

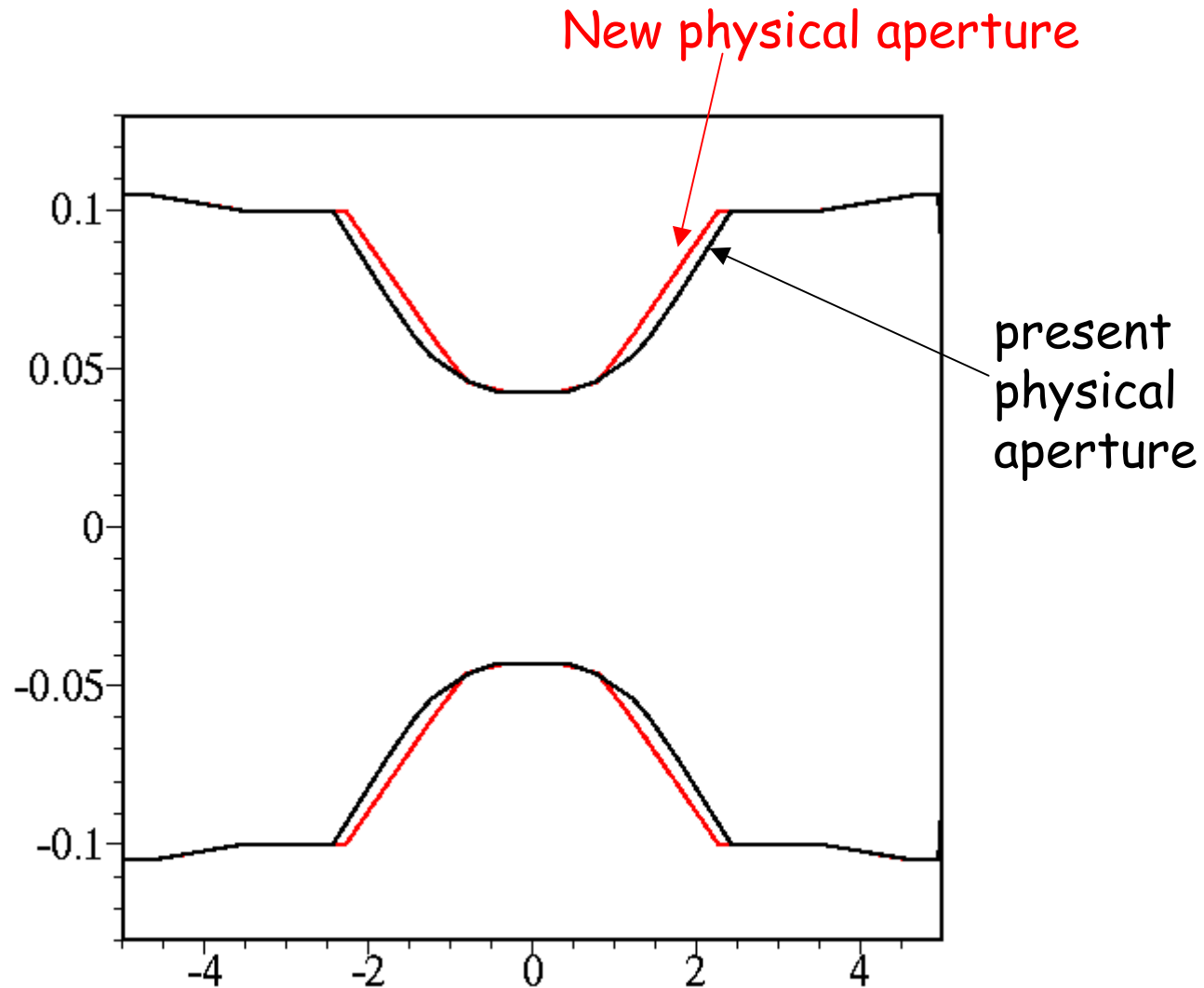
Background Calculations for the NEW KLOE IR

