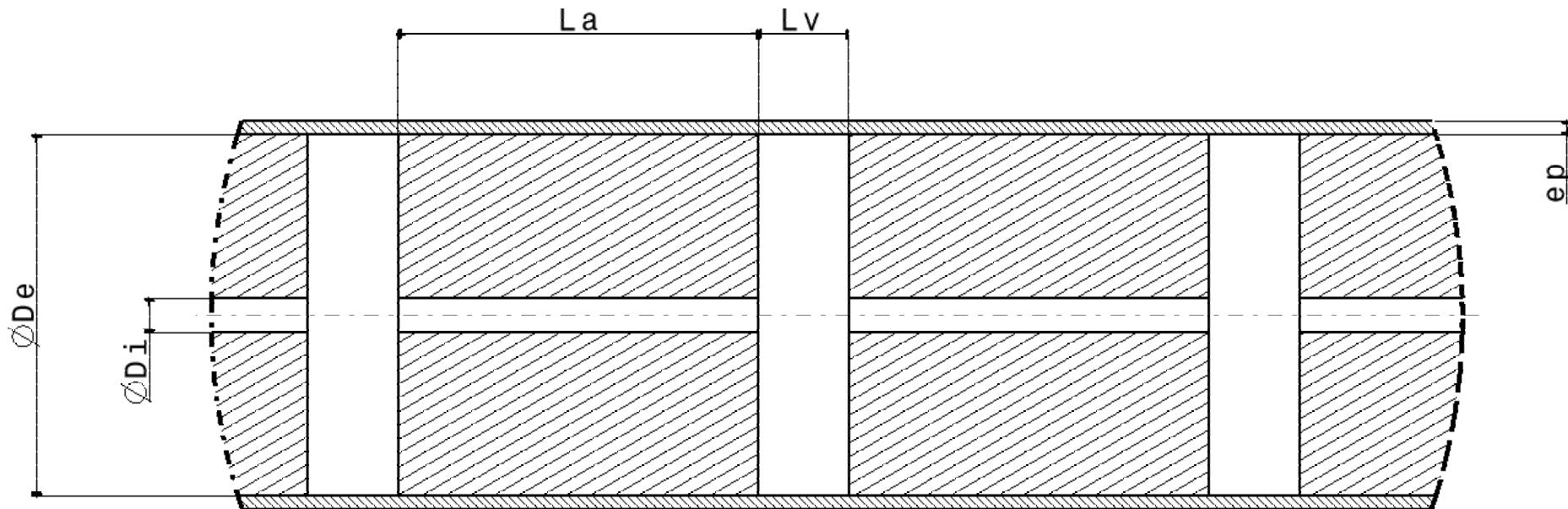
Mechanical Simulations



Mechanical simulations with CATIA

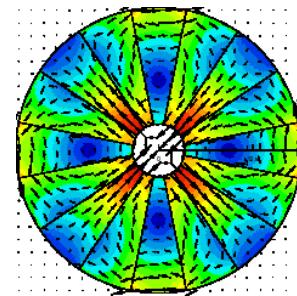


Taken from : M.Aleksa and S.Russenschuck CLIC Note 506, Study of some options for the CLIC Final Focusing Quadrupole and discussions with M.Aleksa





	Quadrupole characteristics
Quadrupole field	388T/m
Quadrupole length	3.5m
Aperture	3.8mm
Outer radius	43mm
Distance to IP	4.3m



tube material:

Material	Steel : Structural (ASTM-A36)
Young modulus	2e+011N.m ²
Poisson Coefficient	0,266
Mass per unit volume	7860kg/m ³
thermal expansion coefficient	0,0000117
Yield point	2,5e+008N.m ²

quadrupole material:

Material	Sm ₂ Co ₁₇
Young modulus	1,5e+011N.m ²
Poisson Coefficient	0,3
Mass per unit volume	8400kg/m ³
thermal expansion coefficient	0,000012
Yield point	2,5e+008N.m ²



Mechanical simulations : intrinsic modes

		Tubular		
Frequency in Hz		free	embedded at both ends	embedded on one side
	1st	23	23,7	3,7
	2nd	63,4	65	23
	3rd	123,4	126,3	64,2
	4th	202,3	206,5	124,9
		Conical		
Frequency in Hz		free	embedded at both ends	embedded on one side
	1st	41,1	39,5	10,6
	2nd	109,6	107,9	46,4
	3rd	210,2	208,9	115,1
	4th	341,2	340	215,3



Mechanical simulations

1st mode



2nd mode



3rd mode



One end fixed

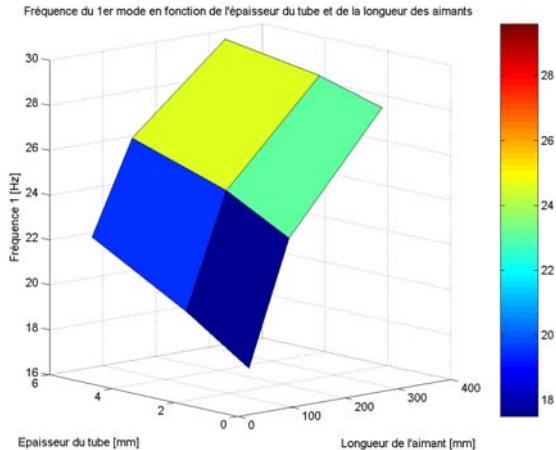
(most probable case
in experiment)





Mechanical simulations

Variation of parameters



L(total length)	3480										
Lv(distance between magnets)	20									26,25	56
La(lenght of magnet piece)	80			155	155	155	330	330	330		0
Di(aperture)	3,8										
De(outer diameter)	40										
ep(outer tube thickness)	3	1	6	1		6	1		6		
1st mode (Hz)	23	17,5	28,1	19,4	24,5	28,9	21,8	25,9	29,6	23	23,3
											43,4



Next steps

Mechanical simulations : calculate intrinsic modes and design « large scale mock-up »

Feedback loop : Validate feedback loop by comparing Matlab simulations and « little mock-up » measurements

Vibration measurements : Characterize Annecy ground motion, find adapted sensors and actuators, and validate feedback loop on « large scale mock-up »