MANUELA BOSCOLO

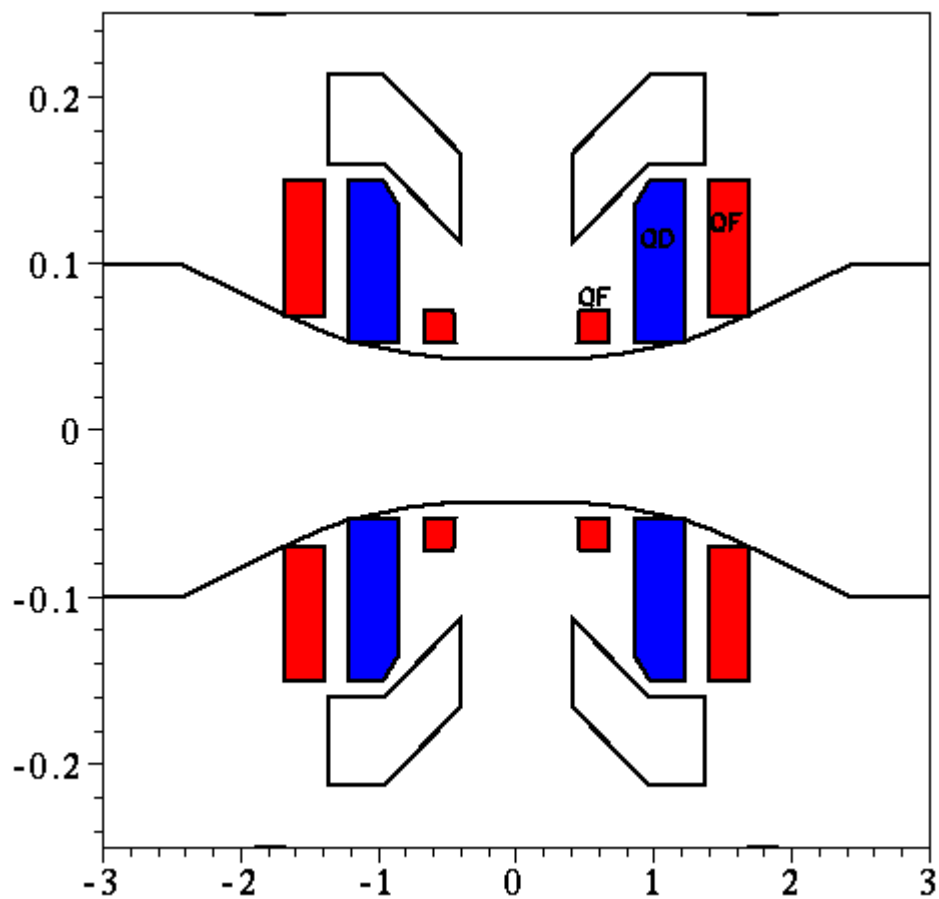
Steps

- * Optics with new KLOE IR: idea is to change only the IR to have different dN/dt only due to a change of IR;
- * NEW KLOE IR physical aperture in the simulation;
- * Loss rates at KLOE IR and along ring evaluated;
- * Compared to simulations with present KLOE IR;
- * Output used as GEANT input  masks to be added (Mario's talk).

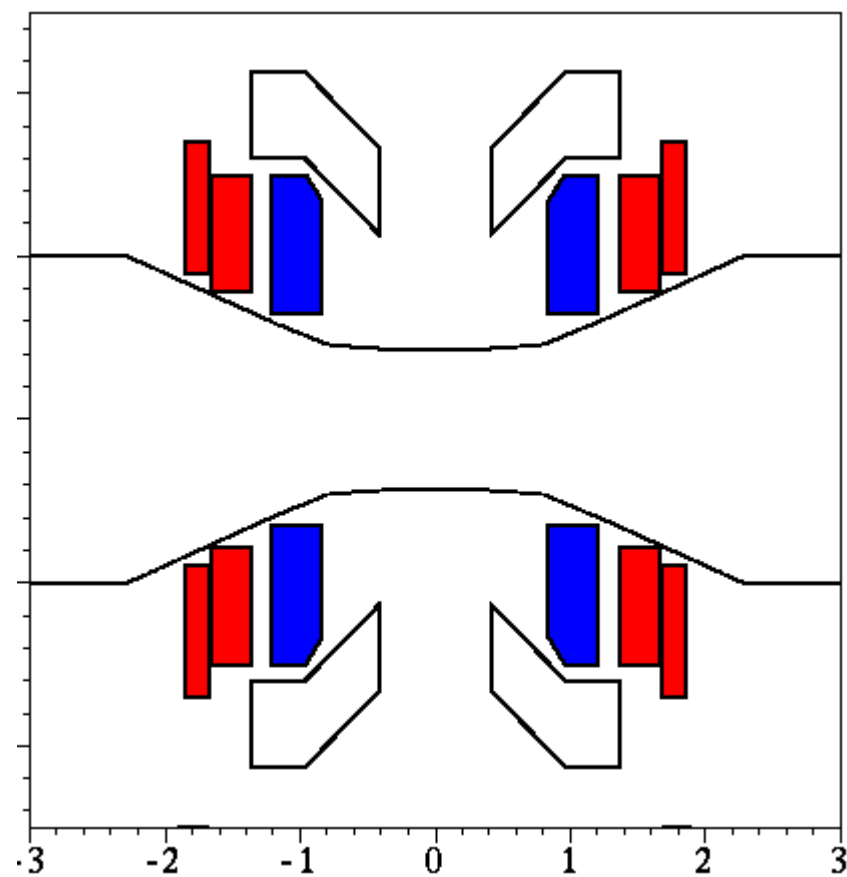
Physical Aperture in the KLOE IR



PRESENT
KLOE IR



NEW
KLOE IR



Optics used for comparison

lattice with
new KLOE IR

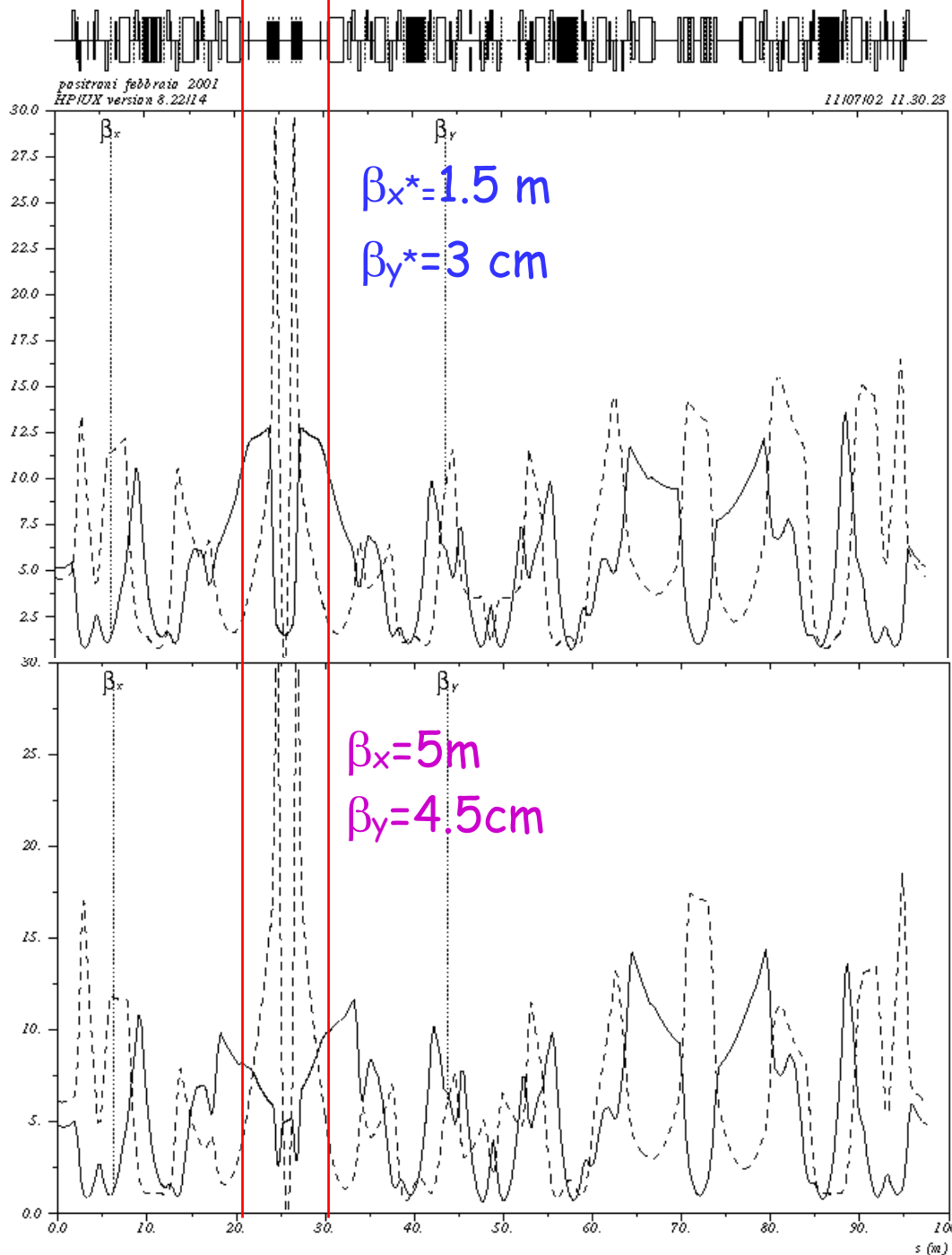
$\epsilon_x = 0.99 \text{ mm mrad}$

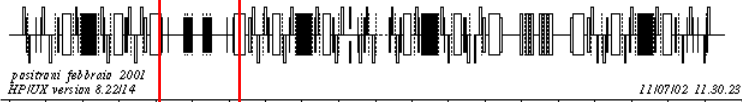
$\theta_x = 15.5 \text{ mrad}$

(first) detuned
lattice

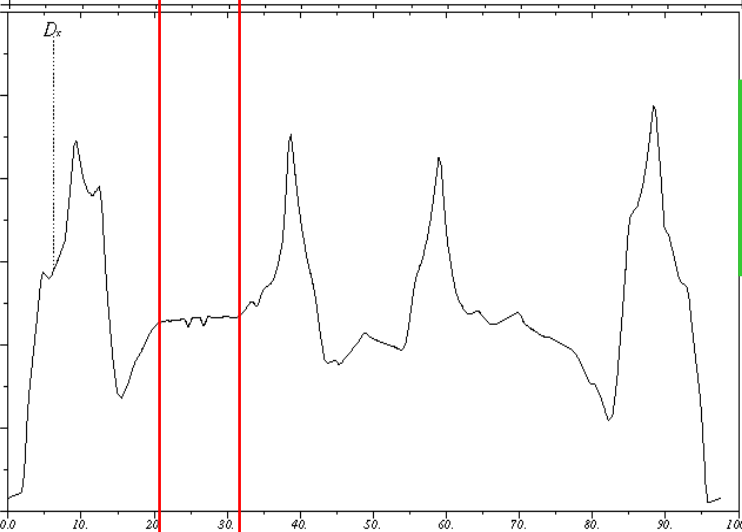
$\epsilon_x = 0.87 \text{ mm mrad}$

$\theta_x = 12.5 \text{ mrad}$

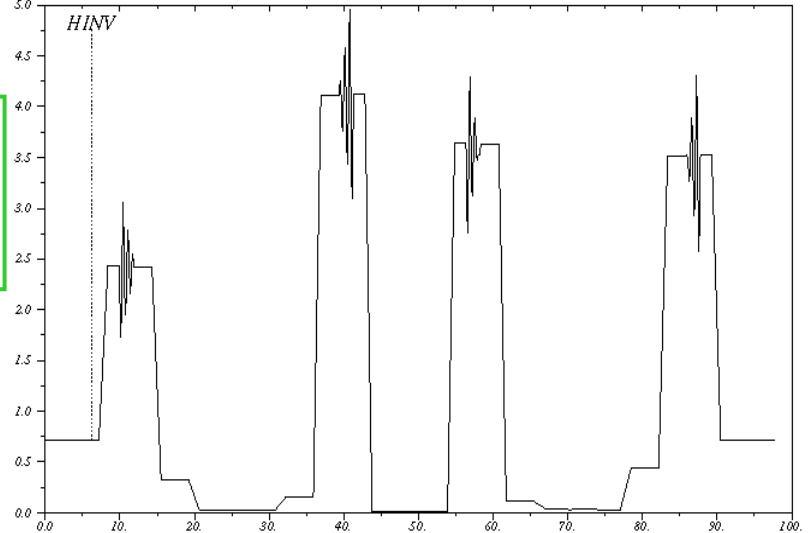
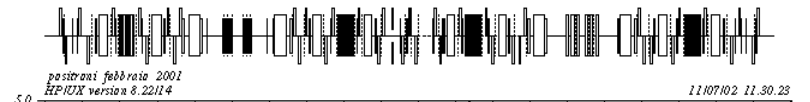




Lattice
with new
KLOE IR



Detuned
lattice



Sextupoles Set

Lattice with
new KLOE IR

$\beta_x^* = 1.5 \text{ m}$
 $\beta_y^* = 3 \text{ cm}$

Sextp. OFF

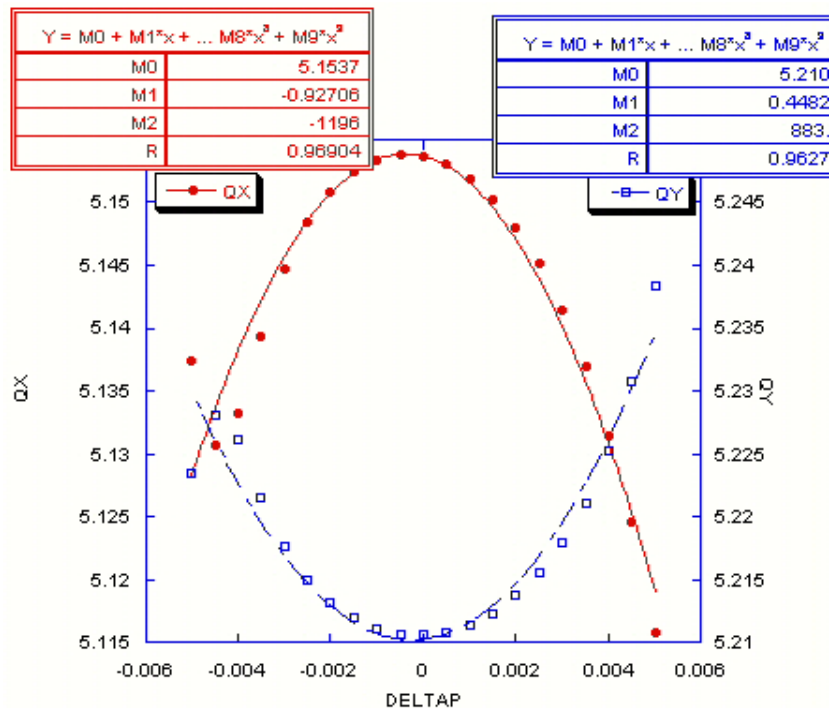
$C_x = -9.1$

$C_y = -14$

Sextp. ON

$C_x = -0.9$

$C_y = 0.45$

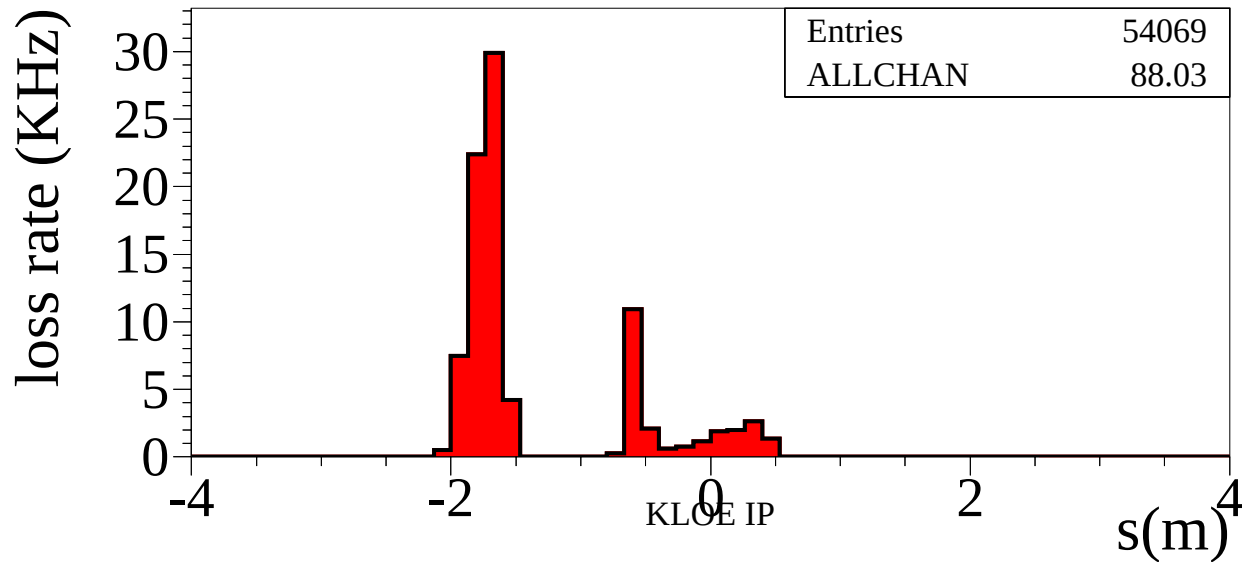


Lattice
new
KLOE IR

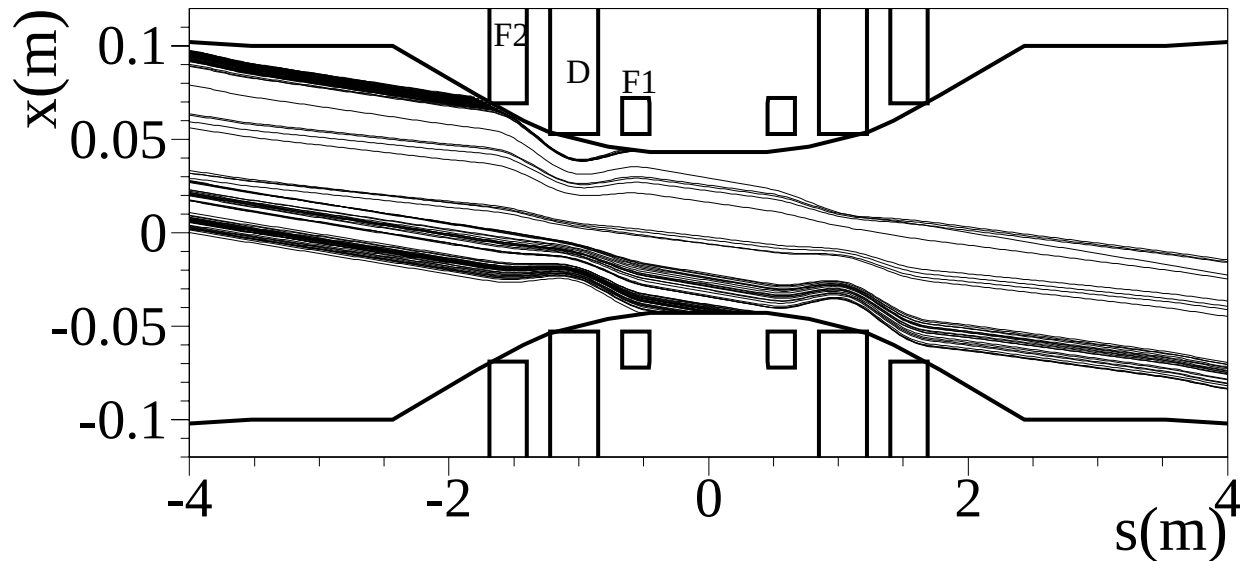
Percentage
value with
respect to
June '02
set value

CSPL101	-13.5	90%
CSPL102	28	0
CSPL103	-137.6	86%
CSPL104	0.0	0
CSPS101	0.0	0
CSPS102	-72	90%
CSPS103	28	0
CSPS104	0.0	0
CSPS201	0.0	0
CSPS202	29	0
CSPS203	-9.9	90%
CSPS204	0.0	0
CSPL201	0.0	0
CSPL202	-22.5	90%
CSPL203	24	0
CSPL204	-27	90%

Touschek particles trajectories at KLOE IR



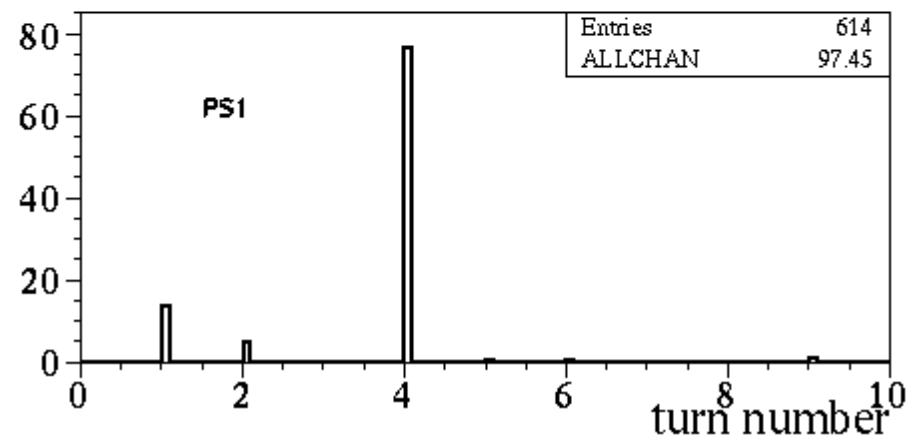
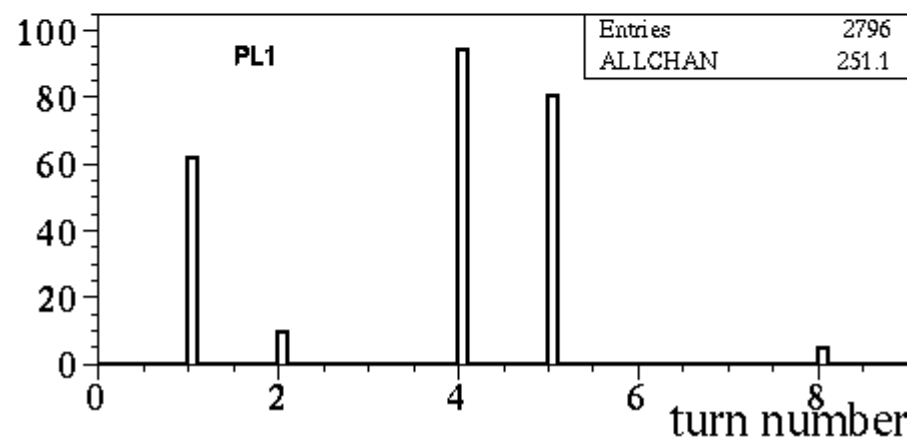
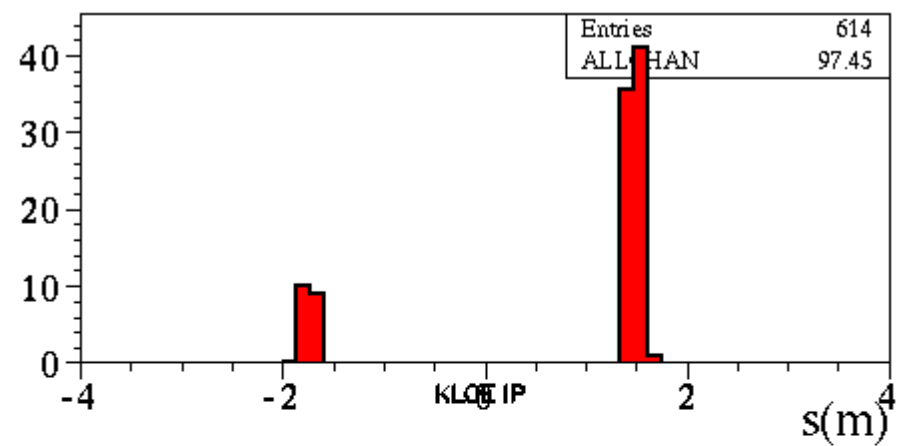
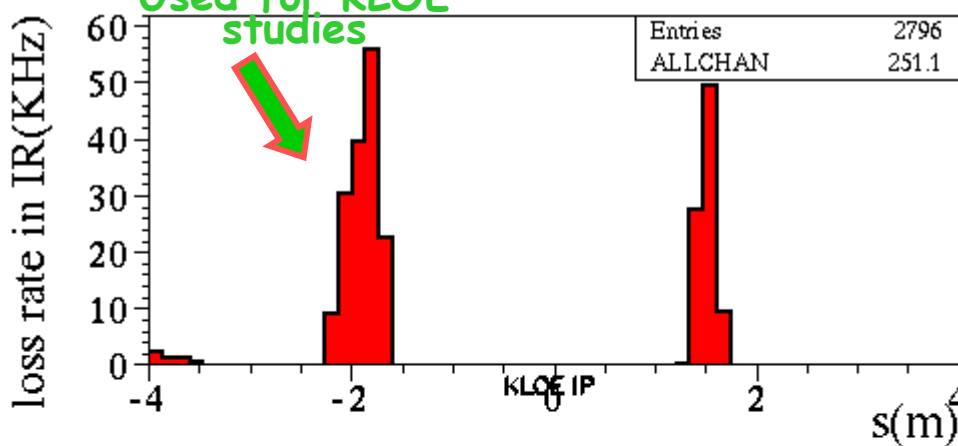
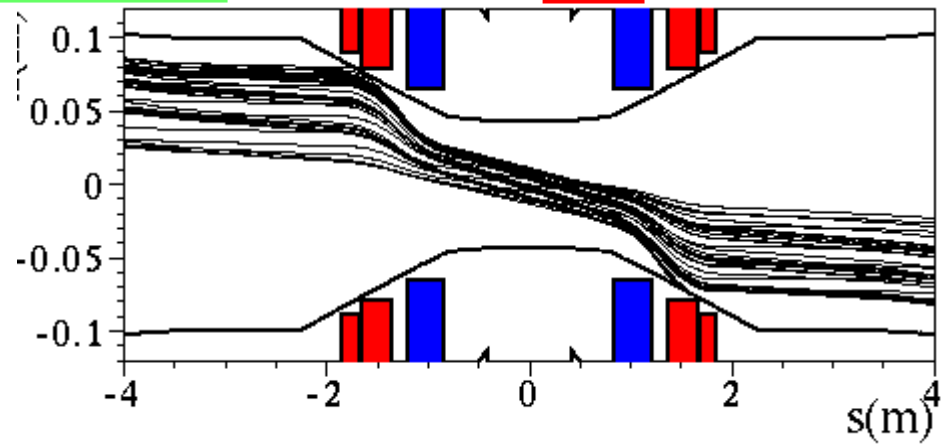
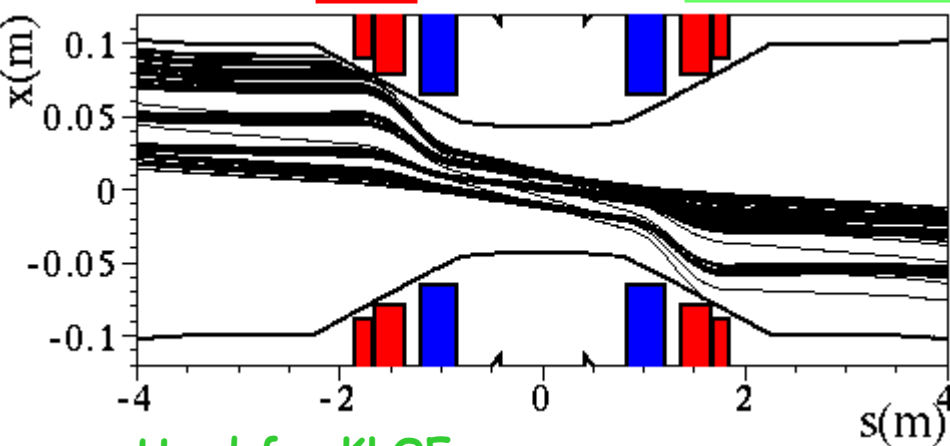
detuned
optics
and present
KLOE IR



PL1

NEW KLOE IR

PS1



$dN/dt(KHz)$

$I_b=10mA$ $n_b=1$ ($nt=10$ sextp.+ octp.)

Lattice with new KLOE IR	arc	KLOE IR $-4m < s < 4m$	ALL RING
	PL1	251.1* (54.5 nt=1)	362
	PS1	97.5* (6.7 nt=1)	336
Detuned lattice	PL1	50.7 (20 nt=1)	249.1
	PS1	37.4	339.7

* half in forward direction (after IP)

Scrapers sets that cut KLOE bkg particles

Particles generated close to KLOE and
lost right away ($dN/dt \sim 54$ KHz)

PL1 Lost at $nt=1$

SCHPL101_ext/int +15/-15 $\longrightarrow$ $dN/dt(@KLOE)$ reduction factor ~ 2

(15mm is about the limit position for edge effect- depending on orbit)

Particles generated close to KLOE and
lost in the first turns ($dN/dt \sim 250$ KHz)

PL1 $nt < 10$

SCHPL101_ext	20
SCHPS201_ext	22
SCHPS101_ext	20
SCHPL201_ext	30
SCHPL110_int	24

$\longrightarrow$ $dN/dt(@KLOE)$ reduction factor ~ 20

Particles generated
farther from KLOE
($dN/dt \sim 97$ KHz)

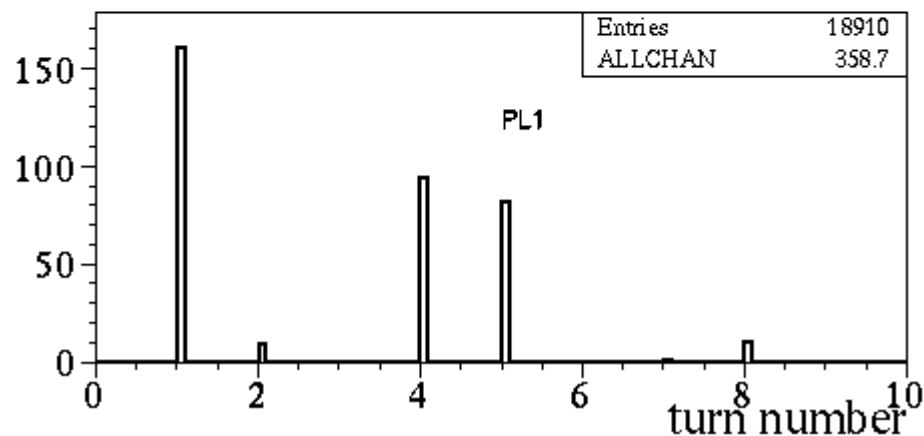
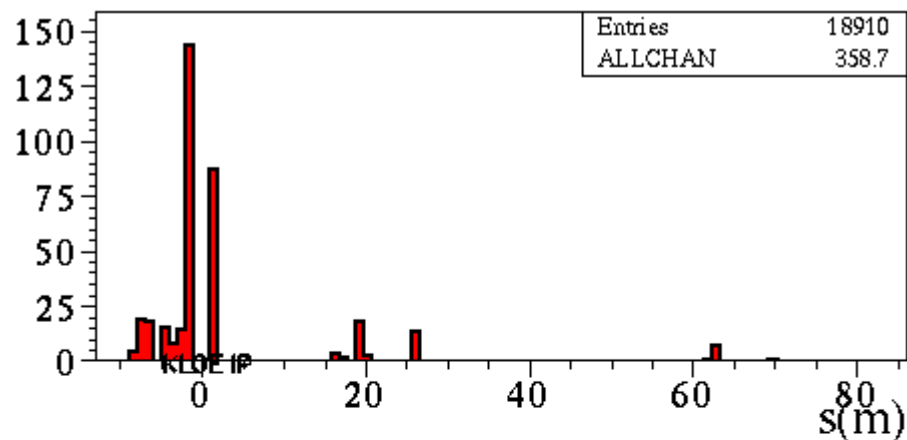
PS1 $nt < 10$

SCHPL101_ext	20
SCHPS201_ext	14
SCHPL110_int	-10

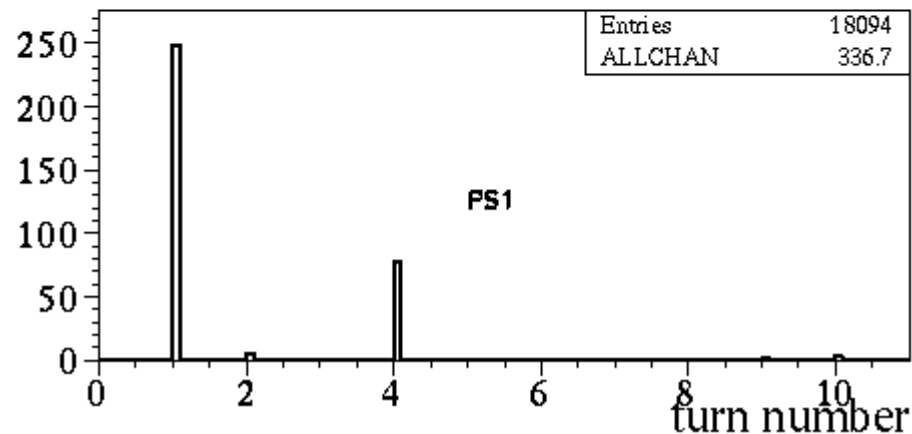
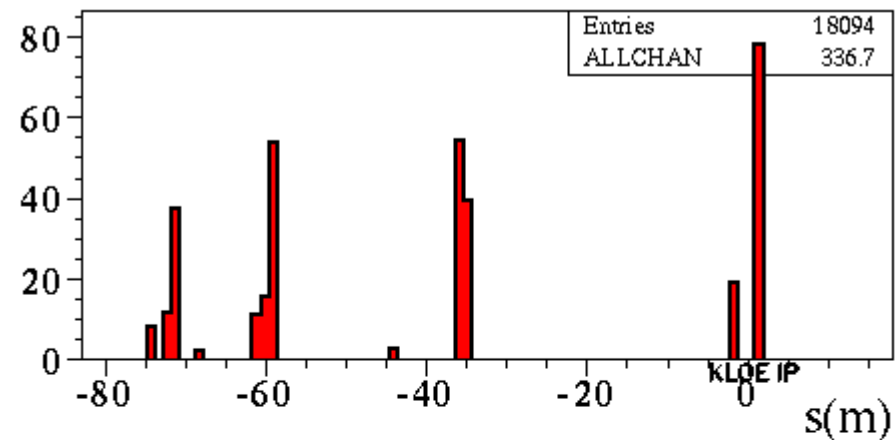
$\longrightarrow$ $dN/dt(@KLOE) = 0$

Touschek particles lost along the ring and generated at:

PL1

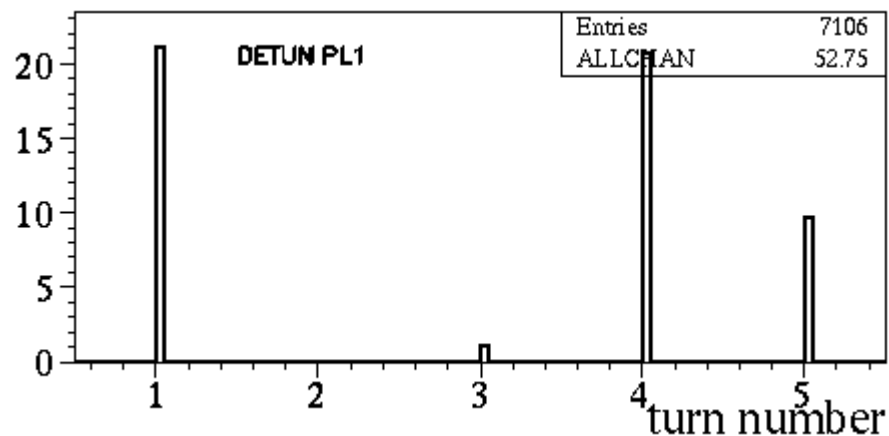
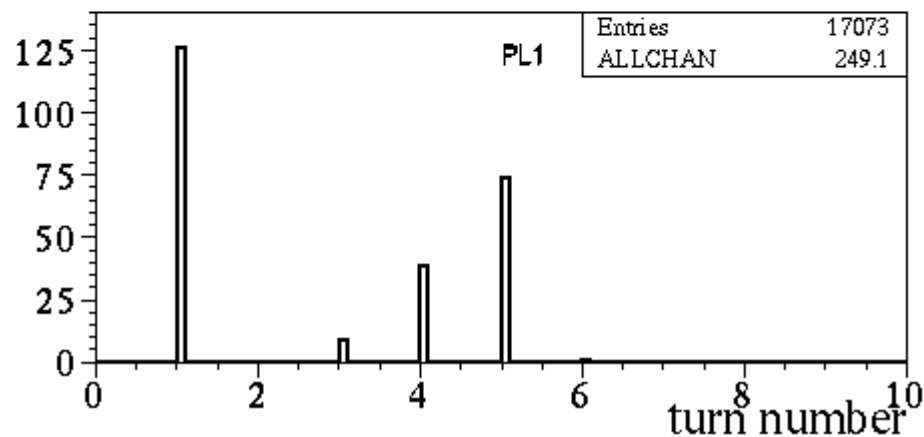
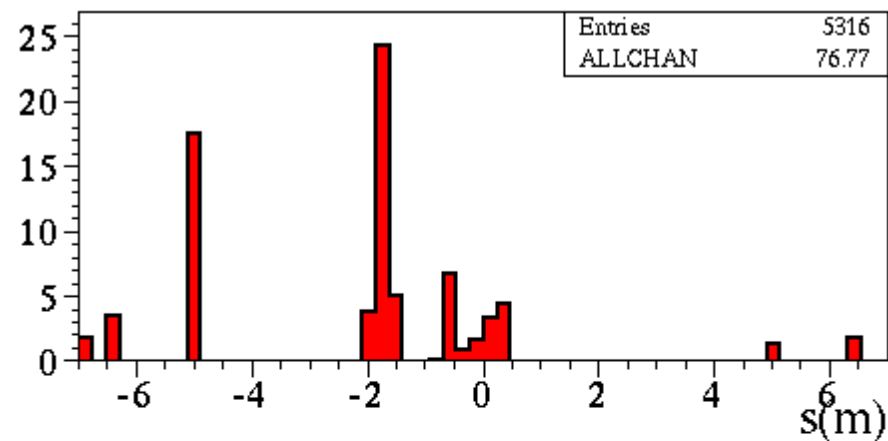
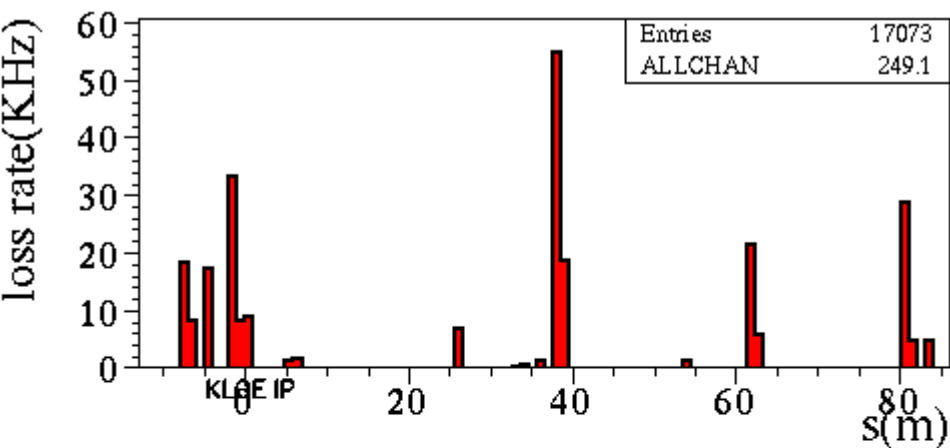


PS1



Detuned lattice

PL1



Conclusion

Expected background rates increased.....BUT:

- * More losses at $nt > 1$
- * Half of total losses are in forward direction
(should be less dangerous)
- * No background in the central region
(background in drift chamber)